

## Safe Harbor and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Statements that are not historical fact, including statements about Vulcan's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Generally, these statements relate to future financial performance, results of operations, business plans or strategies, projected or anticipated revenues, expenses, earnings (including EBITDA and other measures), dividend policy, shipment volumes, pricing, levels of capital expenditures, intended cost reductions and cost savings, anticipated profit improvements and/or planned divestitures and asset sales. These forwardlooking statements are sometimes identified by the use of terms and phrases such as "believe," "should," "expect," "project," "estimate," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "will," "can," "may" or similar expressions elsewhere in this document. These statements are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, including but not limited to general business conditions, competitive factors, pricing, energy costs, and other risks and uncertainties discussed in the reports Vulcan periodically files with the SEC. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results, developments, and business decisions may vary significantly from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. The following risks related to Vulcan's business, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements: general economic and business conditions; domestic and global political, economic or diplomatic developments; a pandemic, epidemic or other public health emergency; Vulcan's dependence on the construction industry, which is subject to economic cycles; the timing and amount of federal, state and local funding for infrastructure; changes in the level of spending for private residential and private nonresidential construction; changes in Vulcan's effective tax rate; the increasing reliance on information technology infrastructure, including the risks that the infrastructure does not work as intended, experiences technical difficulties or is subjected to cyber-attacks; the impact of the state of the global economy on Vulcan's businesses and financial condition and access to capital markets; international business operations and relationships, including recent actions taken by the Mexican government with respect to Vulcan's property and operations in that country; the highly competitive nature of the construction industry; the impact of future regulatory or legislative actions, including those relating to climate change, biodiversity, land use, wetlands, greenhouse gas emissions, the definition of minerals, tax policy and domestic and international trade; the outcome of pending legal proceedings; pricing of Vulcan's products; weather and other natural phenomena, including the impact of climate change and availability of water; availability and cost of trucks, railcars, barges and ships, as well as their licensed operators, for transport of Vulcan's materials; energy costs; costs of hydrocarbon-based raw materials; healthcare costs; labor relations, shortages and constraints; the amount of long-term debt and interest expense incurred by Vulcan; changes in interest rates; volatility in pension plan asset values and liabilities, which may require cash contributions to the pension plans; the impact of environmental cleanup costs and other liabilities relating to existing and/or divested businesses; Vulcan's ability to secure and permit aggregates reserves in strategically located areas; Vulcan's ability to identify, close and successfully integrate acquisitions; the effect of changes in tax laws, guidance and interpretations; significant downturn in the construction industry may result in the impairment of goodwill or long-lived assets; changes in technologies, which could disrupt the way Vulcan does business and how Vulcan's products are distributed; the risks of open pit and underground mining; expectations relating to environmental, social and governance considerations; claims that our products do not meet regulatory requirements or contractual specifications; and other assumptions, risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in the reports filed by Vulcan with the SEC. All forward-looking statements in this communication are gualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. Vulcan disclaims and does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement in this document except as required by law.

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial terms, which are defined in the Appendix. Reconciliations of non-GAAP terms to the closest GAAP terms are also provided in the Appendix.

Because GAAP financial measures on a forward-looking basis are not accessible, and reconciling information is not available without unreasonable effort, we have not provided reconciliations for forward-looking non-GAAP measures. For the same reasons, we are unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information, which could be material to future results.

# 2Q 2025 Highlights

Strong commercial and operational execution drives continued earnings growth and margin expansion

Total Revenues

\$2,102M +4% Aggregates

Volume (1%)
Mix-Adj. Price +8%
Unit Cash Cost +1%

\$11.88

+9%

Aggregates Cash Gross Profit / Ton\*

Asphalt / Concrete

Unit Profitability<sup>(1)</sup>: Asphalt +5% Concrete +30%

\$98.7M

+14%

Cash Gross Profit\*

Adjusted EBITDA\*

\$660M +9% Adjusted EBITDA Margin\*

31.4% +150 bps



<sup>(1)</sup> Cash Gross Profit / Ton for Asphalt and Cash Gross Profit / Cubic Yard for Concrete. \*Non-GAAP measure. See appendix for reconciliation.

