

USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules

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rulesandofficials@usatriathlon.org

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PREFACE

The USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules ("Multisport Competition Rules") are intended to provide for the orderly and consistent administration of events sanctioned by USA Triathlon and are not designed to establish standards of care for the safety of athletes or other persons. Every participant, official, volunteer and spectator should consider all safety issues and make related decisions prudently without reliance upon the Multisport Competition Rules.

USA Triathlon makes no express or implied warranty, guarantee or representation regarding the degree of safety that may or may not result from compliance with the Multisport Competition Rules. Examinations or inspections of equipment at sanctioned events are undertaken solely to monitor compliance with the Multisport Competition Rules and do not guarantee or ensure safety from personal injury or property damage. The safety of race equipment is the sole responsibility of the athlete.

Membership in USA Triathlon is available to all persons in good standing with USA Triathlon who submit a completed application, pay the required membership fee and comply with all the requirements determined by USA Triathlon to be applicable to the specific category of membership desired. No person shall be denied membership based on race, ethnicity, color, religion, sex, gender identity, national origin or disability.

INTRODUCTION

USA Triathlon has the responsibility to ensure that the technical aspects of Triathlon, Duathlon, Aquabike, Aquathlon, Paratriathlon and any other multisport discipline falling under its authority, are of the highest quality, with emphasis on the safety of each athlete and the fairness of each event.

The rules outlined in this document are underpinned by the World Triathlon Rules.

Any difficulty in the interpretation of application of these Multisport Competition Rules should be referred to the head of the USA Triathlon Officials Program.

This document is to be read in conjunction with USA Triathlon Bylaws and all applicable policies and procedures as established by USA Triathlon.

The USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors of USA Triathlon, at its absolute discretion consistent with the following conditions:

- a. Any rules changes will be consistent with the intent and purpose of the World Triathlon Competition Rules and the USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules.
- b. Any rules changes other than event-specific amendments granted by USA Triathlon will not take effect until at least 14 days after they have been posted on the USA Triathlon website.

1. PURPOSE

These rules are designed to set forth a standard set of parameters within which athletes can participate in events governed by USA Triathlon and compete in a positive atmosphere of equal opportunity. These rules shall be interpreted and construed in a manner consistent with their purpose.

These rules are intended to:

- a. Promote and maintain sportsmanship, equal opportunity and fair play.
- b. Encourage individual performance and initiative.
- c. Protect the health, safety and well-being of participants.
- d. Promote the integrity of sport.
- e. Emphasize ingenuity and skill without unduly limiting the athlete's freedom of action.
- f. Foster the foregoing ideals through the establishment of rules that penalize athletes who seek to gain an unfair advantage.

1.1. APPLICABILITY OF THESE RULES

The USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules are adopted by USA Triathlon and apply to all events that fall within the jurisdiction of USA Triathlon. To that end, throughout these Multisport Competition Rules, unless otherwise specified, the term "triathlon" is used in its generic form to imply any of these multisport events.

These Multisport Competition Rules are binding on all members of USA Triathlon and all persons who enter or participate in any event sanctioned by USA Triathlon.

1.2. EXCEPTIONS AND MODIFICATIONS TO THESE RULES

a. Where the USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules conflict with the laws of the jurisdiction in which the is to be held, those laws will override these Multisport Competition Rules to the extent of the inconsistency, and athletes

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- must be notified of the implications of these laws as early as practicable and not later than prior to the start of the event.
- b. Event Management for a particular event, due to special circumstances, may request from USA Triathlon an exception or modification to any of these Multisport Competition Rules. If such an exception and/or modification is granted by USA Triathlon, Event Management must notify event athletes of the exception and/or modification as early as practicable and not later than prior to the start of the event. If the exception or modification is not authorized by USA Triathlon, any existing sanction granted by USA Triathlon may be invalidated. This could result in legal complications, particularly in the case of accidents during the event and in subsequent requests for approval from state and local authorities.
- c. The designated authority of USA Triathlon's National Events may approve the addition of special rules through amendments for a particular National Event, provided that event athletes are notified of each additional special rule as early as practicable and not later than prior to the start of the event.

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2. MULTISPORT ATHLETE CONDUCT

The following rules apply to all athletes during all segments of a USA Triathlon sanctioned race. Rules listed in this section may be repeated in additional sections of this rulebook (such as swimming, cycling and running conduct sections), but they apply to all segments of the race.

2.1. GENERAL CONDUCT

While at the event site, all athletes must:

- a. Be responsible for their own safety, the safety of their own equipment and be considerate of the safety of others.
- b. Be responsible for understanding and following the Multisport Competition Rules, which may include any rule exceptions, additions and conditions applicable to the specific race.
- c. Obey instructions from event officials.
- d. Obey traffic regulations unless otherwise instructed by an event official.
- e. Self-report violating any of the Multisport Competition Rules to the Head Referee or withdraw from the race.

Penalty for violation: DSQ.

2.2. UNSPORTSMANLIKE CONDUCT

Athletes must practice good sportsmanship at all times, and treat other athletes, officials, volunteers and spectators with respect and courtesy. Verbal or physical abuse of others is not acceptable or tolerated. Athletes shall always refrain from unsportsmanlike conduct while at the event site and during racing, including:

- a. The use of abusive language.
- b. Violent acts.
- c. Intentional misconduct.

d. Any intimidating behavior directed towards athletes, officials, event staff, volunteers and spectators.

Penalty for violation: DSQ and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension.

2.3. RACE CONDUCT

1. HEALTH

Multisport events are strenuous activities and the health and welfare of athletes is of paramount importance.

Athletes must withdraw immediately from a race if deemed and informed by the event medical personnel that the athlete appears to present a danger to the health or welfare of the athlete and/or to others.

Time limits for the swimming segment, cycling segment and overall finish may be established for a race to ensure safe conduct.

2. RACE NUMBERS

Athletes shall always plainly display their race numbers and shall maintain the race number in an unaltered and viewable state at all times on the course and at the finish.

However, an athlete is subject to removal from the course and the event venue if there is any belief that the athlete did not register for the race. This belief may be caused by failing to display an athlete race number or displaying an altered number at any time while on the course.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If intentional and not corrected: Time Penalty. If not registered for the race: Removal from the race and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension.

3. MASS STARTS

A race can begin with a mass or "wave" start, as required by these Multisport Competition Rules or as directed by Event Management.

When the beginning of any race is commenced by starting designated "waves" or groups of athletes at different times, all athletes shall start in and with the proper wave or group. An athlete's time begins when the start signal is given for the athlete's prescribed wave or group. Athletes who miss their wave start may only commence the event with the permission of the Head Referee and Event Management, and the start

time will not be adjusted for any athlete who commences the race later than the wave start prescribed.

Penalty for violation: If starting in a wave earlier than prescribed, DSQ. If starting before the starter's signal within the prescribed wave, Time Penalty.

4. ENTIRE COURSE

a. It is the athlete's responsibility to read all supplied information provided in the event materials and to know and keep on the prescribed course. Athletes must complete the entire course as prescribed by Event Management, including all segments in the correct segment order. Any failure to so complete the entire course shall be deemed to constitute an unfair advantage and may result in disqualification or the assignment of DNF in the race results at the discretion of the Head Referee. Athletes who depart from the course must reenter at the point of departure before continuing. Athletes who have crossed the finish line prior to completing all segments of the course and could still safely reenter the course at their point of departure, may be allowed to complete the course with the concurrence of the Head Referee and Event Management.

Penalty for violation: Warning and re-enter the course at the point of departure. If athlete departed course for safety reasons and gained an advantage: Time Penalty. If not for safety reasons and advantage was gained: DSQ or DNF at Head Referee's discretion.

b. Adverse effects on race time caused by exceptional conditions, including traffic, accidents, trains, and weather, or caused by the athlete straying offcourse are considered part of the athlete's race time and may not be mitigated by "adjustment."

5. UNAUTHORIZED ASSISTANCE

a. No athlete shall accept assistance from any person other than event personnel, but such assistance is limited to providing nutrition, drinks, mechanical and medical assistance. The receipt of information regarding the progress, split times or location of other athletes on the course shall not be considered the acceptance of unauthorized assistance.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend to return to the original situation. If not possible to return to the original situation, DSQ.

b. No athlete shall be accompanied (paced) by any non-athlete on the course.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

c. Athletes in the same race (multisport and distance) may assist each other with incidental items, such as food and drinks after an aid station, pumps, tubular tires, inner tubes and puncture repair kits. Athletes may not provide any item of equipment to another athlete which results in the donor athlete being unable to continue with their own race.

Penalty for violation: DSQ of both athletes.

d. An athlete may not physically assist the forward progress of another athlete on any part of the course.

Penalty for violation: DSQ of both athletes.

6. UNAUTHORIZED EQUIPMENT

a. No athlete shall use any equipment prohibited by these rules, or any equipment which the Head Referee determines to be improper, including equipment that might provide an unfair advantage or endanger other persons.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

b. No athlete shall wear headphone(s) or headset(s) in any manner. This includes bone-conducting headphones and earphones inserted or covering the ears.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

c. No athlete shall use any communication device in a "distractive manner" during the race that inhibits the athlete from paying full attention to their surroundings. A "distractive manner" includes but is not limited to making or receiving phone calls, sending or receiving text messages, playing music, using social media, taking photographs or using in a one- or two-way radio communication. Devices include but are not limited to cell phones, smart watches and two-way radios. Possession and use of communication devices for navigation, tracking or data recording purposes is permitted.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

d. No athlete shall wear, use or carry items deemed to be a hazard to oneself or others, such as a hard cast or jewelry.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

e. No athlete shall utilize any glass bottles or glass containers at any time during the race.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

7. OBSTRUCTION AND IMPEDING

Athletes may sportingly maintain their own space during all segments of the race. An athlete is entitled to any position on the course, provided they get to that position first and without contacting others. When taking a position, an athlete must allow reasonable space for others to make normal movements without making contact. Adequate space must be available before overtaking.

- a. Where athletes make accidental contact and then immediately afterwards move apart no penalty will be incurred.
- b. Where athletes make contact, and an athlete continues to impede the progress of the other athlete without moving apart, this action may result in a time penalty.
- c. Where athletes deliberately target another athlete to impede their progress, gain unfair advantage and potentially cause harm, this action may result in disqualification and may be reported to USA Triathlon for potential suspension or expulsion.

Penalty for violation: Accidental and incidental contact: Possible Warning. Sustained impeding: Time Penalty. Targeting: DSQ and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension.

8. Trash and Littering

No athlete shall discard any equipment or trash on the course, or relieve themselves on the course, except at approved, dedicated locations.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, Time Penalty.

9. ENDANGERMENT

No athlete shall commit any dangerous act that, in the opinion of the Head Referee, threatens or purports to threaten bodily harm to any person, including themselves, officials, event staff, volunteers and spectators. Such acts may include severe or consequential violations of these Multisport Competition Rules.

Penalty for violation: DSQ.

10. TIMING DEVICES AND BURDEN OF PROOF

Athletes must wear any provided timing chip or similar timing device during the race. Failure to return non-disposable timing chips to timing or Event Management after the race or upon withdrawing from the race, or failure to pay the replacement cost of a lost timing chip may result in disqualification from the race and may result in suspension from future USA Triathlon sanctioned events.

If an athlete fails to wear or loses their timing device during the race, the burden of proof for completion of the course must necessarily lie primarily with the athlete. The athlete is responsible for making every effort to obtain a replacement device per the guidelines and instructions of the athlete guide and pre-race briefings. Athletes are encouraged, but not required, to wear a personal timing device capable of providing GPS data which may be used to validate their results if necessary.

Where electronic timing is used and an athlete loses their timing device and the athlete cannot provide personal electronic data to validate their time, and a manual backup system is used, they may be given a time using that manual backup system, provided they recorded a time on at least one point of the course sufficient in the view of the Head Referee and Head Timer to validate their results.

Where no timing point is recorded or validated by the Head Referee, the athlete will be recorded in the results as DNF. Photographic evidence is insufficient to confirm completion.

Additional details are available in the TIMING AND RESULTS section.

11. ACTS OF AGENTS

The conduct of any agent acting with apparent authority on behalf of an athlete shall constitute grounds for penalizing the athlete if such agent's conduct violates any of these Multisport Competition Rules.

2.4. DOPING CONTROL

USA Triathlon is opposed to the practice of doping in sport and fully supports and complies with the policies, protocols, and rules set forth by the U.S. Anti-Doping Agency (USADA) as the independent, non-profit anti-doping organization in the United States. Athletes are bound by the National Anti-Doping Policy of the United States Olympic & Paralympic Committee (USOPC) and by the USADA Protocol.

3. SWIMMING CONDUCT

3.1. GENERAL CONDUCT

- a. Athletes must follow the prescribed swim course.
- b. Athletes may use any stroke to propel themselves through the water. They may also tread water or float.
- c. Athletes are allowed to push off the bottom or stand on the bottom of the swim course.
- d. Athletes are allowed to rest by holding an inanimate object, such as a buoy or stationary boat.
- e. In an emergency, an athlete should raise an arm overhead and call for assistance. If further assistance is rendered to the athlete, beyond the use of an object on which to rest, the athlete must withdraw from the race. No athlete shall return to the race if the official rendering assistance requests that the athlete withdraw from the race or receive medical assistance.
- f. Athletes may sportingly maintain their own space in the water:
 - 1) Where athletes make accidental contact in the swim and then immediately afterwards move apart, no penalty will be incurred.
 - 2) Where athletes make contact in the swim, and an athlete continues to impede the progress of the other athlete without moving apart, this action may result in a time penalty.
 - 3) Where athletes deliberately target another athlete to impede their progress, gain unfair advantage and potentially cause harm, this action may result in disqualification and be reported to USA Triathlon for potential suspension or expulsion.

Penalty for violation: Accidental and incidental contact: No Penalty. Sustained impeding: Time Penalty. Targeting: DSQ and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension.

3.2. PERMITTED SWIMMING EQUIPMENT

1. WETSUITS

The use of wetsuits in any USA Triathlon sanctioned race is governed in the <u>WATER</u> TEMPERATURES AND WETSUIT USE section.

Wetsuits cannot exceed 5mm thickness anywhere. If the wetsuit is made in two pieces, the combined thickness in the overlapping areas may not exceed the 5mm thickness limit.

A wetsuit may cover any part of the body except the face, hands and feet. When use of wetsuits is mandatory for a race, the wetsuit must cover at least the torso and the back.

All components of the wetsuit, except a zipper cord, will fit to the athlete's body tightly while swimming.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

2. SWIM CAP

a. All athletes must wear the official swim cap, if provided, during the swim segment. It is recommended that Event Management provide numbered swim caps to each athlete. If an athlete chooses to wear two caps, the second swim cap must be worn beneath the official swim cap and should be unbranded as to not obscure the markings on the official swim cap. If the use of wetsuits is permitted for a race, neoprene hoods and caps are permitted to be worn underneath the official swim cap.

Penalty for violation: Intentionally not wearing or altering the official swim cap, Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

b. Athletes who are observed by a Technical Official intentionally discarding their swim cap between the swim exit and transition may receive a penalty.

Penalty for violation: Littering Time Penalty.

c. In an Aquathlon race, athletes may carry the official swim cap and goggles during the first run segment and may wear them in the transition area.

3. UNIFORMS AND SWIMSKINS—WHEN WETSUIT USE IS PROHIBITED

 a. Swimwear must be 100% textile material, which is defined as materials consisting of natural and/or synthetic, individual and non-consolidated yarns used to constitute a fabric by weaving, knitting, and/or braiding (this generally refers to suits made only from nylon or lycra that do not have any rubberized material such as polyurethane or neoprene).

- b. Swimwear may contain a zipper.
- c. For Elite, U23 and Developmental High Performance athletes in all multisports at or shorter than a 1500m swim (Standard distance), the athlete uniform must not have sleeves. For all other distances and all other athletes, swimwear must not cover the neck, must not extend past the elbow, and must not extend past the knees. Additional clothing cannot cover at or above the neck, at or below the elbows, or at or below the knees unless a religious or medical exemption is granted.
- d. Athletes may wear multiple race suits or pieces of swimwear, provided that all suits and swimwear meet the specifications herein.
- e. Wetsuit (neoprene) shorts / bottoms (buoyancy shorts) are prohibited.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

4. BOOTS AND SOCKS—WHEN WETSUIT USE IS PERMITTED

Neoprene boots and socks are allowed when wetsuits are permitted for the race, but they must not aid in propulsion (no webbed boots / socks, or web-like construction between the toes).

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

5. GLOVES—WHEN WETSUIT USE IS MANDATORY

Gloves may be worn when wetsuit use is mandatory for the race, but they must not aid in propulsion (no swim resistance gloves, hand paddles, webbed gloves or web-like construction between the fingers.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

3.3. PROHIBITED SWIMMING EQUIPMENT IN COMPETITIVE RACES

The following are prohibited for use or wear in USA Triathlon competitive races (waves):

- a. Artificial propulsion devices.
- b. Buoyancy or flotation devices (personal swim buoys), if deployed. The athlete must withdraw from the race if the inflatable device is deployed.
- c. Snorkels.
- d. Wetsuits with thickness in any part exceeding 5mm.
- e. Any wetsuit, part of a wetsuit or clothing containing rubberized material (polyurethane or neoprene) when they are forbidden by water temperature.
- f. Headphone(s), headset(s) or technical earplug(s), which are inserted or covering the ears, except ear protection plugs.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

3.4. WATER TEMPERATURES AND WETSUIT USE

1. WETSUIT USE DETERMINATION

Wetsuit use is governed by the following tables:

Elite, U23 and Developmental High Performance races:

SWIM LENGTH	PROHIBITED	MANDATORY
1500m and shorter	20.0 ^o C (68.0 ^o F) and above	15.9 °C (60.6 °F) and below
Longer than 1500m	22.0 °C (71.6 °F) and above	15.9 °C (60.6 °F) and below

USA Triathlon National Championship and World Triathlon qualifying Age-Group races:

SWIM LENGTH	PROHIBITED	MANDATORY
All distances	24.6 °C (76.2 °F) and above	15.9 °C (60.6 °F) and below

All other races and waves*:

SWIM LENGTH	PROHIBITED	ALLOWED**	PERMITTED	MANDATORY
All distances	84.0 °F (28.9 °C)	78.1 to 84.0 ^O F	60.7 to 78.0 ^o F	60.6 °F (15.9 °C)
	and above	(25.6 to 28.8 °C)	(16.0 to 25.5 °C)	and below

^{*}Athletes in a non-competitive race or wave are not eligible to have their results submitted for rankings.

2. WATER TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS AND MODIFICATIONS

Water temperature measurements should be taken one hour prior to the start of the race. It is strongly recommended that the temperature be taken at a depth of 24 inches, and the middle of the swim course and in two other areas on the swim course. When the average measured temperature is 27.0 °C (80.6 °F) or below, the lowest measured temperature is considered the official water temperature. When the average measured temperature is above 27.0 °C (80.6 °F), the highest measured temperature is considered the official water temperature.

The Head Referee, following consultation with Event Management or medical staff, may amend the wetsuit use determination, shorten the swim course distance, or cancel the swim for athlete safety reasons. Factors that may be considered include water quality, waves, currents, winds, precipitation, humidity, and regional adaptation.

Additionally, if the water temperature at or below 22.0 °C (71.6 °F) and the air temperature is at or below 15.0 °C (59.0 °F) and colder than the water, the measured water temperature may be adjusted according to the following tables and formulas:

^{**}Athletes who choose to wear a wetsuit in a competitive non-National Age-Group race or wave when the water temperature is at or above 78.0F are not eligible to have their results submitted for rankings or Age-Group awards.

