

# U.S. PARALYMPICS CONSENT FORM FOR VISUAL IMPAIRMENT CLASSIFICATION

### **Explanation:**

For an athlete to be eligible to compete in U.S. Paralympics competitions the athlete must be classified by classifiers appointed by the NPC (National Paralympic Committee) or the IPC (International Paralympic Committee) / Sport IF (International Federation).

Failure to cooperate with the classifiers or failure to complete a classification may lead to ineligibility to compete in U.S. Paralympics or IPC/IF approved/sanctioned competition.

The following is an agreement by the athlete to undergo the testing procedure.
I (printed name of the athlete) wish to be classified on national level for U.S. Paralympics competition.
I understand that the classification process involves the necessary eye tests. I understand that to be classified I must be willing to take part in all portions of the testing procedure and cooperate fully with the classifiers / optometrist / ophthalmologist.
Signature of Athlete:
Witness Signature:**Must be parent/guardian if athlete is under age 18**
Date and Location:

Send completed forms to USOPC Classification Manager at NPCUSAclassification@usopc.org.

**Athlete or Guardian Email Address:** 

# Medical Diagnostics Form for athletes with Vision Impairment

The form is to be completed in English and by a registered ophthalmologist.

All medical documentation required on pages 2-3 needs to be attached.

The form and the attached medical documentation may not be older than 12 months at the time of the Athlete Evaluation.

Athlete Information	tion							
Last name:								
First name:								
Gender:	Female $\Box$	I Ma	le 🗖		1	Date o	of Birth:	
Sport:						IF regi	stration ID	
NPC/NF:				IF registration ID (if applicable):				
Medical Informa	ntion							
Medical history: Age of onset:								
Anticipated futurocedure(s):	ıre							
Athlete wears glasses:		<b>J</b> yes		no	Correct	tion:	Right:	
Athlete wears contact lenses:	C	⊒ yes		no	Correct	tion:	Right:	
Athlete wears eg	ye [	☐ right		left				
Medication:								
Eye medications								
used by the athl								

<u>/isual Acuity</u>	Right eye	Left eye
With correction	riight oyo	Lott Gyc
Without Correction		
Type of correction:		
Measurement Method:		
/isual Field:		
In degrees (diameter)	Right eye	Left eye

## Attachments to the Medical Diagnostic Form

#### 1. Visual field test

Athlete: \_\_\_\_

For all athletes with a restricted visual field a visual field test must be attached to this form.

The athlete's visual field must be tested by full-field test (120 degrees) <u>and</u> a 30 degrees, 24 degrees or 10 degrees central field test, depending on the pathology.

One of the following perimeters should be used for the assessment: Goldmann Perimetry (Intensity III/4), Humphrey Field Analyzer or Octopus (Interzeag).

### 2. Additional medical documentation (mandatory)

Please specify which eye condition the athlete is affected by.

Eye condition	Additional medical documentation required (see below)				
□ Anterior disease	none				
	Macular OCT				
■ Macular disease	<ul> <li>Multifocal and/or pattern ERG*</li> </ul>				
iviaculai disease	■ VEP*				
	■ Pattern appearance VEP*				
☐ Peripheral retina disease	Full field ERG*				
	■ Pattern ERG*				
	■ OCT				
D Ontic Name discass	■ Pattern ERG*				
☐ Optic Nerve disease	■ Pattern VEP*				
	■ Pattern appearance VEP*				
☐ Cortical / Neurological	■ Pattern VEP*				
_	■ Pattern ERG*				
disease	<ul> <li>Pattern appearance VEP*</li> </ul>				

Athlete:			

The ocular signs must correspond to the diagnosis and degree of vision loss. If eye condition is obvious and visible and explains the loss of vision, no additional medical documentation is required. Otherwise the additional medical documentation indicated in the above table must be attached to this form. If the medical documentation is incomplete, the classifiers will not be able to allocate a sport class.

#### \*Notes on electrophysiological assessments (VEPs and ERGs):

Where there is discrepancy or a possible discrepancy between the degree of visual loss, and the visible evidence of ocular disease the use of visual electrophysiology is often helpful in demonstrating the degree of impairment.

<u>Submitted data should include</u> the report from the laboratory performing the tests, copies of the original data, the normative data range for that laboratory, and a statement specifying of the equipment used, and its calibration status. The tests should be performed as a minimum to the standards laid down by the International Society for Electrophysiolgy of Vision (ISCEV) (<a href="https://www.iscev.org/standards/">http://www.iscev.org/standards/</a>).

A Full Field Electroretinogram (<u>ERG</u>) tests the function of the whole retina in response to brief flashes of light, and can separate function from either the rod or cone mediated systems. It does not however give any indication of macular function.

- A <u>Pattern ERG</u> tests the central retinal function, driven by the macular cones but largely originating in the retinal ganglion cells.
- A <u>Multifocal ERG</u> tests the central area (approx. 50 degrees diameter) and produces a topographical representation of central retinal activity.

A Visual evoked cortical potential (<u>VEP</u>) records the signal from produced in the primary visual cortex, (V1), in response to either a pattern stimulus or pulse of light. An absent or abnormal VEP is not in itself evidence of specific optic nerve or visual cortex problems unless normal central retinal function has been demonstrated.

 A <u>Pattern appearance VEP</u> is specialised version of the VEP used to establish visual threshold which can be used to objectively demonstrate visual ability to the level of the primary visual cortex.

<ul> <li>☐ I confirm that the above information is accurate.</li> <li>☐ I certify that there is no contra-indication for this athlete to compete at competitive level.</li> <li>Name:</li> </ul>				
Medical Sp	ecialty:			
Registration Number:				
Address:				
City:	Country:			
Phone:	E-mail:			
Date:	Signature:			