

A TRAUMA ALERT

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY TRAUMA AGENCY



A score of 2 or greater for ADULT (> 15 y.o.) according to trauma scorecard methodology below:

A TRAUMA ALERT



A score of 2 or greater for CHILD (≤ 15 y.o.) according to trauma scorecard methodology below:

>				0 ponts		
Airway	• Sustained RR ≥ 30	Active assistance (not just oxygen)	Size	• Weighs > 11 Kg (24 lbs)	Weighs (11 Kg (24 lbs) or length is < 33 inches	
Circu- lation	Sustained HR > 120	Lack of radial pulse with sustained HR >120, or BP < 90	Airway	• Normal, or • O2	is 3 so mores	Assisted (includes measures such as manual jaw thrust, continuous suctioning, or other adjuncts), or
Best Motor Response	• BMR = 5	BMR of ≤ 4, or Paralysis, or Suspected spinal cord injury, or Loss of sensation		Awake, alert and oriented for age	Amnesia, or Reliable Hx of LOC	Intubated Altered mental status, or Coma, or Paralysis, or
Cutaneous	Tissue loss (degloving injuries, major flap avulsions > 5 inches) GSW to extremities	Amputation proximal to the wrist or ankle, or 2nd or 3rd degree burns ≥ 15% TBSA, or Any high voltage electrical or lightning injury, or Penetrating injury to head, neck or torso	Consciousness			Suspected spinal cord injury (sensory or motor findings of weakness, decreased strength or sensation), or Loss of sensation
	Single fracture site due	(excluding superficial wounds in which the depth of the wound can be easily determined) Multiple fracture sites	Circulation	• Good peripheral pulses, or • SBP ≥ 90	The carotid or femoral pulse is palpable but neither the radial or pedal pulses are palpable, or	Weak or nonpalpable carotid or femoral pulse, or SBP < 50
Long Bone Fracture	to MVA, or • Single fracture site due to a fall ≥ 10 feet		Fracture	None seen nor suspected	SBP < 90 Suspected single closed long bone fracture (proximal to	Any open long bone fracture, or Multiple fx / dislocation sites (proximal to the wrist or ankle)
Age	•≥ 55			No visible	the wrist or ankle)	Major tissue disruption
Mechanism of Injury	Ejection from vehicle (excluding any motorcycle, moped, ATV, bicycle or open truck bed, or Deformed steering wheel (driver)		Cutaneous	injury, or Contusion, abrasion, minor laceration		(major degloving injuries, major flap avulsions, or major soft tissue disruption), or - Amputation (proximal to the wrist or ankle), or - 2nd or 3rd degree burns to ≥ 10% TBSA, or
OR 2	A GCS score less than or equ (excluding those whose base)	al to 12	•			Any high voltage electrical or lightning injury, or Penetrating injury to head, neck, or torso



- escape of air from wound or stridor · Any other neck laceration:
- Transport to the nearest trauma center, but do not trauma alert



- · A neck laceration with swelling, sustained bleeding,
- escape of air from wound or stridor

 Any other neck laceration:

Transport to the nearest pediatric trauma center, but do not trauma alert



• EMS PROVIDER HIGH INDEX OF SUSPICION

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GLASGOW COMA SCALE

Opens Eyes	Spontaneously 4 To voice 3 To pain 2 No response 1
Best Verbal Response	Oriented 5 Confused 4 Inappropriate words 3 Incomprehensible words 2 No response 1
Best Motor Response	Obeys command 6 Localizes to pain 5 Withdraws to pain 4 Flexion (pain) [decorticate] 3 Extension (pain) [decorebrate] 2 No response 1

[Optional - Not required to determine pediatric trauma alert]

Opens Eyes Best Verbal Response Best Motor

Response

Coos, babbles.....

PEDIATRIC COMA SCALE (< 2 yrs)

THE FOLLOWING PATIENT INFORMATION SHOULD BE COMMUNICATED TO THE TRAUMA CENTER OR INITIAL RECEIVING HOSPITAL WHEN EN ROUTE WITH A TRAUMA ALERT:

- Approximate age
- Nature and mechanism of injury
- · Body area involved
- GCS
- · Airway and ventilation status, oxygen saturation, if known
- Hemodynamic status (characteristics of peripheral pulses, e.g. weak, strong, or vital signs if available)

THE FOLLOWING PATIENT INFORMATION SHOULD BE COMMUNICATED TO THE PEDIATRIC TRAUMA CENTER OR INITIAL RECEIVING HOSPITAL WHEN EN ROUTE WITH A TRAUMA ALERT:

- · Approximate age
- Nature and mechanism of injury
- · Body area involved
- GCS
- · Airway and ventilation status, oxygen saturation, if known
- · Hemodynamic status (characteristics of peripheral pulses, e.g. weak, strong, or vital signs if available)

Effective Jan 2005