Official water temperature adjusted value with cold air present (°C)

	Measured air temperature (°C)										
		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
Measured	22	18.5	18	17.5	17	16.5	16	15.5	15	14.5	14
water	21	18	17.5	17	16.5	16	15.5	15	14.5	14	13.5
temperature	20	17.5	17	16.5	16	15.5	15	14.5	14	13.5	13
(°C)	19	17	16.5	16	15.5	15	14.5	14	13.5	13	12.5
	18	16.5	16	15.5	15	14.5	14	13.5	13	12.5	12
	17	16	15.5	15	14.5	14	13.5	13	12.5	12	х
	16	15.5	15	14.5	14	13.5	13	12.5	12	х	х
	15	15	14.5	14	13.5	13	12.5	12	х	х	х
	14	14	14	13.5	13	12.5	12	х	х	х	х
	13	13	13	13	12.5	12	х	х	х	х	х
	12	12	12	12	12	х	х	х	х	х	х
	11	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х

^{*}This adjustment formula is Measured Water Temperature (°C) minus half the difference between Measured Water Temperature (°C) and Measured Air Temperature (°C).

x = cancel swim

Official water temperature adjusted value with respect for cold air present (OF)

		Measured air temperature (°F)										
		59	58	56	54	52	50	48	46	44	43	42
Measured	71.6	65.3	64.8	63.8	62.8	61.8	60.8	59.8	58.8	57.8	57.3	Х
water	70	64.5	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56.5	х
temperature	68	63.5	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55.5	Х
(°F)	66	62.5	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54.5	Х
	64	61.5	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	Х	Х
	62	60.5	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	Х	х	Х
	60	59.5	59	58	57	56	55	54	Х	х	х	х
	59	59	58.5	57.5	56.5	55.5	54.5	Х	Х	Х	х	Х
	58	58	58	57	56	55	54	Χ	Х	х	Х	Х
	56	56	56	56	55	54	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
	54	54	54	54	54	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х
	53	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х

^{*}This adjustment formula is half the sum of Measured Water Temperature (°F) and Measured Air Temperature (°F).

x = cancel swim

As a further guide, the swim distance can be shortened or cancelled according to the following:

- Cancel the swim if the measured air temperature is below 6.0 °C (42.8 °F).
- Cancel the swim if the adjusted water temperature is below 12.0 °C (53.6 °F).
- Cancel the swim if the measured water temperature is at or above 32.0 °C (89.6 °F).
- Maintain original swim distance if the adjusted water temperature is between 15.0-30.9 °C (59.0-87.7 °F).
- Swim no greater than 3000m if the adjusted water temperature is between 14.0-14.9 °C (57.2-58.9 °F).
- Swim no greater than 1500m if the adjusted water temperature is between 13.0-13.9 °C (55.4-57.1 °F).
- Swim no greater than 750m if the adjusted water temperature is between 12.0-12.9 °C (53.6-55.3 °F) or between 31.0-31.9 °C (87.8-89.5 °F).

4. CYCLING CONDUCT

4.1. GENERAL CONDUCT

- a. Each registered athlete may use only one bicycle during the race and may only check one bicycle into transition.
- b. An athlete is not permitted to make any forward progress without the bicycle and all its component parts. If a bicycle is rendered inoperable, an athlete may proceed on the cycling course while pushing or carrying the bicycle, so long as the bicycle is pushed or carried in a manner not to obstruct or impede the progress of other participants.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not, DSQ.

c. All athletes must obey all traffic laws while on the cycling course unless otherwise specifically directed by an event official with actual authority. In no case can a cyclist cross a solid or dashed yellow line separating oppositedirection traffic lanes unless specifically directed to by an event official with actual authority.

Penalty for violation: Unintentional violation: Warning and amend, if possible. Intentional violation: Time penalty or Endangerment DSQ.

d. Athletes must complete the entire cycling course as prescribed by Event Management. It is the sole responsibility of each athlete to know and follow the prescribed cycling course. No adjustments in times or results will be made, for any reason whatsoever, for athletes who fail to follow the proper course. Athletes leaving the cycling course must return to it at the point of departure before continuing.

Penalty for violation: Warning and re-enter the course at the point of departure. If athlete departed course for safety reasons and gained an advantage: Time Penalty. If not: DSQ or DNF at Head Referee's discretion.

- e. Dangerous riding may result in a penalty. This includes but is not limited to:
 - 1) Blocking that impedes the progress of another athlete or making contact with another athlete.

Penalty for violation: Time penalty (Yellow Card).

2) An athlete riding recklessly to threaten the safety of herself/himself, another athlete, event official, volunteer or motorist. Any cyclist who deliberately targets another athlete or recklessly presents a danger to any athlete.

Penalty for violation: DSQ (Red Card).

- f. Efforts to add devices or engage in practices intended to circumvent the prohibition against fairings to the bicycle are prohibited. Any additional equipment that has the effect of reducing wind resistance is prohibited during the cycling segment, whether such equipment is worn under the athlete's clothing, over the athlete's clothing, or is otherwise attached to the athlete's body or the athlete's bicycle. Specifically, the following items are not allowed while cycling:
- Bottles / hydration or any other insert located in the front of an athlete's race suit.
- Any insert in an athlete's calf sleeves.

Penalty for violation: DSQ (Red Card).

4.2. CYCLING RACE NUMBER

Athletes must always display their race number on the cycling course. The number itself must remain visible and unaltered.

Bicycle race number stickers and helmet race number stickers, provided by Event Management, must be placed on the bicycle and helmet as instructed. There must be a clearance around the official helmet number sticker to ensure the number is clearly visible.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected: Time Penalty. If not registered for the race: Removal from race and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension.

4.3. BICYCLE HELMETS

Bicycle helmets are compulsory and helmets must be approved by a testing authority that is recognized by any national federation that is an affiliate of World Triathlon. Any alteration or addition to any part of the bicycle helmet, including the chin strap, or the omission of any part of the helmet is prohibited, unless the alteration is also approved by the testing authority. The helmet can be any color or design.

a. Helmets must be used in all official activities when the athlete rides the bike: Racing, familiarization, and training sessions.

Penalty for violation: Riding without a helmet during the race: DSQ and removal from the race. Riding without a helmet during other official activities: Warning and amend.

b. The helmet must be securely fastened and fit properly at all times and any garment worn underneath must not affect the fit when the athlete is in possession of the bike, which means from the moment the athlete removes their bicycle from the rack at the start of the cycling segment, until after the athlete has placed their bicycle on the rack at the conclusion of the cycling segment.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty. If not corrected: DSQ.

c. If an athlete moves the bicycle off the cycling course for any reason, the athlete may not unfasten or remove the helmet until after the athlete has moved outside the boundary of the cycling course and has dismounted the bicycle. The athlete must fasten the helmet securely on the head before returning onto the cycling course and before mounting the bicycle.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Warning and Amend. If not corrected, DSQ. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty. If not corrected: DSQ.

4.4. CYCLING EQUIPMENT

This section shall be read in conjunction with the <u>BICYCLE SPECIFICATIONS</u> section where applicable.

1. PERMITTED CYCLING EQUIPMENT

All aspects of the bicycle must be safe to the user and to other participants in the event. Minimum safety standards include, but are not limited to, properly glued and sealed tires, tight headset and handlebars, and true wheels. There must be a free-wheeling mechanism between the crank and the rear wheel that allows the bicycle to roll forward while the pedals remain stationary.

All bicycles that are unusual in design must be approved for use in writing by USA Triathlon. The request to use such a bicycle must be submitted to USA Triathlon for approval at least 30 days before the event in question for a decision.

Any equipment or devices carried during the cycling segment or added to the bicycle are subject to approval by the Head Referee before the race, must be securely mounted, not endanger any athlete or give unfair advantage.

2. PROHIBITED CYCLING EQUIPMENT

The following are prohibited for use in any USA Triathlon sanctioned race:

- a. Headphone(s), headset(s), technical earplug(s) or smart helmets which are inserted or covering the ears.
- b. Communications devices of any type when used in any distractive manner. A "distractive manner" includes but is not limited to making or receiving phone calls, sending or receiving text messages, playing music, using social media, taking photographs or using in a one- or two-way radio communication. Devices include but are not limited to cell phones, smart watches and two-way radios. Possession and use of communication devices for navigation, tracking or data recording purposes is permitted.
- c. Mirrors without prior approval with a verified medical condition.
- d. Glass containers.
- e. Recumbent bicycles.
- f. Bicycles or bicycle parts that do not comply with <u>BICYCLE</u> SPECIFICATIONS.
- g. Fairings. Any device, added or blended into the structure of the frame, that is designed to decrease, or which has the effect of decreasing, resistance to air penetration or artificially to accelerate propulsion, such as a protective screen, fuselage form fairing or the like, shall be prohibited.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

4.5. DRAFT-ILLEGAL RACES

Drafting means for an athlete to remain within the draft zone of another athlete or vehicle for a period of time longer than designated. Drafting during draft-illegal races is prohibited and subject to time penalties.

1. POSITIONING

a. Athletes must ride single file on the far-right side of the cycling course (or farleft side when designated due to traffic flow) except when passing another athlete. Athletes may not impede the forward progress of other athletes by moving left into the traffic lane to ride solo or ride side-by-side.

Penalty for violation: Time Penalty (Yellow Card).

- b. Athletes must remain outside of the draft zone of other athletes, motorcycles and vehicles, except:
 - 1) When the athlete is in the process of legally overtaking another athlete, motorcycle or vehicle.
 - 2) For safety reasons.
 - 3) Within the vicinity of an aid station.
 - 4) When departing or approaching a transition area.
 - 5) When making an acute turn.
 - 6) When the Head Referee or Event Management exempts a section of the course from these position rules because of narrow lanes, constructions, detours, or for similar reasons.

2. Drafting Zone Distances and Times

- a. For races with a cycling course distance up to but less than 80km (50 miles) (shorter than Middle distance), the bicycle draft zone is 10m long, extending backwards from the leading edge of the front wheel (5 bicycle lengths of clear space between bicycles). Athletes have 20 seconds to complete an overtake through this zone.
- b. For races with a cycling course distance 80km (50 miles) or longer (including Middle and Long distance), the bicycle draft zone is 12m long, extending backwards from the leading edge of the front wheel (6 bicycle lengths of clear space between bicycles). Athletes have 25 seconds to complete an overtake through this zone.
- c. If concurrent races of different distances (e.g. Standard and Middle Distance) are sharing a section of the cycling course so that athletes present would be subject to different drafting zones and overtaking times, all athletes must still adhere to the draft zones prescribed for their race distance, unless the Head Referee makes an exception. The Head Referee may decide and announce

- to enforce the smaller draft zone (10m zone, 20 seconds to overtake) for all athletes in the shared section of the cycling course.
- d. The draft zone behind motorcycles is 15m and behind all other motorized vehicles is 35m. The front edge of the vehicle defines the start of the draft zone. Athletes must not gain or attempt to gain an unfair advantage from any motor vehicle. A maximum of 90 seconds will be allowed for athletes to pass through the draft zone of any motor vehicle.

3. OVERTAKING

a. When overtaking, an athlete may enter the draft zone of another athlete and must continually progress through the draft zone. The overtaking athlete's front wheel must pass the leading edge of the front wheel of the athlete being overtaken within the allotted time period. The overtaking athlete may not back out of a draft zone or hold a static position after entering into it. Athletes in Age-Group races may slipstream the athlete to be overtaken. Athletes in Elite races must move to the side of the athlete to be overtaken prior to entering the draft zone.

Penalty for violation: Drafting Time Penalty (Blue Card).

b. Athletes shall move left in order to overtake on the left (unless athletes are designated to ride to the far-left). An athlete making an illegal pass on the incorrect side may receive a penalty.

Penalty for violation: Time Penalty (Yellow Card).

4. OVERTAKEN

An overtaken athlete must immediately begin to make rearward progress out of the draft zone of the overtaking athlete to allow the overtaking athlete to move to the far-right side of the course, and the overtaken athlete must continuously make rearward progress until exiting the draft zone to the rear. Re-passing by the overtaken athlete prior to dropping back out of the draft zone, or failure to continuously make rearward progress out of the draft zone will result in a blue-card penalty.

Penalty for violation: Drafting Time Penalty (Blue Card).

5. Draft-Illegal Riding Position

The riding position in draft-illegal races requires that the only points of support are the following: The feet on the pedals, the hands or forearms on the handlebars and the seat on the saddle.

Penalty for violation: Time Penalty (Yellow Card). If repeated or not corrected, DSQ.

6. PENALTY FOR DRAFTING

Technical Officials will notify athletes that they are subject to a time penalty by showing a blue or yellow card as appropriate. Drafting violations and position violations (e.g. blocking and illegal pass) cannot be protested.

a. After notification, it is the responsibility of the athlete to stop at the next cycling course penalty box.

Penalty for violation: DSQ.

b. The athlete must stop at the penalty box for a specific time, according to the number and color of cards shown and the distance of the cycling course. The athlete may resume racing only when directed by penalty area personnel. While serving a penalty, the athlete can consume only the food / water that is on the athlete's bicycle or person. Athletes are prohibited from making adjustments to equipment, performing any type of maintenance on the bicycle, or using the restroom.

Penalty for violation: DSQ for any of the conduct listed or for not adequately serving the full penalty time. If the matter is urgent, officials have discretion to pause the penalty time count while the athlete uses a restroom facility.

- c. The duration of the time penalty will vary according to the length of the cycling course.
 - 1) Blue card (drafting) violations:
 - 5 minutes in cycling courses 60km or longer (including Middle and Long distance)
 - 2 minutes in cycling courses more than 20km but less than 60km (including Standard distance)
 - 1 minute in cycling courses 20km or less (Sprint distance and shorter)
 - 2) Yellow card (other infringements):
 - 1 minute in cycling courses 91km or longer (Long distance)
 - 30 seconds in cycling courses 60km to 90km (including Middle distance)
 - 15 seconds in cycling courses more than 20km but less than 60km (including Standard distance)
 - seconds in cycling courses 20km or less (Sprint distance or less)

d. An athlete who receives multiple penalties must serve those penalties and may complete the race. For races with a cycling course less than 80km, two or more blue card penalties may result in the athlete being disqualified by the Head Referee at the completion of the race. For races with a cycling course at or longer than 80km, three or more blue card penalties may result in the athlete being disqualified by the Head Referee at the completion of the race.

4.6. DRAFT-LEGAL RACES

1. DRAFT-LEGAL RACE CONDUCT

In draft-legal races, it is forbidden to draft off:

- a. Athletes of a different gender, except when explicitly allowed by USA Triathlon for reasons of logistics.
- b. Athletes on a different lap of the cycling course.
- c. Motorcycles or other motor vehicles. The draft zone behind motorcycles is 15m and behind all other motorized vehicles is 35m. The front edge of the vehicle defines the start of the draft zone. Athletes must not gain or attempt to gain an unfair advantage from any motor vehicle.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

2. DRAFT-LEGAL LAP OUTS

Elite, U23 and Development athletes who have been lapped during the cycling segment will be withdrawn from the competition by the Technical Officials. Technical Officials may anticipate this decision, for safety reasons, if the Official is totally sure that the overlapping will happen. This "Lap-out" rule can be modified with the approval of the Commissioner of Officials or their designee.

3. Draft-Legal Riding Position

The riding position in draft-legal races requires that the only points of support are the following: The feet on the pedals, the hands on the handlebars and the seat on the saddle.

Penalty for violation: Time Penalty. If repeated or not corrected, DSQ.

4. Draft-Legal Helmet

Helmets must conform with the requirements of the **BICYCLE HELMETS** section.

5. Draft-Legal Bicycle Check

- a. A bike check may include all items listed in the <u>BICYCLE SPECIFICATIONS</u> section. Additionally, water bottles may not be placed behind the saddle in draft-legal races.
- b. A visual bike check will take place upon arrival to the transition area before the competition. Technical Officials will check that bicycles comply with the draft-legal competition rules and the Draft-Legal Checklist.
- c. After the athlete briefing, athletes may request approval from the Head Referee on whether their bicycle is legal.

4.7. BICYCLE SPECIFICATIONS

The bicycle is a human powered vehicle with two wheels of equal diameter. The front wheel shall be steerable; the rear wheel shall be driven through a system consisting of pedals and a chain. Bicycles are referred to as bikes and will have the following characteristics in the following sections:

1. FOR ELITE, U23 AND DEVELOPMENTAL HIGH-PERFORMANCE DRAFT-LEGAL RACES

a. Frames

1) The frame of the bike shall be of a traditional pattern, i.e., built around a main triangle of three straight or tapered tubular elements, (which may be round, oval, flattened, teardrop shaped or otherwise in cross-section) such that the form of each element encloses a straight line. The elements of the frame shall be laid out such that the joining points shall follow the following pattern: the top tube connects the top of the head tube to the top of the seat tube; the seat tube (from which the seat post shall extend) shall connect to the bottom bracket shell; the down tube shall connect the bottom bracket shell to the bottom of the head tube. The rear triangles shall be formed by the chain stays, the seat stays and the seat tube with the seat stays anchored to the seat tube at points falling within the limits laid down for the slope of the top tube. The maximum height of the elements shall be 8 cm and the minimum thickness 2.5 cm. The minimum

thickness shall be reduced to 1 cm for the chain stays and the seat stays. The minimum thickness of the elements of the front fork shall be 1 cm; these may be straight or curved. The maximum ratio of any two dimensions in a cross section of any tube is 1:3.

- 2) The bike will be no more than 185 cm long, and 50 cm wide.
- 3) The bike will measure between 24 cm and 30 cm from the ground to the center of the chain wheel axle.
- 4) There will be no less than 54 cm and no more than 65 cm between a vertical line passing through the center of the chain wheel axle and a vertical line through the center of the front wheel axle.
- 5) There must be a brake on each wheel.
- 6) Fairings are prohibited. Any device, added or blended into the structure, that is destined to decrease, or which has the effect of decreasing, resistance to air penetration or artificially to accelerate propulsion, such as a protective screen, fuselage form fairing or the like, shall be prohibited.
- 7) Bicycles provided with the UCI Road Race homologation label (Code RD) are always allowed in draft-legal races, even if they contravene any of the previous bullets in this section.
- 8) Bicycles provided with the UCI Time Trial homologation label (Code TT) are forbidden in draft-legal races unless they comply with the condition listed above.
- Saddle Position (Elite and U23 races, not applicable for Developmental races):
 - There will be a vertical line touching the front-most point of the saddle which will be no less than 5 cm for the men, and 2 cm for the women, behind a vertical line passing through the center of the chain wheel axle, and an athlete must not have the capability of adjusting the saddle beyond these lines during competition.
 - 2) Individual athlete exceptions to this rule must be granted by World Triathlon after a request by the National Federation of the athlete. Exceptions are valid for four years from the calendar year the request has been made. Following that date, the athlete/NF must resubmit the request along with all the supporting documents.

c. Wheels

- 1) No wheel may contain any mechanisms that are capable of accelerating it.
- 2) Wheels are allowed to be used if they are included in the current UCI approved non-standard wheels lists. Wheels not on this list must comply to the following criteria:
- A diameter between 70 cm maximum and 55 cm minimum, including the tire.
- Both wheels must be of equal diameter.
- Wheels shall have at least 20 metal spokes.
- The maximum rim dimension (depth) will be 25mm on each side.
- The rim must be alloy.
- All components must be identifiable and commercially available.

The USA Triathlon Draft-Legal Coordinator may amend these wheel specifications through the appropriate and most current Draft-Legal Checklist.

d. Handlebars

- 1) Only traditional drop handlebars are permitted. The handlebars must be plugged.
- 2) Clip-on aerobars are prohibited.
- 3) Water bottles and water bottle holders may not be mounted onto the handlebars.

2. FOR DRAFT-ILLEGAL RACES AND AGE-GROUP DRAFT-LEGAL RACES

a. Frames

- 1) The frame of the bike shall be of a traditional pattern, i.e., built around a closed frame of straight or tapered tubular elements (which may be round, oval, flattened, teardrop shaped or otherwise in cross-section). Bikes built around a diamond shape (no saddle down tube) or with a rear triangle which does not connect at the top of the down tube/top tube section are considered acceptable.
- 2) The bike will be no more than 185 cm long and 50 cm wide.
- 3) The bike will measure between 24 cm and 30 cm from the ground to the center of the chain wheel axle.

- 4) There will be no less than 54 cm and no more than 65 cm between a vertical line passing through the center of the chain wheel axle and a vertical line through the center of the front wheel axle.
- 5) There must be a brake on each wheel.
- 6) Bikes provided with the UCI Time Trial homologation label (Code TT) are always allowed in draft-illegal races, even if they contravene any of the previous items in this section.

b. Saddle Position

There will be a vertical line touching the front-most point of the saddle which will be no more than 5 cm in front of, and no more than 15 cm behind, a vertical line passing through the center of the chain wheel axle, and an athlete must not have the capability of adjusting the saddle beyond these lines during competition.

c. Wheels

- 1) No wheel may contain any mechanisms that are capable of accelerating it.
- 2) For draft-illegal races, a disc wheel or covers are allowed on the rear wheel. However, this provision may be changed by the Head Referee in the interest of safety, i.e. high winds.
- 3) For Age-Group draft-legal races, wheels shall have at least 12 spokes. Disc wheels are not allowed.

d. Handlebars

- 1) For draft-illegal races, handlebars and clip-on bars not extending beyond the leading edge of the front wheel are permitted. Aerobars in two pieces do not need to be bridged. All tube ends have to be plugged. Water bottles and water bottle holders may be mounted onto the handlebars.
- 2) For Age-Group draft-legal competitions, only traditional drop handlebars are permitted. The handlebars must be plugged. Aerobars are not allowed.

3. Non-Traditional or Unusual Bicycles

Non-traditional or unusual bicycles or equipment shall be illegal unless approved for use in writing by World Triathlon or USA Triathlon. The request to use such a bicycle must be submitted to World Triathlon or USA Triathlon for approval at least 30 days before the event in question for a decision.