## **Continuous Improvement Culture**

Strong 1H'25 performance on fewer tons reflects underlying strength in business model





# **Financial Position and Capital Allocation**

Strong cash generation coupled with disciplined capital management drives shareholder value

\$1,628M

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

2.2x

Total Debt / Trailing-Twelve Months Adjusted EBITDA\*

\$530M

Investments in maintenance and growth projects, including greenfields

\$2,078M

Capital deployed for strategic acquisitions

\$290M

Returned capital to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases

Return on Invested Capital\*

15.9%

## **Public Construction**

### Highway contract awards in Vulcan markets have accelerated

June 30, 2024

U.S. +1%

Vulcan Markets (2%) Other Markets +3%



Dec 31, 2024

U.S. +7%

Vulcan Markets +10% Other Markets +4%



June 30, 2025

U.S. +10%

Vulcan Markets +22% Other Markets +1%

## **Private Construction**

### Looking for signs of an eventual return to growth

June 30, 2024

Private NR (19%)
Residential +5%

SF growth more than offsetting MF weakness

Private NR decline across all categories



Dec 31, 2024

Private NR +1% Residential (3%)

SF still growing MSD while MF remains weak

Private NR growth driven by Data
Centers and
Institutional



June 30, 2025

Private NR +5% Residential (5%)

MF growth helping offset SF decline

Other categories in Private NR turn positive and Data Centers remain strong



## 2025 Outlook

1H execution and acceleration in public construction activity reinforce strong earnings growth outlook

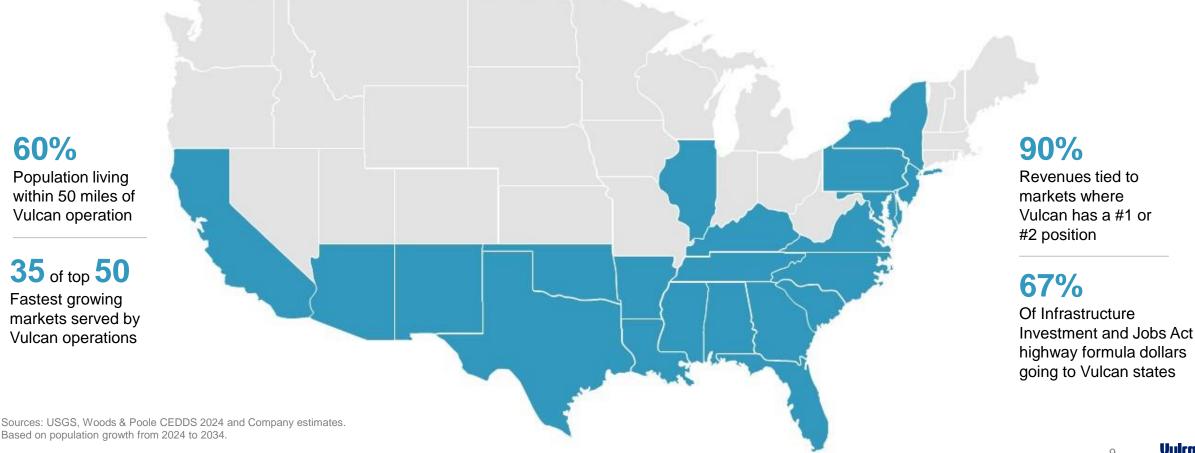
- July daily shipments up doubledigits in attractive Southeastern markets
- Acceleration in highway awards support 2H volume growth
- Pricing discipline and cost performance driving attractive growth in Cash Gross Profit / Ton
- Earnings contribution from acquisitions on track

**\$2.35 to \$2.55B**Adjusted EBITDA\*

+19% at the midpoint

# Uniquely Positioned, High Quality Construction Materials Business

Largest and most profitable U.S. aggregates business with attractive growth prospects