5. RUNNING CONDUCT

5.1. GENERAL RUNNING CONDUCT

- a. An athlete may run or walk.
- b. An athlete may not crawl.

Penalty for violation: DSQ and removal from the race.

- c. An athlete may run barefoot or without footwear on any part of the run course.
- d. An athlete may not run while wearing or possessing a bicycle helmet.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

e. An athlete may not use posts, trees or other fixed elements to assist in maneuvering curves.

Penalty for violation: Time Penalty.

f. An athlete must always display their run bib number, if provided, on the run course. The number itself must remain visible and unaltered.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If intentional and not corrected: Time Penalty. If not registered for the race: Removal from the race and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension.

g. An athlete cannot be accompanied on or alongside the running course by any pacemakers or other non-competing persons.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

5.2. FINISH AREA CONDUCT

Athletes participating in USA Triathlon sanctioned races are reminded that any activity during a race judged by the Head Referee to constitute endangerment may result in disqualification, including activity in the finish chute.

1. An athlete will be judged as finished the moment any part of the torso crosses a vertical line extending from the leading edge of the finish line.

- 2. At USA Triathlon National Events and World Triathlon qualifying events only, the following athlete conduct is prohibited:
 - a. An athlete cannot be accompanied by any non-competing person in the finish chute.

Penalty for violation: DSQ.

b. Uniforms with a front zipper should be fully zipped before crossing the finish line.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend for athletes in the final 200m wearing a front zipper undone.

5.3. PROHIBITED RUNNING EQUIPPMENT

The following are prohibited for use in any USA Triathlon sanctioned race:

- a. All equipment unauthorized throughout the race, including headphone(s) and headset(s) inserted or covering the ears, communications devices of any type when used in any distractive manner, and glass containers.
- b. Crutches, canes, poles or any other devices to help the progress by pushing or pulling with the arms, except for adaptive athletes granted an exception in accordance with the <u>ADAPTIVE TRIATHLON (AT)</u> section.
- c. Shoes that do not comply with **SHOE SPECIFICATIONS**.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

5.4. SHOE SPECIFICATIONS

USA Triathlon follows World Athletics' Shoe Regulations applicable to road events for all triathlon and its other related multisports.

a. For the avoidance of doubt: Running shoes with a stack height sole thickness as defined in World Athletics Shoe Regulations of greater than 40mm are prohibited and will result in disqualification. Shoes containing more than one plate rigid structure as defined in World Athletics Shoe Regulations are prohibited and will result in disqualification.

- b. Customized shoes, as defined in the World Athletics' Shoe Regulations, are permitted to be worn in USA Triathlon races.
- c. Developmental shoes, as defined in the World Athletics' Shoe Regulations, are permitted to be worn in USA Triathlon races with the conditions that:
- 1) The specific shoe is already on the list of shoes approved by World Athletics as a development shoe.
 - 2) The multisport race where the shoes are be used is held within the approved dates as on the list of shoes approved by World Athletics.

The shoes used by an athlete may be subject to random shoe control or may be the subject of a protest. For any shoe that cannot be identified, each piece of information (and maybe the shoe itself) will be required to be sent to USA Triathlon for verification. If the shoe is confirmed as prohibited, the athlete will be disqualified.

6. TRANSITION CONDUCT

6.1. EQUIPMENT PLACEMENT

- a. Each registered athlete may only check one bicycle into transition. All athletes must rack their bicycle before the transition area closes. Any athlete unable to do this must inform the Head Referee.
- b. Only equipment to be used in the race should be placed in the transition area. All other belongings and equipment should be removed before the start of the race unless otherwise allowed by Event Management. Marking by an athlete of a position in the transition area is prohibited. Marks and objects (including race equipment) used for marking purposes may be removed and the athletes may not be notified. Age-group draft-illegal athletes may use a towel or mat to stage their race equipment on the ground at their transition position.

Penalty for violation: Before competition: Warning and amend. Age-Group: If not corrected, marking and objects used for marking purposes will be removed from the transition area. Elite and Paratriathlon: If not corrected before competition: Time Penalty.

- c. An athlete must always rack their own bicycle at their designated bicycle rack location only and leave it in a stable position. If Event Management assigns discrete transition positions for each specific athlete, athletes must place their equipment on the side of the rack where the athlete's race number is displayed. If discrete transition positions are not assigned, athletes must place their equipment (bicycle and gear) together, on the same side of any rack used.
 - 1) For Draft-Illegal races, the bicycle must be racked:
 - When using a traditional (horizontal bar) rack: By either the seat or by both brake handles or by both sides of the handlebar, as determined by Event Management. The bicycle must be racked so that the majority of the bicycle is on the athlete's designated side of the rack.
 - When using an individual (wheel-holding) rack: By either of the wheels, as determined by Event Management.
 - 2) For Draft-Legal races, the bicycle must be racked:
 - When using a traditional (horizontal bar) rack: In the first transition, in an upright position with the front of the saddle hooked over the horizontal bar

so that front wheel is pointing to the middle of the transition lane. In the second transition, in any direction, with both sides of the handlebar, both brake levers or the saddle, within 0.5m of the race number or name plate. The Head Referee may apply exceptions.

• When using an individual (wheel-holding) rack: In the first transition by the rear wheel, and in the second transition by either of the wheels.

Penalty for violation: Before competition: Warning and amend. Age-Group: If not corrected before competition, Event Management may remove and place equipment in the proper location and orientation before the first transition. If during competition: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon during competition: Time Penalty.

- d. Unless an equipment bin is provided, athletes must place their equipment within their transition space, between the rack and the forward edge of the bicycle wheel.
- e. An athlete must not interfere with another athlete's equipment. In Age-Group races where accidental interference occurs, the offending athlete must replace the equipment in its former position and state before resuming racing.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend by replacing the offended athlete's equipment in its former state. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty.

6.2. GENERAL TRANSITION CONDUCT

a. Athletes must not impede the progress of other athletes in the transition area by stopping in the flow zones of the transition area.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty.

b. Nudity or indecent exposure is forbidden.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

6.3. HELMET CHIN STRAP

a. The cycling helmet chin strap must be securely fastened at all times when the athlete is in possession of the bicycle, which means from the time they remove their bicycle from the rack when transitioning to the cycling segment, until they have placed their bicycle on the rack after concluding the cycling segment.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty.

b. While the athlete is competing in the first segment of the race, the helmet must be in the transition area with the chin strap unfastened.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Technical Official may unfasten the strap. Elite and Paratriathlon: Technical Official will unfasten the strap, and Time Penalty.

6.4. BICYCLE MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING

a. Cycling is not permitted inside the transition area, except during Draft-Legal races when the cycling course runs through the transition area. While in the transition area (before the designated mount line and after the designated dismount line) the bicycle can be pushed only be the athlete's hands.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend.

b. Athletes must mount their bicycles after the designated mount line by having one complete foot contact with the ground after the mount line. Athletes who cycle out of transition rather than mounting beyond the mount line will be disqualified.

Penalty for improper mounting violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty. Penalty for riding bicycle through and out of transition zone: DSQ.

c. Athletes must dismount their bicycles before the designated dismount line by having one complete foot contact with the ground before the dismount line. Athletes who make no attempt to dismount at the dismount line, causing them to cycle in the transition area, will be disqualified.

Penalty for improper dismount violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty. Penalty for riding bicycle into and through transition zone: DSQ.

d. If during the mount or dismount maneuver, the athlete loses their shoe(s) or other equipment, no penalty will be applied.

6.5. DRAFT-LEGAL TRANSITIONS USING EQUIPMENT BINS

Personal equipment bins are required for Elite, U23 and Developmental High Performance Draft-Legal competitions, and permitted for Age-Group Draft-Legal competitions. The purpose of the bin is to discard equipment no longer needed in the competition, reducing interference with other athletes and presenting a professional look.

- a. Each athlete must have an individual bin, marked on an outside wall with the athlete's race number.
- b. The bin must be within 0.5m from the athlete's rack number or name placard. It is the athlete's choice to place the bin on either side of the athlete's bicycle or rack number placard.
- c. Only used equipment (that will not be used again) must be deposited in the corresponding numbered bin. Prior to the start of the competition, athletes must place within 0.5m of the bin all equipment to be used at a later stage in the competition. Bike shoes, glasses, helmet, and other bike equipment can be placed on the bicycle before Transition 1.
- d. In a competition with repeating segments, athletes who will re-use equipment in a later repeating segment must place that equipment outside the bin within 0.5m of the bin. For example, if an athlete wishes to use the same shoes in a duathlon for the second run, these shoes are not placed in the bin during Transition 1. However, only one pair of running shoes may be on the floor at any time during the cycling segment of the competition.
- e. A piece of equipment is considered deposited in the bin when one part of the equipment is inside the bin.
- f. By the end of the last transition, all equipment regardless whether used or not must be removed from the floor. It must either be used or carried into the final race segment or deposited in the athlete's corresponding bin, except:
 - Bike shoes, which may remain fixed on the bike pedals.
 - Bike equipment other than helmet and glasses, if placed on the bike before Transition 1, may remain on the bike.

Penalty for violation: Age-Group: Warning and amend. Elite and Paratriathlon: Time Penalty.

7. PENALTIES

7.1. GENERAL

Failure to comply with USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules may result in an athlete being penalized, disqualified, suspended or banned. The nature of the rule violation will determine the subsequent penalty.

If a Technical Official deems than an unfair advantage has been gained or if an unsafe situation has been created through an infringement not listed in these Multisport Competition Rules, the Technical Official is allowed to assess a penalty (Warning and Amend, time penalty of standard duration, or Disqualification) commensurate with the severity of the infraction, even if the infringement is not listed in these Rules.

7.2. WARNINGS

The purpose of a warning is to alert an athlete about a possible rule violation and to promote a proactive attitude. A Technical Official can administer a warning to an athlete to correct a minor infringement provided an official believes a violation is about to occur, or the violation is unintentional, or no advantage has been gained by the violation.

The Technical Official will attract the attention of the athlete with a visual and/or aural signal. (A Technical Official may show yellow card as a signal.) The athlete will be stopped if necessary, asked to amend their behavior, and be allowed to continue the race immediately. Failure to modify the behavior may result in a yellow, blue or red card.

7.3. ISSUING PENALTIES WITH YELLOW, BLUE, AND RED CARDS

The Technical Official uses the following process when issuing a penalty:

Gain the attention of the athlete.

Confirm with the athlete their race number.

Show the athlete a yellow, blue or red card and inform the athlete of the rule infringement.

Advise the athlete what action needs to be taken.

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The athlete must obey any instruction from the Technical Official. An athlete issued any penalty or penalties may complete the race unless otherwise instructed or as specified in these rules.

7.4. YELLOW CARD PENALTY

This is a warning and amend penalty, stop and go penalty, or a time penalty for a minor infringement that is issued by a Technical Official anywhere on the course. This penalty involves the display of a yellow card by a Technical Official and advisement on how/when/where the athlete is to serve the penalty. The athlete may resume racing only after being instructed to do so by the Technical Official.

For safety reasons, a Technical Official may have to delay issuing a Yellow Card Penalty.

If the athlete is instructed to proceed to a bicycle course penalty area, then the athlete will be required to stop and attend the next penalty area. Failure to do so may result in disqualification.

7.5. BLUE CARD PENALTY FOR DRAFTING AND OVERTAKEN

This is a time penalty for a drafting, overtaken or re-passing infringement that is issued by a Technical Official on the cycling course. This penalty involves the display of a blue card by a Technical Official and advisement to proceed to the next bicycle course penalty area to stop and attend there to serve the time penalty. Failure to do so may result in disqualification.

For safety reasons, a Technical Official may have to delay issuing a Blue Card Penalty.

7.6. PENALTY SERVICE AT A PENALTY AREA

Athletes serve their penalties at a penalty area according to the following process.

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1. CYCLING COURSE PENALTY AREA – DRAFT-ILLEGAL RACES

The cycling course penalty area applies to draft-illegal races.

- a. After receiving notification on the cycling course of a penalty, the athlete must stop at the next penalty area they encounter. Penalty service may not be deferred or delayed to a subsequent penalty area or (on a multi-lap cycling course) a subsequent lap.
- b. The athlete comes to a compete stop at the penalty area, dismounts the bicycle and informs the official of their race number, the number of penalties to serve and the color(s) of the card(s) received. The time penalty starts when the athlete complies with all of those steps, and ends when the official says "Go", at which time the athlete may continue with the race. If the athlete leaves the area, the official will pause the time count and ask the athlete to return. Once the athlete returns, the time count will continue.
- c. While in the cycling course penalty area, the athlete is prohibited from...
 - 1) Relieving themselves in the penalty area. The athlete may use an adjacent restroom but the penalty time count will be paused.
 - 2) Performing any type of bicycle maintenance or bicycle adjustments.
 - 3) Consuming food and/or beverage other than that which is on the athlete's bicycle or person.

Athletes may be disqualified if they fail to properly serve a penalty or if they perform any of the prohibited acts within the penalty area.

2. Run Course Penalty Area – Draft-Legal Races

The run course penalty area applies only to Elite, U23, Developmental High Performance, and Team Relay draft-legal races.

- Athletes may be notified about penalties by displaying the athlete's race number and a letter code indicating the nature of the infringement on a display board posted at the run penalty box. It is the athlete's responsibility to check this board.
- b. The athlete comes to a compete stop at the penalty area and informs the official of their race number and the number of penalties to serve. The time penalty starts when the athlete complies with all of those steps, and ends when the official says "Go", at which time the athlete may continue with the

Penalties 39 v.2025.01.01-3 competition. If the athlete leaves the area, the official will pause the time count and ask the athlete to return. Once the athlete returns, the time count will continue.

- c. After serving a penalty, the penalized athlete's race number will be removed from the display board.
- d. The penalized athlete may serve their penalty on any lap of the run course.

Athletes that continue to the finish with unserved penalties will be disqualified upon crossing the finish line. This disqualification may be protested.

3. PENALTY SERVICE ON THE SPOT – RUNNING COURSE

A yellow card time penalty may be assessed anywhere on the running course "on the spot" in accordance with these Multisport Competition Rules.

The Technical Official will hold a yellow card in front of the athlete to be assessed a time penalty. The athlete will be ordered to stop safely by the side of the running course. If the athlete moves forward, the time count will be paused. Once the athlete stops again, the count will continue. When the penalty time has been completed, the Technical Official will say "Go" and the athlete can continue with the race.

7.7. TIME PENALTY DURATION

The duration of the time penalty will vary according to the length of the cycling course. For multisports without a cycling segment, the duration of

- a. Blue Card (drafting) violations:
 - 5 minutes in cycling courses 80km or longer (including Middle and Long distance)
 - 2 minutes in cycling courses more than 20km but less than 80km (including Standard distance)
 - 1 minute in cycling courses 20km or less (Sprint distance and shorter)
- b. Yellow Card (other infringements):
 - 1 minute in cycling courses longer than 90km (including Long distance)
 - 30 seconds in cycling courses 80km to 90km (including Middle distance)
 - 15 seconds in cycling courses more than 20km but less than 80km (including Standard distance)
 - seconds in cycling courses 20km or less (Sprint distance or less)

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7.8. MULTIPLE TIME PENALTIES

An athlete who receives multiple time penalties during the entire race must serve those penalties and may complete the race. For races with a cycling course less than 60km, two or more blue card penalties may result in the athlete being disqualified by the Head Referee at the completion of the race. For races with a cycling course at or longer than 60km, three or more blue card penalties may result in the athlete being disqualified by the Head Referee at the completion of the race.

7.9. DISQUALIFICATION (DSQ) PENALTY

A disqualification (DSQ) may be issued for a violation that is a major infringement. This penalty removes an athlete as a finisher from the results of a race.

The Head Referee rules on all violations that warrant disqualification.

- a. If time and conditions permit, a Technical Official will assess a potential disqualification by showing a red card. For safety reasons, a Technical Official may have to delay issuing a potential disqualification. Technical Officials must provide a violation report to the Head Referee when:
 - 1) Issuing a red card.
 - 2) Unable to issue a red card in person due to circumstances.
 - 3) An athlete did not properly serve a Yellow Card time penalty or Blue Card time penalty.
- b. Where the Head Referee's decision is to disqualify an athlete during the race or immediately following completion of the race, the Head Referee must post the ruling on the Penalty Notice Board which is to be displayed in a prominent location that athletes will have access to at the event venue, for example, the athlete recovery area. The Head Referee may wish to personally meet with a disqualified athlete to discuss the ruling, but this is not mandatory.
- c. An athlete may finish the race if a Technical Official issues a potential disqualification, except the athlete must withdraw from the course when:
 - 1) The athlete fails to meet any time limits established by Event Management or by these Multisport Competition Rules.
 - 2) The athlete in an Elite, U23 or Development draft-legal race is overlapped on the cycling course.

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3) An official rendering assistance requests that the athlete withdraw from the race or receive medical assistance.

7.10. SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION FROM USA TRIATHLON

- a. Suspension and/or Expulsion from USA Triathlon may be issued for a violation that is a severe infringement. Severe infringements include, but are not limited to:
 - 1) Conduct of an unusual, protracted, violent or severe nature.
 - 2) Fraud.
 - 3) Participating while ineligible.
 - 4) Violation of USA Triathlon's Anti-Doping Policy.
- b. Penalties, including suspension and expulsion from USA Triathlon, may be imposed upon event participants and members of USA Triathlon who violate any of these Multisport Competition Rules or who solicit, encourage, or assist in a violation of these rules. Except as otherwise provided in these Multisport Competition Rules, the specific penalty to be imposed in any given case shall depend on the nature and severity of the violation as determined by the Head Referee or USA Triathlon.
- c. The Head Referee will refer the details of the infringement to the relevant authority. The relevant authority may issue a suspension or expulsion from USA Triathlon in accordance with USA Triathlon Bylaws and the USA Triathlon Grievance and Disciplinary Policy.

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8. MULTISPORTS

8.1. TRIATHLON

1. FORMAT OF TRIATHLON

Triathlon is multisport that combines swimming, cycling and running segments.

The typical triathlon is one segment each of swimming, cycling and running, in that order. Competition formats and distances for standardized races and championship events are listed in the MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES appendix.

Event Management has discretion to determine the order of the segments and number of segments in a triathlon multisport race in all cases except when wetsuits are mandatory for the swimming segment. When wetsuit use is mandatory, the swimming segment must be the first segment of the race and cannot be repeated.

Event Management must inform athletes of the order and format of the race prior to the start of the race.

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct, Swimming Conduct, Cycling Conduct, Running Conduct and Transition Conduct apply to the corresponding segments of Triathlon.

Cross (MTB) Triathlon, Gravel Triathlon, Winter Triathlon and Indoor Triathlon have supplemental rules elsewhere in these Multisport Competition Rules.

8.2. DUATHLON

1. FORMAT OF DUATHLON

Duathlon is multisport that combines cycling and running in three segments. The first segment is running, followed by cycling and finishing with running.

Competition formats and distances for standardized races and championship events are listed in the <u>MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES</u> appendix.

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Duathlon.

Cross (MTB) Duathlon, Gravel Duathlon and Winter Duathlon have supplemental rules elsewhere in these Multisport Competition Rules.

8.3. AQUABIKE

1. FORMAT OF AQUABIKE

Aquabike is multisport which combines swimming and cycling in two segments. The first segment is swimming and the finishing segment is cycling.

Aquabike may be included and combined with triathlon events, with the same swimming and cycling distances as the triathlon(s) programmed into the aquabike race(s). Aquabike may also be a stand-alone race.

2. Applicability of Competition Rules

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Aquabike, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Finish of the Aquabike

- 1) Event Management has discretion to determine the finish point of the Aquabike race, considering timing and logistics. Event Management must inform athletes of the finish point of the race prior to the start of the race.
- 2) It is preferred for the finish of the race to be at a finish line on the cycling course that is crossed while athletes are mounted on the bicycle. The finish occurs at the instant that the tire of the front wheel meets the vertical plane rising from the starting edge of the finishing line. The time registered at this point is the athlete's finish time.
- 3) For reasons of timing and logistics, Event Management may declare the finish point of the Aquabike race to be elsewhere, such as...
 - The dismount line of the triathlon event(s). In such case, the time
 registered by the athlete's timing chip crossing the dismount line is the
 athlete's finish time. The Transition Conduct rules apply to Aquabike in
 respect to the dismount from the bicycle, crossing the dismount line
 and entering transition.
 - The finish line of the triathlon event(s). In such case, all Multisport Competition Rules, including Transition Conduct rules and Running Conduct rules, apply to the Aquabike race as they do to the triathlon event(s).

8.4. AQUATHLON

1. FORMAT OF AQUATHLON

Aquathlon is multisport which combines swimming and running in two or three segments.

When wetsuits would be permitted for the swimming segment, Aquathlon is a two-segment event. The first segment is swimming and the finishing segment is running.

When wetsuits would be prohibited for the swimming segment, Aquathlon is either a two-segment (swimming then running) event or three-segment event. In a three-segment event, the first segment is running, followed by swimming and finishing with running.

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Aquathlon, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Clarifications

- 1) In a three-segment Aquathlon, athletes may carry their swimming goggles and official swim cap during the first running segment and may wear them during the first transition.
- The <u>WATER TEMPERATURES AND WETSUIT USE</u> sections applies to Aquathlon in all respects. Race organizers should plan for a swim-run Aquathlon when conditions would possibly be wetsuit-permitted.

8.5. MIDDLE AND LONG DISTANCE TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

1. FORMAT

This section applies to all Triathlons and Duathlons with a cycling segment of at least 80km (50 miles). By extension, it applies to Middle Distance Triathlon/Duathlon and Long Distance Triathlon/Duathlon, as those formats are defined in the <u>MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES</u> appendix.

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Middle and Long Distance Triathlon and Duathlon, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Penalties

Details about penalty service and duration are specifically outlined in the <u>PENALTIES</u> and CYCLING CONDUCT sections.

b. Transition Area

In the transition area, event staff may assist athletes by receiving and placing their bicycles and handing out their equipment. This service must be equal for all athletes.

Athletes are allowed to replace their uniforms in the transition area. If the athlete needs to become nude to do it, this action needs to be done inside the tent provided by Event Management for this purpose.

For races where the bag drop system is in place, all equipment must be deposited inside the proper bag provided by Event Management. The only exception is the bike shoes that may remain attached to the pedals at all times.

c. Personal Needs Stations

Additional stations on the cycling and running courses may be provided for personal needs. Any items given out at these stations will be handed out event staff.

d. Permissible Outside Assistance

Medical assistance, food and liquid are permitted at aid stations and personal needs stations.

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Bicycle mechanical support may be provided at the aid stations and by approved vehicles at any point on the cycling course.

Event Management may provide helpers to remove wetsuits.

All other outside assistance (not elsewhere permitted in the corresponding conduct section) is prohibited.

8.6. INDOOR TRIATHLON

1. FORMAT OF INDOOR TRIATHLON

Indoor Triathlon is a triathlon that takes place in a closed space such as a sports pavilion or a recreation center, that has a swimming pool, a cycling track or stationary bicycles, and a running track or treadmills.

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Indoor Triathlon, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Distances

The prescribed distance of each segment is defined by Event Management, with athletes progressing to the next segment upon completion of the actual (or virtual) distance prescribed.

b. Transitions

After the swim, there may be a neutralized time period that is compulsory for all athletes, for the purposes of drying athletes to prevent excess water on the bicycles and bicycle track, and/or to safely transfer to the cycling area. Race management may also establish a neutralized time period after the cycling segment, to safely transfer to the running area.

c. Swimming

A maximum of two athletes are allowed per lane, where they must keep to the side all the times.

d. Cycling

When using a cycling track, lapped athletes are not removed from the race, and athletes may draft off each other regardless of whether they are on the same lap.

e. Running

When using a running track, spike shoes are not allowed.

8.7. CROSS TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

1. FORMAT OF CROSS TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

Cross Triathlon/Duathlon is a triathlon/duathlon with a mountain bike cycling and cross-country running segments. Cross multisport is distinct from Gravel multisport with more specific limitations on bicycles, course types and distances.

2. Applicability of Competition Rules

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Cross Triathlon and Duathlon, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Distances

Competition formats and distances for standardized events and championship events are listed in the <u>MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES</u> appendix.

The course should have demanding hills and challenging technical aspects.

b. Mountain Biking

The minimum tire diameter is 26 inches and maximum is 29 inches. The minimum tire cross-section is 1.5 inches.

Front and rear wheels may have different diameters.

Traditional road handlebars are forbidden. Traditional MTB bar ends are authorized. Ends must be plugged.

Aero bars are not allowed.

Athletes are allowed to push or carry the mountain bicycle over the course.

Drafting is allowed, for both same gender and opposite gender athletes.

Lapped athletes will not be removed from the race.

No-passing zones may be established by Event Management for safety reasons.

Athletes must carry out their own mountain bike repairs. They must bring their own tools and/or leave tools and spares at a designated Repair Zone.

c. Cross-Country Running

Spike shoes are allowed.

d. Personal Needs Stations

Additional stations on the cycling and running courses may be provided for personal needs. Any items given out at these stations will be handed out by event staff.

8.8. GRAVEL TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

1. FORMAT OF GRAVEL TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

Gravel Triathlon/Duathlon is a triathlon/duathlon with a cycling segment that includes unpaved terrain. Gravel multisport is distinct from Cross Triathlon/Duathlon which mandates a mountain biking and cross-country running segments.

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Gravel Triathlon and Duathlon, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

3. DISTANCES AND COURSES

The distances and courses for gravel multisport events shall be determined by Event Management with fair competition and athlete safety as the primary considerations. When possible, courses should have demanding hills and challenging technical aspects.

4. EQUIPMENT

Bicycles with aero bars of any type, including time trial bicycles (defined for this rule as bicycles having fixed aero bars), are prohibited. All other bicycles that are currently allowed in the CYCLING CONDUCT and BICYCLE SPECIFICATIONS sections are allowed. Bicycles that are prohibited by the CYCLING CONDUCT and BICYCLE SPECIFICATIONS sections (such as recumbents and fixed-gear bicycles) remain prohibited in gravel multisport.

Bicycle bar ends must be plugged.

5. Course Progress

The manner of starting the event (mass/wave start or time-trial start) is at the sole discretion of Event Management.

Drafting is allowed. While gravel multisport is a draft-permitted sport, athletes found to be intentionally abandoning their own ambitions to advance the position of another athlete may be barred from future gravel multisport events. Such a determination is solely a decision of Event Management.

Athletes are allowed to push or carry their bicycle over the course.

No-passing zones may be established by Event Management for safety reasons.

Lapped athletes will not be removed from the race.

8.9. WINTER TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

1. FORMAT OF WINTER TRIATHLON AND DUATHLON

Winter Triathlon/Duathlon are multisports conducted primarily on snow or ice surfaces. Winter Triathlon typically combines running, mountain biking or skating, and cross-country skiing. Winter Duathlon typically combines running and mountain biking.

Competition for standardized events and championship events are listed in the <u>MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES</u> appendix.

2. Applicability of Competition Rules

The Multisport Competition Rules for <u>General Athlete Conduct</u>, <u>Swimming Conduct</u>, <u>Cycling Conduct</u>, <u>Running Conduct</u>, and <u>Transition Conduct</u> apply to the corresponding segments of Winter Triathlon and Duathlon, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Courses

All segments of the competition will be primarily on snow or ice. The running and mountain bicycling segments may also include different surfaces such as dirt trails.

b. Running

Running shoes with spikes are allowed.

Running shoes are mandatory for Elite athletes.

c. Mountain Bicycling

The mountain bicycling segment is laid out as a cross-country course over snow and may follow normal roads or paths.

The minimum tire diameter is 26 inches and maximum is 29 inches. The minimum cross section of the tire is 1.5 inches.

Spiked tires are allowed, provided that the spikes are shorter than 5mm, measured from the surface of the tire.

Front and rear wheels may have different diameters.

Traditional road handlebars are forbidden. Traditional MTB bar ends are authorized. Ends must be plugged.

Aero bars are not allowed.

Athletes are allowed to push or carry the mountain bicycle over the course.

Drafting is allowed.

Lapped athletes will not be removed from the race.

No-passing zones may be established by Event Management for safety reasons.

Athletes must carry out their own mountain bike repairs. They must bring their own tools and/or leave tools and spares at a designated Repair Zone.

d. Skating

All types of skates, including Nordic blades, are allowed.

Athletes are not allowed to change any of the skates during the event.

Once a request to pass is made by an athlete, the athlete being passed must move to the side as soon as possible.

Athletes will wear helmets that comply with the <u>BICYCLE HELMETS</u> section of these Multisport Competition Rules.

e. Nordic Skiing

The Race Referee may allow testing of equipment (skis) prior to the race on the race course and/or on specially-marked tracks.

Athletes may ski using their preferred technique. However, the Race Referee may determine that the classic style is mandatory in specific areas.

Penalty for violation: Not using classic skiing style where mandatory: First offense: Time Penalty. Second Offense: DSQ.

Ski shoes are mandatory for Elite athletes.

Wearing the cycling helmet during the skiing segment is not allowed. However, due to the effect of cold temperatures on mobility, wearing a helmet could be authorized by the Race Referee.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected,: DSQ.

Athletes cannot be accompanied by team members, team managers or other pacemakers on the course during the race.

Once a request to pass is made by an athlete, the athlete being passed must move to the side as soon as possible.

The last straight (50-100m) will be the finish chute. This zone is normally separated into corridors to avoid the athletes impeding the progress of other athletes. The corridors must be clearly marked and highly visible, but the markings must not interfere with the skis. The corridors should be as long as possible. In the finish straight, athletes are not allowed to change from one corridor to another, except to overtake. Athletes must clear the finish line by 10m before stopping to remove their skis.

Penalty for violation: If athlete impedes another while changing finish corridors: DSQ.

The athlete will be judged as finished the moment the tip of the front ski boot crosses the vertical plane of the leading edge of the finish line.

f. Transition Area

Athletes must put on and take off their running shoes and skates at the athlete's own space within the transition area. However, if a "Nordic blades changing zone" is provided alongside the edge of the ice, athletes may choose to put the Nordic blades on there.

Skiing or riding the bicycle inside the transition area is forbidden. Athletes must proceed to a designated area before mounting their equipment and dismount the bicycle before a designated dismount line.

Athletes must have their helmet securely fastened from the time they remove their bicycle from the rack at the start of the mountain cycling segment, and/or when they put the skates on, until after they have placed their mountain bicycle on the race at the finish of the mountain cycling segment, and/or when they take their skates off.

Technical Officials may assist athletes by receiving and placing their mountain bicycles and handing out their equipment. This service must be equal for all athletes.

A littering zone will be placed after the "ski placing line" where athletes can discard shoe covers.

g. Personal Needs Stations

Additional stations on the mountain cycling and running courses may be provided for personal needs. Any items given out at these stations will be handed out by event staff

h. Weather Conditions						
The race will be cancelled if the air temperature is lower than 0 $^{\circ}$ F (-18 $^{\circ}$ C).						

8.10. INDIVIDUAL MULTISPORT CIRCUIT RACE

1. FORMAT OF INDIVIDUAL MULTISPORT CIRCUIT RACE

An individual multisport circuit race is an Age-Group race where an individual athlete covers a complete multisport circuit multiple times, as if one athlete was covering all of the legs of a team relay.

An individual circuit race may consist of multiple circuits of one multisport: Triathlon, duathlon, aquathlon, cross triathlon/duathlon or winter triathlon/duathlon. (Aquabike is not authorized for individual circuit races or multisport relays.)

Each circuit of an individual circuit race must be on the same course, except to modify as necessary for the location of the start and finish. The distances of each segment in each circuit must correspond to the prescribed Multisport/Mixed Relay or Super Sprint distances of the applicable multisport. (See MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES appendix.)

2. APPLICABILITY OF COMPETITION RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct, conduct for the applicable segments of the race, and supplemental rules for the specific multisport apply to individual multisport circuit athletes as they do Age-Group multisport relay teams, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Draft-Legal

Age-Group draft-legal cycling conduct and equipment rules apply, with athletes only permitted to draft other athletes of the same gender.

b. Athletes Must Complete Assigned Segments/Multisport in Same Order Each Circuit

Athletes must complete each multisport circuit in the correct order, and repeat the same order in every circuit, unless the exception for cold-water swimming applies.

c. Swimming When Wetsuits Are Mandatory

When wetsuit use is mandatory as determined in accordance with the <u>WATER</u> <u>TEMPERATURE AND WETSUIT USE</u> section, all planned swimming segments of the

individual circuit race are to be cancelled, except for the first segment of the first circuit of the race.

d. Swimming When Wetsuits Are Permitted (Not Mandatory)

When wetsuit use would be permitted as determined in accordance with the <u>WATER TEMPERATURE AND WETSUIT USE</u> section, wetsuits may be used for the first segment of the first circuit of the individual circuit race but are discouraged for use in all succeeding segments.

e. Time Penalties

An individual circuit athlete assigned a time penalty may serve any penalty on any circuit of the course prior to crossing the finish line.

9. RELAYS

9.1. TYPES OF RELAY RACES

1. CORPORATE (AGE-GROUP)

A corporate relay team is composed of multiple athletes. One athlete covers each race segment. The total time for the team is from the start of the first team member to the finish of the last team member. Time is continuous and the timing does not stop between athletes.

A typical corporate multisport relay would be a three-athlete team in a triathlon race, with one athlete covering the swimming segment, another athlete covering the cycling segment, and the third athlete covering the running segment.

a. Applicability Of Competition Rules

Corporate relay races are Age-Group races, and the Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct, conduct for the applicable segments of the race, and (if applicable) supplemental rules for specific multisports apply to corporate relay teams as they do to Age-Group athletes, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

1) Relay Athletes Must Complete Assigned Segments Without Substitution

A corporate relay athlete must solely complete the assigned segment of the race and cannot be assisted by a teammate or substituted for a teammate during a race segment. Exchanges between relay athletes may only occur at a location designated by Event Management.

2) Event Management Determines Competition Aspects

Event Management designates competitive aspects of the corporate relay competition, including:

- The multisport event, number and order of segments.
- The gender composition of relay teams. (Same gender or mixed gender)
- The numerical composition of relay teams. (Whether teams may have fewer athletes than race segments)
- The manner and location of exchanges between relay team athletes.

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2. MULTISPORT RELAYS (MIXED RELAY AND SAME GENDER RELAY)

Multisport relay races are those where relay team athletes each cover a complete multisport event: Triathlon, duathlon, aquathlon, cross triathlon/duathlon or winter triathlon/duathlon. (Aquabike and any other multisport formats are not authorized formats for multisport relays.)

a. Mixed Relay

Mixed relays include athletes of both genders who each cover a complete multisport event. The total time for the team is from the start of the first team member to the finish of the last team member. Timing is continuous and does not stop between athletes.

1) 4x Mixed Relay

A 4x Mixed Relay team is composed of 4 athletes: 2 men and 2 women, who compete in the following order: man, woman, man, woman.

2) 2x1 Mixed Relay

A 2x1 Mixed Relay team is composed of 2 athletes: 1 man and 1 woman, who compete in the following order: man, woman.

3) 2x2 Mixed Relay

A team is composed of 2 athletes: 1 man and 1 woman, who compete in the following order: man, woman, man, woman. Each athlete twice covers a complete multisport event.

b. Same Gender Relay

Same gender relays include multiple athletes of the same gender. Each of them covers a complete multisport event. The total time for the team is from the start of the first team member to the finish of the last team member. Timing is continuous and does not stop between athletes.

c. Applicability Of Competition Rules

Multisport relay races are draft-legal events conducted either under Elite competition rules or Age-Group specific competition rules. The Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct, conduct for the applicable segments of the race, and (if applicable) supplemental rules for specific multisports apply to multisport relay teams as they do to athletes under corresponding Elite or Age-Group specific rules, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions.

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1) Elite Mixed Relay Rules

(Applicable to relay competitions with Elite and Developmental High Performance athletes)

a. Pre-Race Briefing Mandatory

A pre-race briefing for the elite mixed relay is required. If the relay competition is held in conjunction with an elite individual competition, both individual and relay information can be included in the same briefing.

All team members must arrive to race-day check in together, and should each receive an individual timing chip at this check-in.

Team members can use (re-use) the same bicycle.

Transition spots are located so that all teammates are racked together, with the first athlete's position closest to the transition entry, and the last athlete's position closest to the transition exit. <u>DRAFT-LEGAL TRANSITIONS USING EQUIPMENT BINS</u> section applies in all respects.

b. Relay Exchange

Prior to the relay exchange, athletes will wait in a pre-relay exchange area until the Technical Official tells them to enter the exchange zone.

The relay exchange from one team member to another will take place inside the exchange zone, which is 15 meters long.

The exchange is completed by the in-coming athlete using their hand to contact the body of the out-going athlete within the relay zone.

If the exchange occurs unintentionally outside the exchange zone, the team will receive a penalty of 10 seconds, which must be served in the penalty box.

If the exchange was done intentionally outside the relay zone, or was not completed, the team will be disqualified.

c. Relay Penalties

Time penalties are 10 seconds long.

Infringements due to starting before the official start signal will be served by the first athlete in Transition 1.

All other time penalties are to be served at the run penalty box. These penalties may be served by any member of the team who has not yet completed their leg of the race.

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Time penalties will be posted in the notice board of the run penalty box before the deadlines listed below. Notifications posted after these times will be considered invalid.

Infringements committed during the first leg (except early start) will be notified before the athlete in the second leg finishes the second segment.

Infringements committed from the first change over to the end of the second leg will be notified before the athlete in the third leg finishes the second segment.

Infringements committed from the second change over to the end of the third leg will be notified before the athlete in the fourth leg finishes the second segment.

Infringements committed from the third change over to the end of the first half of the last segment, will be notified before the athlete in the fourth leg completes half of the last segment.

d. Crossing The Finish Line

Only the last team member is allowed to cross the finish line. The Head Referee may make an exception to this rule when crossing the finish line is required to electronically record athlete split times.