# **Enhancing Our Core and Expanding Our Reach**

### Strengthening existing capabilities to drive the next horizon of growth and profitability











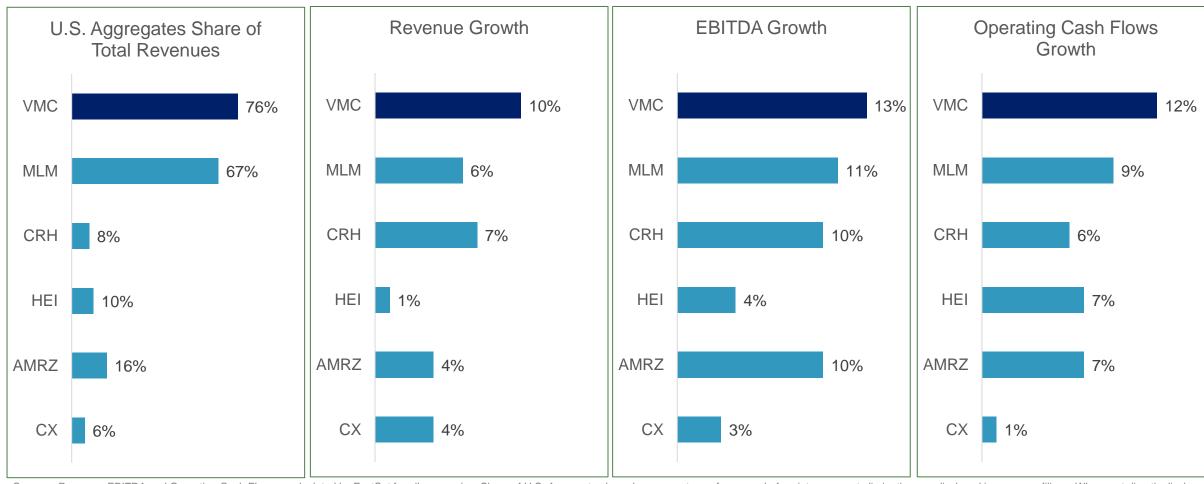






# **Enhancing Our Core and Expanding Our Reach**

### Aggregates-led strategy drives best-in-class growth with less through-cycle risk



Sources: Revenue, EBITDA and Operating Cash Flow as calculated by FactSet for all companies. Share of U.S. Aggregates based on percentage of revenue before intersegment eliminations as disclosed in company filings. Where not directly disclosed, revenues have been estimated using price and volume figures provided. Growth is 3 Year CAGR 2021 to 2024. AMRZ growth is 2 Year CAGR 2022 to 2024.



# **Durable Growth, The Vulcan Way**

Our commitment to excellence









## **Non-GAAP Reconciliations**

#### EBITDA

EBITIDA is an acronym for "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization". Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) does not define EBITDA and it should not be considered as an alternative to earnings measures defined by GAAP. We adjust EBITDA for certain items to provide a more consistent comparison of earnings performance from period to period. We use this metric to assess the operating performance of our business and as a basis for strategic planning and forecasting as we believe that it closely correlates to long-term shareholder

EBITDA	QTD	QTD	YTD	YTD	Projection
(dollars in millions)	Q2 2025	Q2 2024	Q2 2025	Q2 2024	2025
Net earnings attributable to Vulcan	\$ 320.9	\$ 308.0	\$ 449.8	\$ 410.6	\$ 1,130
Income tax expense, including discontinued operations	90.6	93.7	124.0	122.1	330
Interest expense, net of interest income	59.2	40.2	118.9	79.3	230
Depreciation, depletion, accretion and amortization	185.5	156.8	371.8	307.7	750
EBITDA	\$ 656.1	\$ 598.7	\$ 1,064.5	\$ 919.7	\$ 2,440
Loss on discontinued operations	2.8	2.7	4.1	5.0	8.0
Charges associated with divested operations	-	1.0	-	1.0	-
Acquisition related charges	0.6	0.8	1.8	0.9	2.0
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 659.5	\$ 603.1	\$ 1,070.4	\$ 926.6	\$ 2,450
Total revenues	\$ 2,102.4	\$ 2,014.4	\$ 3,737.0	\$3,560.1	
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	31.4%	29.9%	28.6%	26.0%	

#### Return on Invested Capital

We define "Return on Invested Capital" (ROIC) as Adjusted EBITDA for the trailing-twelve months divided by average invested capital (as illustrated below) during the trailing 5-quarters. Our calculation of ROIC is considered a non-GAAP financial measure because we calculate ROIC using the non-GAAP metric EBITDA. We believe that our ROIC metric is meaningful because it helps investors assess how effectively we are deploying our assets. Although ROIC is a standard financial metric, numerous methods exist for calculating a company's ROIC. As a result, the method we use to calculate our ROIC may differ from the methods used by other companies.

Return on Invested Capital	TTM	TTM
(dollars in millions)	Q2 2025	Q2 2024
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,201.1	\$ 2,005.0
Average invested capital		
Property, plant & equipment	\$ 7,600.8	\$ 6,212.1
Goodwill	3,684.3	3,564.3
Other intangible assets	1,591.5	1,498.8
Fixed and intangible assets	\$12,876.6	\$11,275.2
Current assets	\$ 2,124.9	\$ 2,230.8
Cash and cash equivalents	(338.1)	(374.8)
Current tax	(41.7)	(38.2)
Adjusted current assets	1,745.1	1,817.8
Current liabilities	(989.8)	(789.6)
Current maturities of long-term debt	80.5	0.5
Short-term debt	129.0	19.0
Adjusted current liabilities	(780.3)	(770.1)
Adjusted net working capital	\$ 964.7	\$ 1,047.7
Average invested capital	\$13,841.3	\$12,322.9
Return on invested capital	15.9%	16.3%

#### Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA is not a GAAP measure and should not be considered as an alternative to metrics defined by GAAP. We, the investment community and credit rating agencies use this metric to assess our leverage. Net debt subtracts cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash from total debt.