- 2) Age-Group Specific Mixed Relay Rules
- a. Pre-Race Registration and Check-In
 - i) Recommended competitive categories are age-based, with all athletes in the team within the range of the age category of the team as follows:

```
15-19 years (X15)
20-29 years (X20)
30-39 years (X30)
40-49 years (X40)
50-59 years (X50)
60-69 years (X60)
70-79 years (X70)
80 years and above (X80)
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ii) All team members must arrive to race-day check in together, and should each receive an individual timing chip at this check-in.

b. Race Conduct

Team members can use (re-use) the same bicycle.

Drafting is permitted between athletes of the same gender.

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c. Relay Exchange

The RELAY EXCHANGE for Age-Group specific mixed relays is the same as for Elite relays.

d. Relay Penalties

Age-Group penalty rules apply. Note that most Age-Group penalties are warning and amend, however blocking/impeding on course and relay exchanges outside the designated zone, as examples, do incur time penalties.

e. Crossing The Finish Line

Only the last team member is allowed to cross the finish line. The Head Referee may make an exception to this rule when crossing the finish line is required to electronically record athlete split times.

10. PARA TRIATHLON

10.1. GENERAL

USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules for Para Triathlon are closely aligned with World Triathlon Competition Rules. This section contains the rules which affect only para triathlon.

10.2. PARA TRIATHLON SPORT CLASSES

World Triathlon has implemented an evidence-based classification system to group impairments into sport classes according to the extent of activity limitation they cause the athlete when performing in the sport of para triathlon.

There are nine sport classes.

- PTWC1: Most impaired wheelchair users. Athletes must use a recumbent handcycle on the bike course and a racing wheelchair on the run segment.
- PTWC2: Least impaired wheelchair users. Athletes must use a recumbent handcycle on the bike course and a racing wheelchair on the run segment.
- PTS2: Severe impairments. In both bike and run segments, amputee athletes may use approved prosthesis or other supportive devices.
- PTS3: Significant impairments. In both bike and run segments, the athlete may
 use approved prosthesis or other supportive devices.
- PTS4: Moderate impairments. In both bike and run segments, the athlete may
 use approved prosthesis or other supportive devices.
- PTS5: Mild Impairments. In both bike and run segments, the athlete may use approved prosthesis or other supportive devices.
- PTVI1: Includes athletes who are totally blind, from no light perception in either eye, to some light perception. One guide is mandatory throughout the race. Must ride a tandem during the bike segment.
- PTVI2: Includes athletes who are more severe partially sighted athletes. One guide is mandatory throughout the competition. Must ride a tandem during the bike segment.
- PTVI3: Includes athletes who are less severe partially sighted athletes. One guide is mandatory throughout the competition. Must ride a tandem during the bike segment.

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10.3. PARA TRIATHLON COMPETITION EVENTS

There are six paratriathlon competition events.

- PTWC: PTWC1 and PTWC2 sport class athletes competing together
- PTS2
- PTS3
- PTS4
- PTS5
- PTVI: PTVI1, PTVI2 and PTVI3 sport class athletes competing together

10.4. CLASSIFICATION

- a. All Para triathletes competing at a USA Triathlon sanctioned competition must have an international para triathlon classification to ensure they meet the minimal eligibility criteria for competition and are assigned an appropriate sport class. Para triathletes requiring classification will need to be available to attend an international classification appointment with a World Triathlon designated classification panel prior to the competition and provide relevant medical documentation at the time of classification.
- b. Para triathletes without an international para triathlon classification competing at a USA Triathlon event where classification is not available will be informed through their National Federation to submit specific medical documentation to World Triathlon no later than six weeks before the competition, so that a provisional classification can be assigned.
- c. When a para athlete's sport class changes from a provision or previous classification, a revision of past results can be requested. USA Triathlon will study each request on a case-by-case basis and decide whether the relevant competition results need to be modified.

10.5. ELIGIBLE CLASSES AND COMPETITION FORMATS

a. All para triathletes are allowed to compete in triathlon, duathlon and aquathlon events. Only para triathletes from sport classes PTS2, PTS4,

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- and PTS5 are allowed to compete in winter triathlon, cross triathlon and cross duathlon events
- b. Para triathlon at the USA Triathlon Paratriathlon National Championships take place over the sprint distance, with a time limit of two hours.
- c. All para triathletes may start all together or grouped in waves. Athletes from the same sport class and gender must start in the same wave.
- d. In sprint distance competitions where all para athletes start together, the relevant compensation time determined by World Triathlon will be added to the final times of the athletes competing in the PTWC and PTVI classes.

	PTWC1 Men	PTWC2 Men	PTWC1 Women	PTWC2 Women
Sprint Triathlon	0:00	+3:00	0:00	+3:38
Sprint Duathlon	0:00	+2:40	0:00	+3:13

	PTVI1 Men	PTVI2/PTVI3	PTVI1 Women	PTVI1/PTVI2
		Men		Women
Sprint Triathlon	0:00	+2:41	0:00	+3:11
Sprint Duathlon	0:00	+2:28	0:00	+2:55

In case a para triathlon is modified to a para duathlon, duathlon values will be used.

- e. Athletes in different classes may compete together in separate waves by using staggered wave start times in an "Interval Start System". If an Interval Start System is used in a sprint distance race, it should incorporate the relative compensation time intervals above so that PTWC and PTVI athletes reach the finish in the correct order of finish. Refer to World Triathlon Competition Rules for examples of the Interval Start System.
- f. A duathlon event should be organized with at least two wave starts with at least a difference of at least one minute between waves. Unless a recommended Interval Start System is used, PTWC1 and PTWC2 athletes should start in the first wave and the remainder of the athletes in later waves.
- g. If an athlete is reclassified into a different class following observation, their race time will be adjusted according to the designated compensation times, if applicable.

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10.6. PARA TRIATHLETES' BRIEFING

- a. A pre-race briefing is required and conducted following World Triathlon procedures.
- b. All athletes, guides and personal handlers must be present at the briefing.
- c. All para triathletes will pick up their own race packet following the briefing. The race packet will include:
 - 1) PTWC athletes: Red swim cap, race number sticker(s) for the helmet, a race number sticker for the handcycle, a race number sticker for the racing wheelchair, a race number sticker for the daily wheelchair, four sets of body markings, a bib number for the athlete and a bib number for the personal handler.
 - 2) PTS athletes: Red, yellow or green swim cap as selected by the athlete, race number sticker(s) for the helmet, a race number sticker for the bicycle, race number sticker(s) for prosthesis/aiding devices, four sets of body markings, and a bib number for the personal handler (if authorized).
 - 3) PTVI: Orange swim cap (PTVI1 athlete) or green swim cap (PTVI2/3 athlete), white swim cap for the guide, race number sticker(s) for the cycling helmets, a race number sticker for the bicycle, four sets of body markings, and a bib number for the guide marked "GUIDE".

10.7. PARA TRIATHLON PERSONAL HANDLERS

- a. Securing qualified personal handlers shall be the responsibility of the para triathlete.
- b. Personal handlers are allotted as follows:
 - 1) PTS: Up to one personal handler, as determined for each athlete in the classification process.
 - 2) PTWC: Up to one personal handler.
 - 3) PTVI: No personal handlers. Guides may act as the personal handler for their athlete.
- c. Personal handlers are specifically allowed to assist para triathletes by:

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- 1) Helping with prosthetic devices or other assistive devices.
- 2) Lifting para triathletes in and out of handcycles and wheelchairs.
- 3) Removing wetsuits or clothing.
- 4) Racking bicycles in transition.
- 5) Repairing bicycles and helping para triathlons with other equipment at the transition area and wheel stations. PTVI guides can help to repair the bicycle at any point along the bicycle course.
- d. Personal handlers are subject to the Multisport Competition Rules, and any additional restrictions deemed appropriate or necessary by the Head Referee.
- e. Any action taken by a personal handler that propels the para triathlete forward may result in disqualification.
- f. One personal handler can assist a maximum of one athlete.
- g. All personal handlers shall be located within two meters of their athlete's transition spot during the competition. Permission from a Technical Official is required in order to move outside this zone.

10.8. PARA TRIATHLETES' RACE CHECK IN

- a. Para triathletes and their guides or personal handlers must check in together. Para athletes will not have access to the Field of Play without their personal handler present.
- b. Personal handlers need to present themselves with the bib number and the official personal handler's t-shirt. Once registered, a personal handler can only be replaced in exceptional circumstances and after the approval of the Head Referee.
- c. Equipment for the pre-transition area (such as prosthesis and crutches) must have a race number on it, and it will be checked at the athlete lounge.
- d. All para triathletes should receive two timing chips.

10.9. SWIM COURSE EXIT

- a. Race Management shall provide swim exit assistants who will be responsible for assisting para triathletes from the swim exit to the pre-transition area.
- b. During the swim exit, para triathletes will receive assistance form the swim exit assistants according to their swim cap color:
 - 1) Red swim cap: Para triathlete needs to be lifted from the swim exit to the wetsuit removal area.
 - 2) Yellow swim cap: Para triathlete needs to be supported to walk/run from the swim exit to the wetsuit removal area.
 - 3) Green, orange or white swim cap: Para triathlete does not need any assistance at the swim exit. White caps are used by guides.

10.10. PRE-TRANSITION AREA

- a. Pre-transition is a zone located at the exit of the swim course where athletes can receive authorized aid and equipment needed to continue to the transition area.
- b. There should be a dedicated space in the pre-transition area to set up and display all prosthetic devices/crutches for PTS athletes. Technical Officials will coordinate the distribution of these equipment devices as they exit the water.
- c. Adapted cleats and cycling shoes with exposed cleats that are mounted on prosthetic legs are allowed in the pre-transition area, provided that the cleats are covered or enclosed by anti-slip material.

Penalty for violation: If cleats are not covered or enclosed, Warning and amend. If not corrected. DSQ.

- d. PTS athletes absent a lower limb must use a prosthesis or crutches between pre-transition and transition. Hopping on one leg is not permitted.
- e. The closest available area to the swim exit will be used to line up PTWC day chairs. All PTWC athletes must transfer in a day chair from pre-transition to transition. Day chairs for this purpose must have functional brakes.
- f. Only PTWC personal handlers are allowed to assist their assigned para triathlete in this area, but cannot propel nor push the athlete forward.

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- g. PTWC and PTS athletes may remove their wetsuits in the pre-transition area.
- h. No athletes' equipment can be left in the pre-transition area once the athlete exits it. PTWC personal handlers are allowed to carry their athlete's equipment.

10.11. TRANSITION AREA

- a. PTVI positions in the transition area must be the closest to the mount line, followed by the rest of the sport classes PTS5, PTS4, PTS3, PTS2 and PTWC.
- b. A post-transition area before the mount line should be provided for athletes who do not wish to hop a long distance in transition to drop off prosthetic legs. Equipment dropped off here will be moved back to the athlete's transition space by authorized personnel.
- c. Mobility equipment does not go into the athlete's equipment bin but must remain within the athlete's assigned transition space. Used swim caps, goggles, wetsuits, swim tethers and helmets must go into the equipment bin.

10.12. PARA TRIATHLON SWIMMING

1. GENERAL CONDUCT

- a. For safety reasons, categories will be presented during the para triathletes' presentation at competition start in the following order: PTVI1, PTVI2, PTVI3, PTS5, PTS4, PTS3, PTS2, PTWC1 and PTWC2. For safety reasons, PTWC1 and PTWC2 para triathletes should always enter the water after all other Para triathletes are in place.
- b. The swim start shall be an "in-water" start.
- c. If the swim portion consists of multiple laps, Para triathletes will not be required to exit the water between laps.
- d. Artificial propulsive devices including (but not limited to) fins, paddles, or floating devices of any kind are not allowed. All prosthetic and/or orthoses devices are considered propulsion devices except for the approved knee braces. Use of any such devices will result in disqualification.

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e. Any sharp objects, screws, prosthetic liners, or prosthetic devices that can be harmful are not allowed during the swimming segment.

2. PARA TRIATHLON WATER TEMPERATURE, WETSUIT USE AND MODIFICATIONS

- a. Official water temperature is determined according to the procedures in the <u>WATER TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS AND MODIFICATIONS</u> section.
- b. For para triathlon, wetsuits are prohibited when the official water temperature is 24.6 °C (76.2 °F) and above, and mandatory when the official water temperature is 18.0 °C (64.4 °F) and below.
- c. The swimming segment may be cancelled if the official water temperature is 32.0 °C (89.6 °F) and above, or 15.0 °C (59.0 °F) and below.
- d. If the official water temperature is between 30.1-32.0 °C (86.1-89.6 °F), the maximum stay in the water is 20 minutes. Otherwise, the maximum stay in the water is determined by the swimming segment length as follows:

SWIM LENGTH	MAXIMUM STAY IN WATER
750m	45 minutes
1500m	1h 10min
3000m	1h 40min
4000m	2h 15min

e. If any para athlete has not completed the swimming course within this time limit and is more than 100m short of the swim exit, the athlete will be immediately removed from the water.

3. PARA TRIATHLON PTWC AND PTWC SWIMMING

- a. The use of wetsuit bottoms is always permitted, with a maximum thickness of 5 mm.
- b. Athletes may only use up to 3 bindings made of non-floating material around the legs in any position. The bindings will be a maximum of 10cm in width.
- c. The use of knee brace is permitted, provided:
 - It is specifically approved for the athlete by World Triathlon.

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- It provides neither flotation nor propulsion.
- It must be PVC plastic or carbon-fiber with no floatability or propulsion capacity, cannot have any space or chamber that traps air or any other kind of gas, and are limited to a maximum thickness of 5mm.
- If a wetsuit is worn, the knee brace shall be fitted to the outside of the
 wetsuit. The knee brace can cover half of the leg's surface as a maximum.
 The length cannot surpass the upper half of the thigh or the bottom half of
 the calf and must be holding the knee/s area.

10.13. PARA TRIATHLON CYCLING

1. GENERAL CONDUCT

- a. Para triathlon competitions are draft-illegal races. Winter Triathlon, Cross Triathlon and Cross Duathlon are draft-legal races for para triathletes.
- b. No cycling course shall have a maximum gradient over 12%.
- c. In para triathlon, the term "bike" shall include bicycles, tandems or handcycles.
- d. All bikes shall be propelled by human force. Arms or legs can be used to propel the bike, but not both. Any violation shall result in disqualification.
- e. Bikes must have two independent braking systems. Bicycles and tandems must have an independent brake on each wheel. Both brakes on the handcycle must act on the front wheel.
- f. Disc brakes are allowed.
- g. Protective shields, fairings or other devices which have the effect of reducing air resistance are not allowed.
- h. Para triathletes with one upper limb impairment may use a splitter in the braking system, and it is not considered as a bike adaptation.
- i. Artificial hand grips and prosthetics can be fixed to the bike or to the athlete's body, but not both simultaneously.
- j. Para triathletes with a lower limb above the knee amputation or limb deficiency not wearing a prosthesis may use a support/socket for the thigh which is not considered an adaptation requiring approval.

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- k. Except for handcycles, a rider's position shall be supported solely by the pedals, the saddle and the handlebars.
- I. Bike adaptations must be specifically approved for the athlete by World Triathlon.

2. PARA TRIATHLON PTWC1 AND PTWC2 CYCLING

- a. The helmet must be fastened before getting onto the handcycle and it must remain fastened until the finish of the race.
- b. PTWC athletes must stop completely at the mount line exiting transition and at the dismount line on entering transition. Once stopped, the Technical Official will say "Go" and the athlete can continue the competition. The handcycle is considered correctly stopped if the front wheel stops immediately before the line. If the front wheel stops touching the line or beyond the line, a time penalty will be applied.

c. PTWC1 and PTWC2 Handcycle Specifications

Para triathletes must use an arm powered handcycle in a recumbent position. Specifications of a recumbent position handcycle are as follows.

- A handcycle shall be an arm powered, three-wheeled vehicle, which conforms to the general principles of the International Cycling Union's (UCI) construction for bicycles (except that the chassis frame tubes need not be straight). For the seat or backrest construction, the maximum frame tube diameter may exceed the maximum defined by the general principles of UCI.
- 2) The single wheel may be of a different diameter to the double wheels. The front wheel shall be steerable and driven through a system comprising handgrips and a chain. The handcycle shall be propelled solely through a chainset and conventional cycle drive train, of crank arms, chainwheels, chain and gears, with hand grips replacing foot pedals. It shall be propelled by the hands, arms and upper body only.
- 3) The Para triathlete must have clear vision. As such, the horizontal of the Para triathlete's eye line must be above the center of the crank housing/crank set, when he/she is sitting with his/her hands on the handlebars facing forward at full extent, the tip of his/her shoulder blades in contact with the backrest and his/her head in contact with the headrest, when applicable.
- 4) All handcycles must have a mirror fixed either to the athlete's helmet or at some point on the front of the bike to ensure rear-view vision is possible.

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- 5) The athlete must have the feet positioned in front of the knees during the cycling segment.
- 6) Adjustments to handcycle may not be made during the competition.
- 7) Wheels of the handcycle may vary in diameter between a (ERTRO) 406 mm minimum and a 622 mm maximum, excluding the tire. Modified hub attachments may be used if necessary.
- 8) The width of handcycle double wheels may vary between 55 cm minimum and 70 cm maximum, measured at the center of each tire where the tires touch the ground.
- 9) Disc wheels are allowed.
- 10) Disc brakes are allowed.
- 11)A handcycle shall not measure more than 250 cm in length or 75 cm in width.
- 12) The shifting device can either be within the extremities of the handlebars, or on the side of the para triathlete's body.
- 13) The largest chain ring shall have a guard securely fitted to protect the para triathlete. This protection shall be made of solid material that is sufficiently robust and covers the chain ring fully over half of its circumference (180°) on the side facing the rider.
- 14)Any fillets, or ribs, inserted at joints between tubes, shall be for strengthening purposes only. Non-functional, aerodynamic devices are not permitted for competition.
- 15) A guick release body harness is permitted.
- 16)Para triathletes must ensure that their lower limbs have enough support/bracing/footrest to prevent them from dragging or making contact with the ground during the race.
- 17) The bib number will be placed at the back of the handcycle and will be visible from the back.

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10.14. PARA TRIATHLON RUNNING

PARA TRIATHLON PTWC1 AND PTWC2 RUNNING 1.

- a. No run course shall have a maximum gradient of over 5%.
- b. Para triathletes shall wear the approved bike helmet at all times while seated in the chair.
- c. Propulsion by any other method except the para triathlete pushing on the wheels or push-rims will result in disqualification.
- d. It is forbidden to draft off a motorbike (15m) or vehicle (35m) during the running segment.

Penalty for violation: Warning and Amend. If not corrected: Drafting (Blue Card) Time Penalty.

- e. A PTWC athlete attempting to overtake another PTWC carries the responsibility of ensuring full clearance of the chair being overtaken before cutting across. The para triathlete being overtaken has the responsibility not to obstruct or impede the passing PTWC athlete once the front wheel(s) of the passing chair is ahead of the front wheel(s) of the chair being overtaken.
- f. PTWC athletes will be judged as finished, the moment in which the center of the axle of the leading wheel reaches the vertical plane of the nearer edge of the finish line.

g. Para triathlon PTWC1 and PTWC2 Racing Wheelchair Specifications

All para triathletes perform the run portion in a "racing wheelchair". The specifications of a "racing wheelchair" (hereafter referred to as "the chair") are as follows:

- 1) The chair shall have two large wheels and one small wheel.
- 2) There should be a brake at the front wheel.
- 3) No part of the body of the chair may extend forwards beyond the hub of the front wheel and be wider than the inside of the hubs of the two rear wheels. The maximum height from the ground of the main body of the chair shall be 50 cm.
- 4) The maximum diameter of the large wheel, including the inflated tire, shall not exceed 70 cm. The maximum diameter of the small wheel, including the inflated tire, shall not exceed 50 cm.

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- 5) Only one plain, round, hand rim is allowed for each large wheel. No mechanical gears or levers that propel the chair shall be allowed.
- 6) Only hand operated, mechanical steering devices will be allowed.
- 7) Para triathletes must be able to turn the front wheel manually to the left and right.
- 8) No part of the chair may protrude behind the vertical plane of the back edge of the rear tires.
- Para triathletes must ensure that their lower limbs have enough support/bracing to prevent them from dragging or making contact with the ground during the race.
- 10)The bib number will be placed at the back of the chair and visible from the back.

2. PARA TRIATHLON PTS2, PTS3, PTS4 AND PTS5 RUNNING

- a. Athletes with a lower limb deficiency are permitted to use a prosthesis on that limb only to ensure both legs are balanced and to allow for symmetrical movement during competition. The effective need/use of prostheses, orthoses or other special adaptive equipment must be approved during the classification evaluation.
- b. The use of running blades is only allowed as long as they are mounted on a prosthesis.
- c. Athletes will wear a bib number or four sets of body decals, which will be visible from the front.

10.15. PARA TRIATHLON PTVI1, PTVI2 AND PTVI3

The following additional rules apply to all visually impaired (PTVI1, PTVI2 and PTVI3) para triathletes and their guides.

1. GENERAL

a. No guide dogs will be allowed at any time.

- b. Each athlete must have a guide of the same gender and nationality. Both athlete and guide will hold a license from the same National Federation.
- c. Each athlete is allowed a maximum of one guide during a race.
- d. An athlete cannot act as a guide until a period of twelve months has passed since his/her last sprint or standard distance elite triathlon race.
- e. The minimum competitive age for guides is 16 (Sprint Triathlon, Sprint Duathlon and all Aquathlon) or 18 (Standard or longer Triathlon/Duathlon).
- f. In the event of a documented injury or illness, a guide may be replaced up to 24 hours before the official start of the competition. No changes will be allowed after this deadline.
- g. Guides are not allowed to pull, push or propel the athlete in order to gain unfair advantage.
- h. Athlete and guide shall not be more than 1.5 meters apart during the swim segment and no more than 0.5 meters apart during any other segment of the competition.
- i. Contact between the guide and PTVI athlete is allowed for safety reasons in a Free Leading zone. Free Leading zones include 10m before and after an aid station, a sharp turn, a penalty box or any other section of the running course as determined by the Head Referee. The swim exit, pre-transition and transition areas are also considered Free Leading zones.
- j. Guides may not use paddlecraft on the swimming segment, bicycles on the running segment or any other mechanical means of transport.
- k. All PTVI1 athletes must wear blackout eyewear throughout the entire competition. Swim blackout goggles may be removed only after the athlete and guide have reached their transition spot. The bike/run blackout glasses must be used until the athlete and guide cross the finish line. Both the blackout goggles and glasses will be checked at registration and the athlete must ensure they do not allow light to enter through the main patched or painted area, nose piece, sides or bottom.

2. SWIMMING

a. Each PTVI athlete must be tethered to their guide during the swimming segment. The tether must be elastic rope with bright or reflective color and up to 80cm long, measured with no tension. It can be fixed at any point of the athlete's body.

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b. The guide must swim next to the athlete within a maximum separation distance of 1.5m from the athlete's head to the guide's head.

3. CYCLING

- a. All PTVI athletes and guides must use a tandem bicycle. The specifications of the tandem bicycle are as follows:
- b. A tandem is a vehicle for two riders, with two wheels of equal diameter, which conforms to the general principles of UCI construction for bicycles. The front wheel shall be steerable by the front rider. Both riders shall face forward in the traditional cycling position and the rear wheel shall be driven by both cyclists through a system comprising pedals and chains; the maximum sizes will be 2.70 meters long and 0.5 meters wide.
- c. The tandem top tube, and any additional strengthening tubes, may slope to suit the morphological sizes of the riders.

4. RUNNING

- a. Each PTVI athlete must be tethered to his/her guide during the running segment. The tether shall be made from non-elastic material and not store energy and/or offer a performance gain to the athlete.
- b. The PTVI athlete may use an elbow lead during the running segment.
- c. A guide may assist the PTVI athlete who has tripped or fallen to regain his/her footing and/or orientation as long as such assistance does not provide any advantage to the athlete towards his/her running direction.
- d. As the PTVI athlete crosses the finish line, the guide must be beside or behind the PTVI athlete but not further apart than the required 0.5m maximum separation distance.

10.16. OUTSIDE ASSISTANCE

Assistance can be provided to a para triathlete to allow them to get back into their handcycle/racing wheelchair or onto their bike following an incident. Any mechanical repair must be done by the athlete without external assistance. Assistance may only be provided by a Technical Official, Event staff, or another athlete in the same race.

10.17. HYGIENE

It is mandatory for all para triathletes who use catheters or other urinary diversion devices to prevent spillage by using a catheter bag at all times, including during competition.

Penalty for violation: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ.

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11. ADAPTIVE TRIATHLON (AT)

1. PREFACE

Not all athletes with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) defined impairments fit into a Paratriathlon medical classification or can follow the strict equipment usage rules of Paratriathlon. This section defines the currently approved acceptable accommodations for the various needs of adaptive athletes for participation in multisport events.

While not completely comprehensive in terms of allowable accommodations for accessibility, these rules, defined accessibility divisions and recommendations are intended to provide direction for participation for adaptive athletes.

Athletes requiring accommodations for participating in multisport that are not represented in these Multisport Competition Rules should reach out to USA Triathlon and formally request those additional accommodations for consideration and approval, as well as inclusion in future versions of the Adaptive Triathlon category at rulesandofficials@usatriathlon.org.

2. AT ELIGIBILITY

Participation in the Adaptive Triathlon division is available to all athletes with a medically verified physical, visual, neurological or intellectual impairment that limits one or more major life activities. Formal classification into Paratriathlon classes is not required for participation in the Adaptive Triathlon division, nor does an approved Paratriathlon classification exclude an athlete from participating in the Adaptive Triathlon division.

Adaptive Triathlon divisions may be offered in agreement with Event Management at any accessible USA Triathlon sanctioned event, including being offered alongside Paratriathlon at USAT Paratriathlon Championships and USAT Paratriathlon Development Series events. However, the ATTMI division is not offered at USAT National Championship events.

3. AT GENERAL CONDUCT

The Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct, conduct for the applicable segments of the event, and (if applicable) supplemental rules for specific multisports apply to athletes in Adaptive Triathlon divisions, except for equipment restrictions and as otherwise stated in this section.

4. AT PARTICIPATION ASSISTANCE

The Multisport Competition Rules regarding the conduct and standards for handlers and guides as presented in the PARA TRIATHLON section apply to athletes in Adaptive

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Triathlon divisions, except that guides are not required to be the same gender as the visually impaired athlete.

5. AT ROLES OF ALLOWABLE PERSONAL ASSISTANCE

- a. Handler: A person who provides assistance to an adaptive athlete who requires physical assistance in transition or at the water.
- b. Guide: Strictly referring a person who accompanies a visually impaired athlete throughout the race. The guide and athlete will be tethered together and will use a tandem bicycle to complete the competition.
- c. Co-athlete: A person who races alongside an athlete to ensure a safe competition for the athlete and fellow athletes.

6. AT EQUIPMENT

Athletes participating in an Adaptive Triathlon division will often require unique equipment adaptations and accommodation needs for accessibility. As a result, rules and accommodations for these athletes shall remain necessarily flexible in most areas.

- a. Permissible exceptions for equipment use accommodations and accessibility in Adaptive Triathlon divisions include, but are not limited to:
 - 1) Athletes with any impairment that may affect balance may choose to use stablilizer wheels on the bicycle. The BIKE USA, Inc. Stabilizer Wheel Kit is an adult training wheel kit approved for use.
 - 2) Recumbent style tricycles are allowed for use by ATD1 Ambulatory, ATD1 Wheelchair, ATD2, ATD3 and ATTMI categories.
 - 3) Handcycles are allowed, including those that that do not meet the Paratriathlon measurement restrictions for length, wheel size, seat angle, or have no safety bars.
 - 4) Athletes may use any of the allowed adaptive equipment in combinations that would not be permitted in Paratriathlon.
- Requests to use any equipment that allows for participation within the AT divisions should be made to USA Triathlon (rulesandofficials@usatriathlon.org) at least 14 days prior to the competition.

7. AT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR RACE STARTS

a. Based on the logistics required for a safe and orderly competition, Adaptive Triathlon divisions may be started with a wave start or time-trial start.

- b. For wave starts, Adaptive Triathlon divisions should be started distinct from other Age-Group waves, in either a single wave (combining all AT divisions) or in separate waves. ATD4 athletes must start in their own wave and behind all other waves.
- c. For time-trial starts, Adaptive Triathlon athletes should be started with a time gap prior to the start of Age-Group athletes.

8. AT ADAPTIVE TRIATHLON DIVISIONS

8.1 AT Adaptive Triathlon Division 1 (ATD1)

This division is open to athletes with physical and visual impairments that are not able to be classified into Paratriathlon competition categories, or that choose not to do so.

This division is open to athletes who choose not to strictly adhere to the World Triathlon Paratriathlon rules or the <u>PARATRIATHLON</u> section of these Multisport Competition Rules. For example, athletes using equipment not allowed in Paratriathlon, or having a guide of a different gender than the athlete, may participate in the ATD1 division.

ATD1 consists of three main sub-divisions:

- ATD1 Ambulatory
- ATD1 Wheelchair
- ATD1 Visually Impaired

8.2 AT Adaptive Triathlon Division 2 (ATD2)

This division is open to athletes with medically verified intellectual impairments, such as Down Syndrome and autism. Intellectual impairment athletes are those athletes with certain limitations in cognitive functioning and other skills, including communication and self-care. These limitations can cause a person to develop and learn more slowly or differently.

The following recommendations will be used to make final determinations on various aspects of accommodations and accessibility decisions for participation in the ATD2 division.

a. ATD2 Mandatory Clinic and Race Briefings

ATD2 athletes are required to attend the race-specific clinic and race briefing prior to the event. During the clinic, an assessment will be held to determine the pace and time of each athlete with respect to the race distance in which the athlete will participate.

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b. ATD2 Age-Group Ranges and Determination

Intellectually impaired athletes may have a chronological age that does not necessarily represent their intellectual age. Often, ATD2 athletes are chronologically older than 18, but intellectually some fit better at the youth and junior level. Judgment should be used to determine which athletes should compete in the Age-Group appropriate to their abilities.

ATD2 athletes that are chronologically older than racing age may be permitted, based on the pre-race assessment, to participate in a non-age-specific category within a standard ATD2 division. Otherwise, ATD2 athletes should be allowed to compete in a division among athletes within their own Age-Group range.

In some cases, chronologically older athletes may be a better fit to race at Age-Group Sprint Nationals.

c. ATD2 Recommended Race Distances

200m swim, 10km bicycle (No tandem bicycles unless visually impaired), 2km run.

d. ATD2 Transitions

ATD2 athletes and their co-athletes will be racked side-by-side. Parents are allowed in the transition area only if their presence is determined (during the mandatory pre-race clinic) to be mandatory. In some cases, if the need for parental presence is determined on event day due to unforeseen circumstances, allowance should be made in this area.

e. ATD2 Co-Athletes

ATD2 co-athletes must be athletes that can maintain appropriate pace with the ATD2 athlete throughout the entire race. They may be either gender, must be age 15 or older and must be able to effectively assist the athlete safely complete the course. Co-athletes support the ATD2 athlete by:

- 1) Swimming beside the ATD2 athlete (without tether).
- 2) Cycling beside or behind the ATD2 athlete, or together on a tandem bicycle if the ATD2 athlete is also visually impaired.
- 3) Running beside or directly behind the ATD2 athlete.

For the cycling and running segments, Co-athletes should be clearly identifiable as Co-athletes.

8.3 AT Adaptive Triathlon Division 3 (ATD3)

This division is open to athletes with medically verified conditions such as, but not limited to, TBI/PTSD, chronic diseases, congenital conditions, and neurological conditions.

ATD3 athletes require adaptation and/or accommodations to be able to race multisport but can do so with limited assistance or equipment adaptations.

8.4 AT Adaptive Triathlon Division 4 (ATD4)

This division is open to athletes who race with a co-athlete that pulls, pushes or propels the AT athlete through the race course.

For reasons of athlete safety, these are teams that must start in their own wave and behind all other athlete waves.

8.5 AT Adaptive Triathlon Temporary Mobility Impairment (ATTMI)

This division is a participatory category that allows athletes with some form of medically verified, significant and temporary injury that would require accommodations for participation in multisport.

Athletes wishing to participate in this category may request suitable accommodations from Event Management, which may be granted without prior approval from USA Triathlon. However, the athlete's results are not eligible for rankings or awards that may be available to athletes in competitive categories.

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12. SUPPLEMENTAL RULES

Certain designated races, or waves within race events, have supplemental Multisport Competition Rules apply. In these designated races, the conduct and equipment rules of Multisport are materially different, through added rules, differences in standards and differences in enforcement.

12.1. NATIONAL AGE-GROUP CHAMPIONSHIPS AND WORLD TRIATHLON AGE-GROUP WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP QUALIFICATION RACES

USA Triathlon Multisport Competition Rules are more closely aligned with World Triathlon Competition Rules for multisport races that are USA Triathlon Age-Group National Championships and multisport races where USA Triathlon directly qualifies participating athletes to the corresponding World Triathlon Age-Group world championship multisport race.

12.1.1. SUPPLEMENTAL RULES

In addition to the Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct and conduct for the applicable segments of the race, the following supplemental rules apply for USA Triathlon Age-Group National Championship races and USA Triathlon qualifying races for World Triathlon Age-Group Championships:

a. Water Temperatures and Wetsuit Use

Wetsuits are prohibited when the water temperature is at or above 24.6 °C (76.2 °F). The official determination of water temperature and wetsuit use is subject to the WATER TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS AND MODIFICATIONS section.

b. Uniform

Athletes must follow the following rules with respect to wearing uniforms:

- 1) The uniform must cover the whole torso in the front. The back may be uncovered from the waist up. If a two-piece uniform is worn in standarddistance races and shorter, both pieces must overlap and no torso must be visible during the entire competition. For middle-distance races and longer, the midriff is allowed to be exposed.
- 2) Age-Group athletes may wear uniforms with sleeves that extend toward the elbow and not covering the elbow. Long sleeves and long pants are allowed in Winter Triathlon/Duathlon events.
- 3) Age-Group athletes may wear uniforms without zipper or with zipper located either at the front or at the back. Zipper will not be longer than

40cm (15.75 inches). During competition, a front zipper can be undone to the end but cannot be disconnected at the bottom, except during the last 200 meters of the race, when the zipper needs to be connected and zipped up.

- 4) The uniform must be worn over both shoulders while the athlete is on the Field of Play and competing.
- 5) Rain jackets (with long sleeves) worn over the prescribed uniform are allowed for middle- and long-distance races or when the Head Referee authorizes it.

Penalty for violation of any of the UNIFORM rules: Warning and amend. If not corrected, DSQ at discretion of Head Referee.

- 6) For reasons of religion, athletes are allowed to have the body totally covered (except the face) provided that:
- a. If the race has a wetsuit-prohibited swim, the uniform material is textile.
- b. The uniform will not interfere with the bicycle mechanisms.
- 7) The Head Referee, may authorize individual or exceptional deviations from these uniform rules for safety or healthy reasons. (i.e. skin cancer), however hands and feet will be uncovered during the swim segment without exception.
- c. Finish

An athlete cannot be accompanied by any non-competing person in the finish chute.

Penalty for violation: DSQ.

- d. Relays
 - 1) AGE-GROUP SPECIFIC MIXED RELAY RULES apply in all respects.
- e. Protests And Competition Jury

The procedures in the <u>PROTEST</u> and <u>COMPETITION JURY</u> sections are compulsory. The Competition Jury is chaired by the Head Referee, and appointed members should include members of the Event Management staff and/or the USA Triathlon Board of Directors.

12.2. CLYDESDALE AND ATHENA (CA)

USA Triathlon sanctioned events that are governed by Age-Group competitive rules may include Clydesdale and Athena competitive weight class categories. This section describes the administrative procedures that govern eligibility and classification within this competitive category.

The Multisport Competition Rules apply in all respects to athletes competing in Clydesdale and Athena categories.

12.2.1. SUPPLEMENTAL RULES

- a. CA USA Triathlon National Championships Eligibility and Qualification
 - 1) To be eligible for weight class categories at the USA Triathlon National Championships, athletes must weigh-in at or above the minimum weights:
 - Men (Clydesdales) 220 pounds.
 - Women (Athenas) 165 pounds.
 - 2) To qualify for the Sprint and Olympic Distance National Championship races through placement in a USA Triathlon sanctioned event, athletes may race in either the Clydesdale/Athena category (if offered) or their respective Age-Group category. Event Management should submit race results of C/A athletes in both the C/A category as well as the respective Age-Group category. However, only the athlete's respective Age-Group category results will be used by USA Triathlon for reporting rankings and calculating qualifications. A first-place finish in a C/A category at a sanctioned race does not qualify an athlete for the National Championships. However, if that performance meets the National Championships qualification criteria within their respective Age-Group, the athlete would qualify for the Sprint and Olympic Distance National Championships.
- b. CA National Championships Weigh-In Procedure
 - 1) The official weigh-in for eligibility at the USA Triathlon National Championships will take place at packet pickup. The weigh-in will occur within designated timeframes in a discrete location communicated well in advance. Weigh-ins will only be permitted prior to the race start at the designated times and locations.

- 2) Athletes competing in multiple races in a multi-day event are only required to weigh-in before their first race.
- 3) The weigh-in will be administered by assigned Technical Officials and recorded electronically. Validation of eligibility to compete in the Clydesdale and Athena category will be completed and recorded via electronic entry. The Technical Official will provide a submission to the timer in advance of the race of all athletes eligible for the C/A category to ensure that results appear in any tracking application for both their Age-Group category and the C/A category.
- 4) When weighing-in, athletes must only wear a standard multisport race kit or similar attire consistent with the definition of a race suit contained in the Multisport Competition Rules. No other gear or items will be permitted on the scales. Any outer garments, including but not limited to boots, jackets or similar over garments designed for protection from the weather, must not be worn for the weigh-in. For Winter Triathlon/Duathlon, wearing a winter base triathlon kit for the weigh-in is permissible.
- 5) Athletes who record a weight within five pounds of the minimum category weight will have the option of a race-morning weigh-in to validate their eligibility or forgo entry into the C/A category. That weigh-in will be conducted in a designated area prior to the race by an assigned Technical Official.
- 6) If it is discovered that an athlete has made efforts to artificially increase their weight prior to the weigh-in for the purpose of achieving a qualifying weight, the athlete will be disqualified from the event and will be reported to USA Triathlon for possible suspension from USA Triathlon and possible lifetime exclusion from competing in USA Triathlon weight class categories.
- c. CA National Championships Age Groups

The following age-based subdivisions in the C/A category shall be in effect for National Championship events:

- Clydesdale 39 and under
- Athena 39 and under
- Clydesdale 40-59
- Athena 40-54
- Clydesdale 60 and over
- Athena 55 and over

For purposes of awards at National Championships, all C/A athletes shall have their results entered for Age-Group rankings in their respective standard Age-Group category.

d. CA Recommendations for Non-National Sanctioned Events

In recognition that many sanctioned events do not have sufficient resources to follow the strict Clydesdale and Athena category procedures, the following recommendations help to ensure a more inclusive experience for athletes who typically participate in Clydesdale and Athena categories.

1) Event Registration

Athletes will register in their standard Age-Group category.

The registration system should provide a means for athletes to identify themselves as a C/A athlete. Example: "Check this box if you wish to be identified as a Clydesdale or Athena athlete. All athletes with this identification must weigh-in prior to the event at either packet pickup or on race morning in a designated area. Clydesdales (males) must weigh 220 pounds or greater. Athenas (females) must weigh 165 pounds or greater."

2) Recommended Weigh-In Procedure

All C/A athletes must weigh-in prior to the event at either packet pickup or on race morning in a designated area. Weigh-ins will only be permitted prior to the race start at the designated times and locations.

Clydesdales must weigh 220 pounds or greater. Athenas must weigh 165 pounds or greater. When weighing-in, athletes may only wear their race kit or similar attire. No other gear or items will be permitted on the scales.

An official or event staff member will need to manage the weigh-in process and either record the athletes' names and weight or provide an alternative means of indicating an eligible weigh-in such as a wristband or handstamp.

At the close of weigh-ins, timing is to be provided a list of those eligible for C/A categories.

3) Age Groups and Awards

Timing should be provided a list of athletes who checked the C/A box at registration, and after weigh-in a list of those confirmed eligible for the C/A category.

It is strongly recommended to issue two timing devices to each C/A athlete to facilitate accurate timing results in both the Age-Group and C/A categories, one device for the Age-Group results and one device for the C/A results.

The age-based subdivisions of the C/A category shall be:

- Clydesdale 39 and under
- Athena 39 and under
- Clydesdale 40-59
- Athena 40-54
- Clydesdale 60 and over
- Athena 55 and over

All C/A athletes shall also remain eligible in their standard Age-Group category and be eligible for Age-Group category awards.

If the resources are available and a results tracker application is available, C/A athletes should show in the results and any accompanying tracker application in both their C/A and Age-Group categories.

12.3. YOUTH EVENTS

The supplemental rules of this section pertain to specifically designated and sanctioned races open only to young athletes, known as a "Youth Event". This is distinct from Age-Group races that may have a category for young athletes in addition to adult competitors.

12.3.1. SUPPLEMENTAL RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct, conduct for the applicable segments of the event, and (if applicable) supplemental rules for specific multisports apply to athletes in Youth Events, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Youth Membership and Eligibility

Youth athletes must be Youth members of USA Triathlon. Youth membership is available to all persons age 17 and under, in good standing with USA Triathlon, who along with their parents or guardians, submits a completed application, pays the required membership fee, and complies with all the requirements determined by USAT to be applicable to Youth membership.

The minimum age for Youth competition is 6 years of age and the maximum is 15 years of age, as of December 31st of the year of the race.

Race officials reserve the right to require proof of age from each Youth athlete in the form of a birth certificate or other official proof of age document. Failure to produce a proof of age document may result in disqualification from the event.

b. Penalties

The type of penalty for violating a specific rule is listed at the end of the rule as either "T" for Time or "DQ" for disqualification. Time penalties are added to the athlete's race time and shall be administered per this table:

OFFENSE	TIME PENALTY
1 st offense	1:00 minute
2 nd offense	2:00 (additional) minutes