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA			
(dollars in millions)	Q2 2025	Q2 2024	
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.5	
Short-term debt	550.0	95.0	
Long-term debt	4,359.2	3,331.7	
Total debt	\$ 4,909.7	\$ 3,427.2	
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(351.0)	(111.6)	
Net debt	\$ 4,558.7	\$ 3,315.6	
Trailing-Twelve Months (TTM) Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,201.1	\$ 2,005.0	
Total debt to TTM Adjusted EBITDA	2.2 x	1.7	
Net debt to TTM Adjusted EBITDA	2.1 x	1.7	

#### Aggregates Segment Cash Gross Profit and Cash Cost of Sales

Aggregates segment cash gross profit adds back noncash charges for depreciation, depletion, accretion and amortization (DDA&A) to Aggregates segment gross profit. Aggregates segment cash gross profit by tons shipped. Aggregates segment cash cost of sales per ton is computed by subtracting cash gross profit per ton from the freight-adjusted sales price for aggregates. We present these non-GAAP metrics as we believe they closely correlate to long-term shareholder value and we and the investment community use these metrics to assess the operating performance of our business.

Aggregates Cash Gross Profit (in millions, except per ton data) Gross profit DDA&A Segment cash gross profit Unit shipments - tons Segment gross profit per ton Segment freight-adjusted sales price Segment cash gross profit per ton Aggregates freight-adjusted cash cost of sales per ton Segment sales Aggregates sales	QTD Q2 2025 \$ 559.5 144.3 \$ 703.8 59.3 \$ 9.44 \$ 22.11 \$ 11.88 \$ 10.23	QTD Q2 2024 \$ 528.5 128.0 \$ 656.5 60.1 \$ 8.79 \$ 21.00 \$ 10.92 \$ 10.08	YTD Q2 2025 \$ 916.9 294.7 \$ 1,211.6 107.0 \$ 8.57 \$ 22.07 \$ 11.32 \$ 10.75 \$ 2,985.4 40.6%	YTD Q2 2024 \$ 831.8 251.5 \$1,083.3 108.3 \$ 7.68 \$ 20.82 \$ 10.01 \$ 10.81 \$ 2,904.9 37.3%	
Aggregates Cash Gross Profit (in millions, except per ton data) Gross profit DDA&A Segment cash gross profit Unit shipments - tons Segment gross profit per ton Segment cash gross profit per ton	YTD Q4 2024 \$ 1,816.7 515.7 \$ 2,332.4 219.9 \$ 8.26 \$ 10.61	YTD Q4 2023 \$ 1,736.8 482.3 \$ 2,219.1 234.6 \$ 7.40 \$ 9.46	YTD Q4 2022 \$ 1,411.1 441.3 \$ 1,852.4 236.6 \$ 5.96 \$ 7.83	YTD Q4 2021 \$1,297.9 360.6 \$1,658.5 223.1 \$5.82 \$7.43	YTD Q4 2020 \$ 1,162.1 321.3 \$ 1,483.4 208.6 \$ 5.57 \$ 7.11
Aggregates Cash Gross Profit (In millions except per ton data) Gross profit DDA&A Segment cash gross profit Unit shipments - tons Segment gross profit per ton Segment gross profit per ton	YTD Q4 2019 \$ 1,149.7 305.3 \$ 1,455.0 215.8 \$ 5.33 \$ 6.74	YTD Q4 2018 \$ 994.6 281.9 \$ 1,276.5 201.7 \$ 4.93 \$ 6.33	YTD Q4 2017 \$ 857.0 245.8 \$ 1,102.8 183.5 \$ 4.67 \$ 6.01		

### Asphalt and Concrete Segment Cash Gross Profit

Asphalt and Concrete segment cash gross profit adds back noncash charges for DDA&A to Asphalt and Concrete segment gross profit. Asphalt and Concrete segment cash gross profit per unit is computed by dividing Asphalt and Concrete segment cash gross profit by units shipped. We present these non-GAAP metrics as we believe they closely correlate to long-term shareholder value and we and the investment community use these metrics to assess the operating performance of our business.

	Asphalt Segment				Concrete Segment			
Cash Gross Profit		QTD		QTD		QTD		QTD
(in millions, except per ton/cyd data)	(	22 2025	(	Q2 2024		Q2 2025	C	2 2024
Gross profit	\$	57.2	\$	59.0	\$	8.5	\$	4.7
DDA&A		14.0		11.0		19.0		11.9
Segment cash gross profit	\$	71.2	\$	70.0	\$	27.5	\$	16.6
Unit shipments		3.9		4.0		1.2		0.9
Segment gross profit per unit	\$	14.86	\$	14.82	\$	7.21	\$	5.05
Segment cash gross profit per unit	\$	18.49	\$	17.57	\$	23.38	\$	17.92