3 rd offense	disqualification

c. General Conduct

Unsportsmanlike conduct on the part of athletes or their parents and supporters will not be allowed. Participants (including parents) must treat others with courtesy and respect. No rude, abusive or discourteous language or behavior will be tolerated. (At official's discretion: T or DQ)

Athletes must complete the prescribed course in its entirety. (DQ)

No personal audio devices or headsets may be used or caried during any portion of the race. (T)

No unauthorized assistance is allowed. Unless otherwise permitted by Event Management, parents or other non-athletes may not accompany athletes, nor may they provide athletes any food, fluid or equipment aid during the race. (T)

Race numbers must be displayed at all times. Swimmers must be clearly body-marked, cyclists must display their bicycle number and runners must wear their bib number. (T)

d. Swimming Conduct

Proper swimwear must be worn. (DQ)

No flotation devices of any kind may be used during the swim. (DQ)

No artificial propulsive devices such as fins, paddles, or gloves may be used. (DQ)

Swimmers must be able to complete the entire course using any stroke. Swimmers may not make forward progress by pulling on lane ropes, swim gutters or any other inanimate object. (T)

Goggles or face masks may be worn but are not required.

If provided by Event Management, swimmers must wear the provided swim cap throughout the swim. (T)

Athletes must follow instructions given by lifeguards and officials, including prohibitions against running on the pool deck or diving in restricted areas. (At official's discretion: Warning, T or DQ)

e. Cycling Conduct

The helmet must be securely fastened prior to mounting the bicycle and at all times while riding the bicycle. The helmet may not be unfastened and removed until the athlete has completely dismounted. (DQ)

Athletes shall wear shoes at all times while on the bicycle. (DQ)

Athletes shall ride in a safe manner, including:

Riding on the right side of the lane. (T)

Riding no closer than two bike lengths distance behind a leading cyclist (T)

Passing on the left of the slower cyclist. (T)

Riding in a straight line without swerving, veering or blocking the forward progress of other cyclists. (DQ)

Race officials may remove and disqualify any cyclist who appears to ride or behave in an unsafe manner.

f. Cycling Equipment

Race officials reserve the right to disallow any bicycle deemed unsafe. Any unusual bicycle must be approved by race officials prior to the race.

The bicycle must be road worthy and in safe operating condition. (DQ)

The bicycle shall have two wheels. Training wheels are allowed. (DQ)

There must be at least one working brake on each of the two wheels, unless the bicycle was manufactured with only one brake, in which case, the working brake shall be on the rear wheel. (DQ)

The bicycle may be on-road, off-road or youth style. No recumbent style bicycles are allowed. (DQ)

Only standard drop, straight, or curved handlebars are allowed. All handlebar ends shall be solidly plugged. (DQ)

No disc wheels or wheel covers are allowed. (DQ)

g. Transition Conduct

The transition area is open to participating athletes and their parents only, providing that Event Management allows parents to enter the transition area. When transition closes for the race to begin, only athletes and race officials may enter transition. Finishers may not retrieve gear until all athletes still racing have left the transition area to begin the final segment. (At official's discretion: T or DQ)

Competition apparel (shoes, socks, shirts) must be placed next to the bicycle and may not be taken to the pool or swim start area. (T)

Bicycles must be racked according to the directions given by race officials. Bicycles may be racked in the assigned area by the handlebars, by the seat or by using the kickstand. Bicycles placed on kickstands must be in the designated area in line with other bicycles and may not extend out into the lane of travel. (T)

Participants (including parents) may not interfere with the gear of other participants. (At official's discretion: T or DQ)

After completing the cycling segment, athletes must return bicycles to an upright position in the same assigned location before beginning the running segment. (T)

No riding bicycles in transition. Athletes must walk or run with their bicycles and may not mount until out of transition and in the designated mount zone. (T)

h. Running Conduct

Athletes shall run or walk the entire course. (DQ)

Athletes shall wear shoes at all times while on the run course. (T)

12.4. RECREATIONAL NON-COMPETITIVE (NC) GUIDELINES

For any USA Triathlon sanctioned event, Event Management may note as part of their USA Triathlon sanction that their race or an associated race wave will be deemed as recreational, rather than governed by the full set of Multisport Competition Rules.

The recreational guidelines in this section are offered as a concise document for those Event Managers who wish to have a race or wave focused on non-competitive athletes. The consideration of the athlete's safety remains the highest priority.

The use of these participatory guidelines does not mean that the Multisport Competition Rules are not to be integral to the race, but rather that the manner of their enforcement is focused on proactive education rather than punitive in nature. These guidelines are intended to give greater latitude to Event Management seeking to encourage participation at new developmental races and for novice multisport athletes.

The purposes of these recreational rules are identical to the purpose of these Multisport Competition Rules, fostering the ideals expressed in the <u>PURPOSE</u> section through the appropriate enforcement and education of the Multisport Competition Rules to novice and non-competitive athletes.

12.4.1. SUPPLEMENTAL RULES

The Multisport Competition Rules for General Athlete Conduct and conduct for the applicable segments of the event, and (if applicable) supplemental rules for specific multisports apply to non-competitive athletes in all respects, with the following clarifications and/or exceptions:

a. Identification

Athletes racing in a recreational wave must be clearly identified as such for the duration of the race, to allow for appropriate enforcement of the Multisport Competition Rules.

b. Proactive Warning and Amend Enforcement

Warning and amend all infractions of the Multisport Competition Rules, other than violations that warrant disqualification.

c. Swimming Conduct and Permitted Equipment

These guidelines presume that recreational multisport races with swimming are only compatible when swimming is the first segment of the race and not repeated.

Allow the use of the following, at any water temperature, in a recreational-only wave as the last wave(s) of a race:

- Snorkel
- Swim vest
- Buoyancy pants
- Artificial (foam or inflated) flotation devices
- Escort person to swim alongside the non-competition athlete as a "swim buddy" having the express permission of Event Management.
- Allow paddling (hand-propelled watercraft) as an alternative to swimming, in a recreation-only wave that does not encroach on any swimmers. Paddlers must possess all safety equipment legally required of the local jurisdiction.

d. Cycling Conduct

Warning and amend for infractions of the cycling position rules. Non-competitive athletes are encouraged to abide by position rules and not obstruct competitive athletes by riding side-by-side or poorly positioned in the roadway, but they will not receive time penalties for violations.

Non-competitive athletes who cannot complete an attempted pass in the allotted time are allowed to back out of the draft zone without a time penalty.

e. Results and Awards

Athletes in a recreational wave/race are eligible for participatory awards from Event Management, and results that include non-competitive athletes should be submitted to USA Triathlon for participation-tracking purposes. Non-competitive athletes are not eligible for any competitive category placement or rankings.

13. EXCEPTIONAL CONDITIONS

Responsibility for the organization and conduct of the event lies with Event Management. If exceptional circumstances exist, Event Management may modify the planned race(s) in any of the following ways:

13.1. MODIFICATIONS PRIOR TO THE START SIGNAL

- a. Cancel the race(s).
- b. Postpone the start of the race(s).
- c. Reroute a race course segment.
- d. Modifying a planned triathlon to a different multisport race of equivalent distance to the planned event: Duathlon, Aquathlon, or another two-segment multisport.
- e. Modifying a planned multisport race to have fewer/shorter segments, retaining a minimum of two segments.
- f. Shortening or cancelling a swimming segment, in accordance with the SWIMMING CONDUCT section.
- g. Changing the manner of the race start.

13.2. MODIFICATIONS WHILE THE RACE IS IN PROGRESS

- A race course may be rerouted to avoid a temporary obstruction, road closure or dangerous area.
- b. A race in progress may be suspended, resumed to completion, or terminated before completion.
- c. A race may be suspended by Event Management before completion, in either of two ways:

- 1) Full course suspension, stopping all athletes still on the course. The race may only be resumed from each athlete's position on the course when stopped at the time of suspension. Athletes delayed by a full course suspension do not receive an adjustment of their race time.
- 2) Point suspension, due to blockage of the course (e.g. train crossing, temporary road closure), stopping athletes at the point of the course blockage. The race may only be resumed when the course is safely reopened, or if Race Management reroutes the race course to detour the blockage. Athletes delayed by a point suspension do not receive an adjustment of their race time.
- d. Athletes will only resume a suspended race from the point where they are stopped on the course. Athletes will not resume a suspended race from any previous point of the course, including the start or any section of the course already completed. The Multisport Competition Rules remain in effect during the suspension of the race, including the prohibition on outside assistance.

13.3. RESULTS UNDER EXCEPTIONAL CONDITIONS

If Race Managements acts upon exceptional conditions, the procedures for determining whether and how Official Results are produced are found in the OFFICIAL RESULTS UNDER EXCEPTIONAL CONDITIONS section.

14. TIMING AND RESULTS

14.1. RACE TIME

An athlete's race time is the period from the athlete's start signal to when the athlete is judged as finished, according to the applicable definition at the conclusion of the appropriate running segment, skiing segment (Winter Triathlon/Duathlon) or cycling segment (Aquabike).

The Head Referee may use all available official evidence (from Technical Officials, Event Management and Timing assets) to determine whether an athlete completed the entire course and the athlete's race time. See ENTIRE COURSE and TIMING DEVICES AND BURDEN OF PROOF sections.

14.2. PLACEMENTS

A competition will be won by the athlete who has the completed the entire prescribed course in the shortest race time.

When athletes have the same start signal, their relative placement and race time may be modified by the Head Referee based on visual observation or evidence at the finish line. The Head Referee may rely on photo finish photography, personal observation, or witness from another Technical Official to determine the correct order of finish and/or whether athletes are tied.

In the event that the Head Referee exchanges the timed placements of athletes (who had the same start signal) based on visual evidence of the finish, they should be awarded the same race time as the faster of the recorded times.

In the event that two or more athletes tie for a place, and their performances cannot be separated, they will be awarded the same place and should be listed by ascending race number.

14.3. OFFICIAL RESULTS

The official results will list each athlete's competition category (or concurrent categories if applicable) and will rank the athletes according to their finish time or incomplete finish

state. It is recommended that the official results be displayed, and submitted to USA Triathlon, in the following order:

- Finishers in a competitive category with a valid race time (ranked from fastest/winner to slowest)
- · Finishers in a non-competitive category with a valid race time (ranked from fastest to slowest)
- Athletes who do not finish the competition [DNF] (ranked from fastest time at the farthest point of progress, to slowest time at the shortest point of progress)
- · [Draft-Legal events] Athletes who are lapped-out [LAP] (ranked from fastest time at the farthest point of progress, to slowest time at the shortest point of progress)
- Athletes otherwise not classified or not to be scored [NC] (listed in ascending race number order)
- Disqualified athletes [DSQ] (listed in ascending race number order; race times should not be displayed, but ought to be reported to USA Triathlon)
- · Athletes registered but not starting (DNS) (listed in ascending race number order)

Results will be official once the Head Referee approves them with signature. Once approved, official results may only be initially modified by the Competition Jury at the race site (as a result of a protest), or if there is no Competition Jury, by the Head Referee within 48 hours of the completion of the race. Following this, results may only be modified as a result of a successful appeal to USA Triathlon in accordance with the PROTESTS AND APPEALS section.

14.4. OFFICIAL RESULTS UNDER EXCEPTIONAL CONDITIONS

- a. If a race is modified prior to starting, from a planned multisport race to a different multisport race, and/or changing the length of any segment(s), the official results submitted to USA Triathlon should state the actual multisport and segment distances contested.
- b. If a planned race is modified once started, by shortening (or cancelling) no more than one segment, official race results will be produced and submitted to USA Triathlon as long as all competitive athletes were able to race the same course and distances.

- c. If a suspended race is not resumed, official results will only be produced and submitted to USA Triathlon if:
 - In races of Standard distance and shorter, if the lead athlete has completed more than 50% of the final segment. Athletes (including corporate relays) will be ranked according to their position at the last available recorded data.
 - 2) In races of Middle distance and longer, athletes (including corporate relays) that have completed at least two segments will be ranked according to their position at the last available recorded data. Athletes not completing at least two segments will be listed as NC.
 - 3) For team relays and individual multisport circuit athletes, teams (or circuit athletes) that have completed at least two legs (circuits) will be ranked according to their position at the last available recorded data. Teams (circuit athletes) not completing at least two legs (circuits) will be listed as NC.

15. PROTESTS AND APPEALS

15.1. PROPER SUBJECT OF A PROTEST

An athlete may file a protest against decisions made by the Head Referee (including the decision to disqualify the athlete), the conduct of another athlete (including the equipment used), or competition results.

- a. Matters which may be the subject of a protest include:
 - 1) Error in competition results.
 - 2) Conduct of an athlete.
 - 3) Equipment used by an athlete.
 - 4) Decisions taken by the Head Referee, except:
 - A "judgment call".
 - A decision to issue a time penalty if the penalty was served by the athlete.
- b. "Judgment call" includes but is not limited to:
 - 1) Any purported violation of the cycling position rules.
 - 2) Any purported violation of blocking, obstruction, interference or endangerment.
 - 3) Allegations of unsportsmanlike conduct.
- c. Protests against a disqualification for not serving a time penalty will be determined according to the correctness of the violation which resulted in the time penalty and not the disqualification itself.

Some matters that are not subject to protest and resolution by the Competition Jury may be resolvable with Event Management or in accordance with the USA Triathlon Grievance and Disciplinary Policy.

15.2. STANDING TO FILE PROTEST

Protests may only be filed by athletes entered in the race who directly observed the subject of the protest, who were directly and personally involved in any incident relevant to the protest, and who possess direct, detailed and personal knowledge of the subject of the protest. Non-athletes (e.g. coaches, parents and agents) may represent and file a protest on behalf of an injured athlete.

15.3. PROTEST INITIATION, CONTENTS AND DEADLINES (AGE-GROUP)

- a. All protests for Age-Group events must be announced by the protestor to the Head Referee within 15 minutes after the athlete (or athlete respondent) finishes the race, whichever is later, and must be submitted in writing on the official protest form within a further 30 minutes. The contents of the written protest must contain the following:
 - 1) The specific Multisport Competition Rules alleged to have been violated.
 - 2) The location and approximate time of the incident.
 - 3) The person(s) involved in the incident and/or witnessing the incident.
 - 4) A detailed statement of the specific facts of the incident.
 - 5) The signature of the person filing the protest, which shall constitute an affirmation that the facts stated therein are true.
- b. The appropriate protest filing fee must accompany the written protest.

15.4. PROTEST INITIATION, CONTENTS AND DEADLINES (ELITE, U23, DEVELOPMENTAL HIGH PERFORMANCE)

All protests for Elite, U23 and Development events are submitted in accordance with World Triathlon Competition Rules.

15.5. PROTEST ACCEPTANCE OR SUMMARY DISMISSAL

- a. With respect to each protest filed, the Head Referee shall make an initial determination as to whether the protest complies with all the provisions of this section and whether the protest is factually sufficient to support a ruling by the Competition Jury. If the protest is improper or deficient in any respect, the Head Referee shall summarily reject and dismiss the protest and shall not be required to submit the matter to the Competition Jury. If the defect is curable in the opinion of the Head Referee, the Head Referee may allow the protest to be resubmitted within a reasonable time, even if the time limits for submission have expired.
- b. The Head Referee will inform Event Management if any protest is referred to the Competition Jury. The official results of any race shall not be announced, and no prizes for that race shall be awarded, until all outstanding protests are decided or withdrawn.

15.6. COMPETITION JURY

- a. The Competition Jury shall be comprised of the Head Referee and two judges appointed by the Head Referee.
- b. The Head Referee shall serve as chairperson of the Competition Jury and shall have full authority to conduct the protest and maintain order.
- c. The chairperson of the Competition Jury decides if any judge has a conflict of interest and may replace a judge deemed to have a conflict. The chairperson of the Competition Jury is deemed not to have a conflict of interest.

15.7. PROTEST HEARING

In hearing a protest, members of the Competition Jury shall weigh the evidence and testimony impartially and shall render a decision in accordance with their best judgment. During all protests:

a. The protester must be present. The respondent (if any) must be notified before the hearing of the protest and afforded the opportunity to be present (or represented if injured).

- b. The hearing will not be open to the public. No spectators or partial observers shall be allowed to participate in the hearing.
- c. The chairperson will read the protest, and the Competition Jury will determine if the protest is admissible.
- d. The chairperson presents the submitted evidence.
- e. The Competition Jury will hear from each party. The protester and respondent will be given adequate time to give their accounts of the incident.
- f. If permitted by the chairperson, the protester and the respondent may call witnesses who may speak for up to three minutes each.
- g. After the protester, respondent and any witnesses have been heard, the Competition Jury may call other interested or other parties to speak for up to three minutes each. The Competition Jury may invite any expert to speak.

15.8. PROTEST DECISION AND EFFECT

- a. After dismissing all parties, the Competition Jury shall review the evidence and render a prompt decision. The decision to uphold or impose a penalty shall be based upon the standard of a comfortable satisfaction of the majority of the members of the Competition Jury that the alleged violation has occurred.
- b. Competition Jury decisions made in accordance with these Multisport Competition Rules are Field of Play decisions.
- c. The decision will be announced immediately. The chairperson of the Competition Jury must file written minutes and decisions with USA Triathlon.
- d. The summary dismissal of a protest by the Head Referee or the decision of a Competition Jury shall be final, and official race results shall reflect those determinations. Official results and the decision of any Head Referee or Competition Jury can be subsequently modified only by USA Triathlon pursuant to an appeal duly filed in accordance with the APPEALS section of these Multisport Competition Rules.

15.9. APPEALS

USA Triathlon has established processes for hearings and filing an appeal through a grievance process in line with the USOPC grievance process. The USA Triathlon Grievance and Disciplinary Policy can be found at the following link:

https://www.usatriathlon.org/about/governance

No person may file an appeal of a Field of Play decision absent proof of bias, malice, bad faith, arbitrariness or legal error. USA Triathlon members may appeal punitive action affecting their membership in USA Triathlon, or any other matter involving an interpretation of the Multisport Competition Rules of which an appeal is not otherwise prohibited. Any appeal filed through the grievance process that is not the proper subject of an appeal may be summarily dismissed, and any filing fee retained by USA Triathlon.

APPENDIX A – DEFINITIONS

Amond	To correct the fault
Amend	To correct the fault.
Appeal	A request to the relevant authority for a review of a decision made by the Competition Jury.
Appollant	
Appellant	An athlete submitting an appeal.
Aid	Any kind of material support or personal assistance received by an athlete. Depending on its nature, it may be allowed as aid if
	provided by an authorized or official source, or prohibited (Outside Assistance) if provided by an unauthorized or unofficial source.
Athena	Competitive category in Age-Group races for women weighing 165
/ terroria	pounds or greater.
Athlete	The individual who registers for and participates in the race.
Bicycle	The bicycle is a human powered vehicle used during the cycling
	segment of a multisport race. A bicycle may also be referred to as a bike.
Blocking (draft-	The action when athlete on the cycling course is not keeping to
illegal cycling)	the appropriate side of the road, obstructing the progress of
2, 2,	trailing athletes.
Blue Card	This is shown by a Technical Official to an athlete who has
	committed a drafting infringement.
Clydesdale	Competitive category in Age-Group races for men weighing 220
	pounds or greater.
Competition	A multisport race that determines results. This also includes
-	formats of multiple races (such as semi-finals and finals) that
	determine a result.
Competition	The appointed panel responsible to determine the eligibility and
Jury	merits of a protest.
Crawl	The action by an athlete of bringing three or more limbs in contact
	with the ground, either together or in sequence, to enable forward
	propulsion.
Cycling Course	That part of the race route over which it has been defined in the
	race brief that the bicycle is to be ridden, walked or carried. The
	cycling course begins at the bicycle mount line and concludes at
	the bicycle dismount line.
Did Not Finish	The athlete's result when the athlete started the race but did not
(DNF)	complete the prescribed course and cross the finish line.
Did Not Start	The athlete's result when the athlete is registered for the race but
(DNS)	does not start it.
Disqualification	The penalty for a major infringement that removes the athlete as a
(DSQ)	finisher of the race. The Head Referee makes a final ruling on all
	potential disqualifications at the completion of the race.

Droft illored	Describes multispert researchith evaling assemble that prohibit					
Draft-illegal	Describes multisport races with cycling segments that prohibit					
(cycling)	drafting through cycling position rules.					
Draft-legal	Describes multisport races with cycling segments that are not					
(cycling)	restricted by cycling position rules.					
Drafting	Drafting means for an athlete to remain within the draft zone of					
	another athlete or vehicle for a period of time longer than					
	designated.					
Endangerment	To commit a dangerous act that could cause injury to any					
	participant, including another athlete, official, event staff,					
	volunteers and spectators.					
Elite athletes	Athletes who are licensed or permitted by their World Triathlon					
	member federation to participate in Elite multisport competitions.					
	To participate in USA Triathlon sanctioned Elite multisport					
	competitions, Elite athletes must be members of USA Triathlon or					
	must have a USA Triathlon foreign elite permit.					
	I must have a 66% mathor loreign ente permit.					
	When an athlete is licensed in a particular multisport at a					
	particular distance in that multisport as Elite, the athlete may not					
	compete within Age-Group competitive categories at that					
	multisport and distance during the same calendar year.					
	The Elite condition is expensional to the professional condition					
	The Elite condition is synonymous to the professional condition					
Elite	used by various commercial organizations.					
	A competition restricted to Elite athletes and governed by Elite					
competition	competition rules.					
Event	A single multisport race or group of multisport races usually					
F	occurring at the same venue on the same day.					
Event	The organizing entity of a sanctioned multisport event.					
Management	Synonymous to the Local Organizing Committee (LOC) of a World					
	Triathlon sanctioned event.					
Field of Play	The course on which the competition will take place, along with					
(FOP)	areas associated with the competition venue such as preparation,					
	recovery, ceremony and briefing areas.					
Field of Play	The application and interpretation of the Multisport Competition					
Decision	Rules by the Technical Officials and (if applicable) the Competition					
	Jury.					
Finisher	An athlete who completes the entire race course and crosses the					
	finish line within the Multisport Competition Rules.					
Head Referee	A Technical Official who is responsible to make final decisions on					
	all rule infringements.					
Impede	The deliberate obstruction of the progress of one athlete by					
	another.					

Relay (race)	A relay is a race among teams whose athletes individually cover a specific multisport segment or a complete multisport. Unless otherwise specified, the term "athlete" in these Multisport Competition Rules is used in a generic form to include relay teams.
Results	The timed finish positions and final state (Finished, DNS, DNF, LAP or DSQ) of all athletes, after violations have been ruled upon, penalties assessed, and protests/appeals have been heard.
Running Course	That part of the race route over which it has been defined that the athlete is to run or walk. The running course commences at the exit from the transition zone and concludes at the finish line or (when there are succeeding segments of the race) the entry to the transition zone.
Sanction	A permit issued by the authority of USA Triathlon for the conduct of a multisport event. The issue of such a permit is a declaration by the sanctioning authority that plans for the event have been thoroughly inspected and provide the greatest potential for the conduct of a safe and fair event.
Segment	A stage of the race. For example, a standard triathlon consists of five segments: Swimming, Transition 1, Cycling, Transition 2, and Running.
Stop and Go	A penalty where the athlete stops forward progress, corrects the fault (amends) and continues the race.
Swimming Course	That part of the race route over which it has been defined that the athlete is to swim. The swimming course commences at the start line or (in aquathlons that begin with a running segment) at the water's edge, and concludes at the water's exit prior to entry to the transition area.
Technical Official	An accredited race official, qualified and appointed by USA Triathlon, responsible for observing, assessing and reporting on the performance of athletes in sanctioned events in relation to the Multisport Competition Rules.
Team	A group of athletes who compete as a competitive unit in a relay event.
Time Penalty	A penalty where the athlete stops forward progress for a certain amount of time.
Torso	The human body excluding the neck, the head and the limbs.
Transition Area	A location with a defined boundary that is not part of the swimming, cycling or running courses, within which each athlete is allocated an area for the storage of individual items and equipment.

Warning	A caution from a Technical Official to an athlete during the course of a competition. The purpose of a warning is to alert the athlete of the potential for a rule violation to occur and to promote a proactive attitude.
Yellow Card	This is shown by a Technical Official to an athlete who has committed a minor infringement. It can be shown pursuant to a warning, stop and go penalty or time penalty.

APPENDIX B – MULTISPORT FORMATS AND DISTANCES

USA Triathlon sanctioned multisport races may have segments of any length, may have segments in any order, and may have repeating segments. A multisport race may follow the defined formats and distances listed here, but it may also receive sanction approval from USA Triathlon for any proposed number, order and length of segments, so long as the segment disciplines (e.g. swimming, cycling, running) are conducted in accordance with these Multisport Competition Rules.

Prescribed multisport formats and distances mirror those defined by World Triathlon. World Triathlon also defines the minimum age for an athlete to participate in World Championships at the prescribed format and distance. USA Triathlon National Championships endeavor to meet these prescribed formats and distances.

For a multisport race to meet the definition of prescribed format(s) and distance(s) listed here, the race must be conducted in the prescribed order of segments (reading left to right on the table), and the actual lengths of those segments must meet the minimum length listed (if only one value is listed), not exceed the maximum length listed (if "Up to ..."), or fall within the range of lengths listed. For cycling segments, a tolerance of +/- 5% (Middle and Long Distance Triathlon/Duathlon and all Cross Triathlon/Duathlon) or +/- 10% (Shorter than Middle Distance Triathlon/Duathlon) from the prescribed distance to the actual distance is acceptable, due to limitations on available roadways and routing.

TRIATHLON

	SWIMMING	CYCLING	RUNNING	WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS MINIMUM AGE
Super Sprint Distance	250m to 500m	6.5km to 13km	1.7km to 3.5km	15
Sprint Distance	Up to 750m	Up to 20km	Up to 5km	16
Standard Distance ("Olympic Distance")	1500m	40km	10km	18
Middle Distance	1900m to 2999m	80km to 90km	20km to 21km	18
Long Distance	3000m to 4000m	91km to 200km	22km to 42.2km	18
Multisport Relay (Distances per leg)	250m to 300m	5km to 8km	1.5km to 2km	15

DUATHLON

	RUNNING	CYCLING	RUNNING	WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS MINIMUM AGE
Super Sprint Distance	1.7km to 3.5km	6.5km to 13km	0.85k to 1.75km	15
Sprint Distance	Up to 5km	Up to 20km	Up to 2.5km	16
Standard Distance	5km or 10km	30km or 40km	5km	18
Middle Distance	10km	60km	10km	18
Long Distance	10km or 20km	120km or 150km	20km or 30km	18
Multisport Relay (Distances per leg)	1.5km to 2km	5km to 8km	0.75km to 1km	15

AQUABIKE

	SWIMMING	CYCLING	WORLD
			CHAMPIONSHIPS
			MINIMUM AGE
Standard Distance	1500m	40km	18
Middle Distance	1900m to 2999m	80km to 90km	18
Long Distance	3000m to 4000m	91km to 200km	18

AQUATHLON

	RUNNING	SWIMMING	RUNNING	WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS MINIMUM AGE
Sprint Distance (Wetsuit prohibited)	1.25km	500m	1.25km	16
Sprint Distance (Wetsuit permitted		500m	2.5km	16
Standard Distance (Wetsuit prohibited)	2.5km	1000m	2.5km	16
Standard Distance (Wetsuit permitted)		1000m	5km	16
Long Distance (Wetsuit prohibited)	5km	2000m	5km	18
Long Distance (Wetsuit Permitted)		2000m	10km	18
Multisport Relay (Wetsuit prohibited)	1.25km	500m	1.25km	15
Multisport Relay (Wetsuit permitted)		500m	2.5km	15

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CROSS TRIATHLON

	SWIMMING	MOUNTAIN	CROSS-COUNTRY	WORLD
		CYCLING	RUNNING	CHAMPIONSHIPS
				MINIMUM AGE
Sprint Distance	500m	10km to 12km	3km to 4km	15
Standard Distance	1000m to 1500m	20km to 30km	6km to 10km	16
Multisport Relay	200m to 250m	4km to 5km	1.2km to 1.6km	15
(Distances per leg)				

CROSS DUATHLON

	CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING	MOUNTAIN CYCLING	CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING	WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS MINIMUM AGE
Sprint Distance	3km to 4km	10km to 12km	1.5km to 2km	15
Standard Distance	6km to 8km	20km to 25km	3km to 4km	16
Multisport Relay	1.2km to 1.6km	4km to 5km	0.6km to 0.8km	15
(Distances per leg)				

WINTER TRIATHLON

	CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING	MOUNTAIN CYCLING	CROSS-COUNTRY SKIING	WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS
	KOMMO	CICEING	Skiiivo	MINIMUM AGE
Sprint Distance	3km to 4km	5km to 6km	5km to 6km	16
Standard Distance (Elite)	7km to 9km	12km to 14km	10km to 12km	18
Standard Distance (Age-Group)	5km	10km	10km	18
2x2 Mixed Relay (Distances per leg)	1km	2km	2km	15
3x Same Gender Relay or 4x Mixed Relay (Distances per leg)	2km to 3km	4km to 5km	3km to 4km	18

WINTER DUATHLON

	CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING	CROSS-COUNTRY SKIING	WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS MINIMUM AGE
Sprint Distance (Age-Group only: Run + Ski)	6km	9km	16
Sprint Distance (Run + Ski + Run + Ski) (Distances per segment)	3km	5km	16
Standard Distance (Age-Group only: Run + Ski)	12km	18km	18
Standard Distance (Run + Ski + Run + Ski) (Distances per segment)	6km	9km	18
4x Mixed Relay (Distances per leg)	1km	2km	15

APPENDIX C – MEMBERSHIP, COMPETITION AND PARTICIPATION CATEGORIES

C.1. MEMBERSHIP / PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

All participants in events sanctioned by USA Triathlon must be members of USA Triathlon and be able to present a valid annual membership card or must purchase a USA Triathlon single event permit. Any athlete who intentionally participates in an event despite (a) Lack of membership, or (b) Ineligibility for the relevant membership class, shall be suspended from membership in USA Triathlon and suspended from participation in any sanctioned event for a period of up to one year.

C.2. MEMBERSHIP ELIGIBILITY

Membership in USA Triathlon is available to all persons in good standing with USA Triathlon who submit a completed application, pay the required membership fee, and comply with all the requirements determined by USA Triathlon to be applicable to the specific category of membership desired. No person shall be denied membership based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or disability.

C.3. ATHLETE MEMBERSHIP RIGHTS

- a. In accordance with USA Triathlon Bylaws, all athletes shall be entitled to due process with respect to any action revoking or suspending the athlete's membership in USA Triathlon.
- b. Due process shall include:
- c. Reasonable notice (usually in writing) of the charges or allegations made against the athlete;
- d. A reasonable time within which to prepare a defense and to answer the charges or allegations;
- e. The opportunity to respond to the charges and the ability to have the assistance of legal counsel in the preparation of any defense;
- f. A hearing before an impartial and disinterested decision-making body; and,
- g. The ability to appeal an adverse decision and notice of the proper procedure for making such an appeal.

No person shall be suspended from USA Triathlon or declared ineligible to participate in USA Triathlon sanctioned events without fair notice of the allegations against such person and the opportunity for a hearing.

C.4. SINGLE EVENT PERMITS

At the discretion of USA Triathlon, persons who are not members of USA Triathlon may be allowed to participate as an athlete in certain sanctioned events through the issuance of a single event permit. Any person obtaining a single event permit shall be subject to all the Multisport Competition Rules and policies of USA Triathlon.

USA Triathlon shall determine the fee and establish the requirements necessary to obtain a single event permit. Athletes who have been suspended from USA Triathlon membership or expelled from USA Triathlon membership may be excluded from obtaining a single event permit.

C.5. COMPETITION CATEGORIES

USA Triathlon-sanctioned competitive events can include the following categories and subject to the following requirements:

C.5.1. HIGH PERFORMANCE PATHWAY CATEGORIES

C.5.1.1. ELITE (and U23 ELITE)

Elite annual membership will be available to certain qualified, highly competitive, and experienced athletes. An Elite annual member athlete is eligible to compete in Elite competitions and receive prize money directly. Elite athletes age 18 to 23 as of December 31st of the competition year are eligible to compete in U23 competitions. Elite athletes from foreign triathlon federations are eligible to compete in USA Triathlon sanctioned Elite competitions but may be required to obtain a single event permit.

Elite athletes or athletes that have competed as an Elite or U23 athlete in World Triathlon competitions are eligible to participate in USA Triathlon sanctioned races but are prohibited from competing in the same calendar year as an Age-Group athlete in the same multisport where they were licensed or competed as an Elite or U23 athlete. Elite athletes participating in races governed by Age-Group competitive rules shall be categorized in an "Open" category and excluded from Age-Group categories. Prior to entering any USA Triathlon competition, Elite athletes must disclose to Event Management their Elite status and failure to disclose such is cause for disqualification from the race and suspension from USA Triathlon sanctioned events.

C.5.1.2. DEVELOPMENTAL HIGH PERFORMANCE

Under 25 Development (U25), Junior Development and Youth Development categories are reserved for athletes endorsed by USA Triathlon to pursue high-performance draft-

legal competitive opportunities. Competitions in these categories are governed by exclusive draft-legal competitive rules.

C.5.1.2.1. U25 DEVELOPMENT

The Under-25 or "U25" category is a bridge between Junior Developmental competition and Elite competition. An athlete must be between the ages of 18 and 24 as of December 31st of the competition year. Athletes older than 24 may be invited to participate in U25 competitions with the approval of USA Triathlon on a per-case basis.

C.5.1.2.2. JUNIOR DEVELOPMENT

Junior Development athletes are between and include the ages of 16 and 19 as of December 31st of the competition year.

C.5.1.2.3. YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

Youth Development athletes are between and include the ages of 13 to 15 as of December 31st of the competition year.

HIGH PERFORMANCE PATHWAY CATEGORIES (WOMEN AND MEN)

ELITE	Races conducted under USA Triathlon Elite	
	competitive rules for Elite athletes or those	
	athletes approved by their National	
	Federation.	
U23 ELITE	Races conducted under USA Triathlon Elite	
OZS ELITE	competitive rules for Elite athletes ages 18	
	through 23 in the competition year.	
U25 DEVELOPMENT	Races conducted under USA Triathlon	
023 DEVELOPIVIENT	National Triathlon Development Draft-Legal	
	rules for non-elite athletes pursuing draft-	
	legal competitive opportunities and Elite	
	qualification, ages 18 through 24 in the	
	competition year.	
JUNIOR DEVELOPMENT	Races conducted under USA Triathlon Youth	
JONION DEVELOPIVIENT	and Junior Triathlon Development Draft-Legal	
	rules for athletes endorsed by USA Triathlon	
	to compete in draft-legal competition, ages	
	16 through 19 in the competition year.	

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT	Races conducted under USA Triathlon Youth and Junior Triathlon Development Draft-Legal rules for athletes endorsed by USA Triathlon to compete in draft-legal competition, ages 13 through 15 in the competition year.
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With the approval of USA Triathlon, a race conducted under Developmental Draft-Legal rules may include multiple categories competing simultaneously, such as an U25 race open to Elites, or a combined Youth and Junior Development race.

C.5.1.3. ELITE / DEVELOPMENTAL RACE AWARDS RECOMMENDATIONS

Race management has discretion, unless otherwise restricted by USA Triathlon policy, to present awards on any size and depth within these competitive categories, provided that the awards are of equal depth and breadth between both genders.

Monetary prizes are further described in the PRIZE MONEY section.

C.5.2. AGE-GROUP

C.5.2.1. AGE-BASED COMPETITIVE CATEGORIES

The Age-Group categories are defined in the chart below and are required (for results reporting purposes) for all USA Triathlon sanctioned competitive races governed by Age-Group competitive rules.

AGE-GROUP CATEGORIES (WOMEN, MEN AND NON-BINARY) ATHLETE AGE AS OF DECEMBER 31 OF THE YEAR OF THE RACE

15-19 years	45-49 years	75-79 years
20-24 years	50-54 years	80-84 years
25-29 years	55-59 years	85-89 years
30-34 years	60-64 years	90-94 years
35-39 years	65-69 years	95-99 years
40-44 years	70-74 years	100 years and above

C.5.2.2. ADDITIONAL CATEGORIES

Event management may, at its sole discretion, offer additional competitive categories (and/or a participatory non-competitive division) in USA Triathlon sanctioned races that

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are governed by Age-Group multisport competitive rules. Age-Group athletes are eligible to compete in their age-based category and concurrently in any additional offered categories to which they are eligible, unless specifically restricted below.

C.5.2.2.1. OPEN

The Open category is outside the structure of age-based competitive categories and is eligible to all athletes, including Elite athletes (who are required to be categorized in the Open category for Age-Group rules races). Athletes competing in the Open category are not eligible to compete in any other category in the race. They are eligible for awards, including monetary prizes, if offered by Event Management.

C.5.2.2.2. ACCESSIBILITY CATEGORIES

In accordance with the requirements of the <u>ADAPTIVE TRIATHLON (AT)</u> section.

C.5.2.2.3. WEIGHT CLASS CATEGORIES

In accordance with the requirements of the <u>CLYDESDALE AND ATHENA (CA) - SUPPLEMENTAL RULES</u> section.

C.5.2.2.3. YOUTH

Athletes between the ages of 6 and 14 may be categorized in Age-Group competitive races that are not sanctioned as "Youth events."

C.5.2.2.5. CLOSED CATEGORIES

Event Management may create categories for closed groups of athletes (examples: Celebrity, Military, First Responders, club members) and define the eligibility of athletes to compete in such categories.

C.5.2.2.6. RECREATIONAL (NON-COMPETITIVE) ATHLETES

A participatory category for non-competing athletes, in accordance with the Recreational Non-Competitive (NC) Guidelines section.

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ATHLETE CATEGORIES IN AGE-GROUP RULES EVENTS (WOMEN, MEN AND NON-BINARY)

AGE-GROUP (required*, age-based)	15-19 years	
rice and a frequired , age based,	20-24 years	
	25-29 years	
	30-34 years	
	35-39 years	
	40-44 years	
	45-49 years	
	50-54 years	
	55-59 years	
	60-64 years	
	65-69 years	
	70-74 years	
	75-79 years	
	80-84 years	
	85-89 years	
	90-94 years	
	95-99 years	
	100 years and above	
	100 years and above	
	*These age-group 5-year categories are	
	mandatory for results reporting and	
	recommended for presenting awards.	
OPEN (optional)	Eligible for any athlete entered in the race	
	and is outside of the age-based competition	
	structure. Athletes that are or were Elite-	
	licensed during the same calendar year are	
	required to be categorized in the Open	
	category.	
ACCESSIBILITY (optional)	See ADAPTIVE TRIATHLON (AT) section.	
WEIGHT CLASS (optional)	See CLYDESDALE AND ATHENA (CA) -	
	SUPPLEMENATARY RULES section.	
YOUTH (optional, age-based)	Athletes ages 6 to 14, in a sanctioned Age-	
	Group rules race that is not a stand-alone	
	"Youth Event."	
CLOSED (optional)	Closed categories defined by Event	
	Management (e.g. Celebrity, club member,	
	Military, First Responder).	
NON-COMPETITIVE (optional)	Participatory category for athletes in a	
	recreational experience. See RECREATIONAL	
	NON-COMPETITIVE (NC) GUIDELINES section.	

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C.5.2.3. AGE-GROUP RACE AWARDS RECOMMENDATIONS

Race management has discretion, unless otherwise restricted by USA Triathlon policy, to present awards of any size and depth within age-based categories that it defines (e.g. 10-year age categories) and optional categories offered, provided that...

Awards based on defined 5-year age-based groups listed in this section are recommended for all events, and compulsory for National Events.

The awards are of equal depth and breadth between all genders, in the same multisport and distance, across each age-based category.

The awards are of equal depth and breadth between all genders, in the same multisport and distance, independently within each additionally offered race category.

C.6. PRIZE MONEY

Distribution of prize money shall comply with the following standards.

When prize money is available in any race, no restrictive rules or conditions that have the effect of impeding performance may be placed upon any one category of members or group of athletes, unless such rules or conditions are imposed equally upon all those athletes that are eligible for prize money.

Prize money for any sanctioned event shall be distributed equally between men and women (and non-binary athletes when such a category is offered) in both amount and depth. For more information on the eligibility to participate in the non-binary category, see the USA Triathlon Gender Inclusion Policy.

For each placing where prize money is offered for one gender, including any bonus for swim, bike or run placing, there must be a corresponding and equal place for the other gender offering the same amount of prize money.

Where the depth of prize places exceeds the number of finishing athletes in any category, that segment of prize money designated for the places for which there are no finishers will not be distributed.

It is USA Triathlon's standing policy that for every event, among all races of the same multisport where the total monetary prize purse is at least \$5,000, the prize purse of that multisport is exclusively reserved for the Elite competition of that multisport.

APPENDIX D – INFRINGEMENT EXAMPLES

This list is a summary of common infringements and penalties in competitive races. This list is intended as a guide only and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Each athlete is responsible for knowing and understanding all Multisport Competition Rules (including without limitation any supplemental rules, event athlete checklists and event-specific approved modifications).

In case of different interpretations of the text in this appendix and the main body of the Multisport Competition Rules, the main body of the rules will be applied.

The procedures and the durations of penalties for all categories and distances are outlined in the PENALTIES section of the Multisport Competition Rules.

GENERAL RACE CONDUCT

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
GENERAL CONDUCT	- DSQ	2.1.c.
Refusing to follow the		
instructions of Technical		
Officials or event official.		

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
RULE INTENTIONAL MISCONDUCT Fraud by entering under an assumed name or age, falsifying an affidavit, giving false information or participating when not eligible.	PENALTY - DSQ, removal from race and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension or expulsion	REFERENCE 2.2.c.
UNSPORTSMANLIKE CONDUCT Using abusive language or behavior toward any official.	- DSQ and report to USA Triathlon for possible suspension	2.2.a.

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
		2.3.2.
RACE NUMBERS	- Warning and amend - If intentional and not	2.3.2.
Failure to properly display the unaltered race numbers	corrected: Time Penalty	
	,	
(when provided by Event	- If not registered for the event: Removal from race	
Management).		
	and report to USA Triathlon	
	for possible suspension	
ENTIRE COURSE	- Warning and re-enter the	2.3.4.a.
Failing to follow the	course at the point of	
prescribed course.	departure.	
	- If not: DSQ	
ENTIRE COURSE	- If advantage is gained: Time	2.3.4.a.
Departing the course for	penalty	
reasons of safety but failing		
to re-enter at the point of		
departure when advantage is		
gained.		
UNAUTHORIZED ASSISTANCE	- Warning and amend if it is	2.3.5.a.
Accepting assistance from	possible and return to the	
anyone other than a	original situation	
Technical Official, event	- If not: DSQ	
official or other athlete.		
UNAUTHORIZED ASSISTANCE	- DSQ of both athletes	2.3.5.d.
An athlete physically assists		
the forward progress of		
another athlete.	DCO of horse states	2.2.5
UNAUTHORIZED ASSISTANCE	- DSQ of both athletes	2.3.5.c.
To give another athlete		
essential race equipment,		
such as a complete bike,		
frame, wheel(s), helmet or		
any other item that results in the donor athlete being		
unable to continue with their		
own race.		

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
UNAUTHORIZED EQUIPMENT	- Warning and amend	2.3.6.a.
Using unauthorized	- If not corrected: DSQ	
equipment to provide an		
advantage or which will be		
dangerous to others.		
UNAUTHORIZED EQUIPMENT	- Warning and amend	2.3.6.b.
Wearing headphones or	- If not corrected: DSQ	3.3.3.f.
headsets during competition.		
UNAUTHORIZED EQUIPMENT	- Warning and amend	2.3.6.c.
Using any device distracting	- If not corrected: DSQ	
the athlete from paying full		
attention to their		
surroundings.		
OBSTRUCTION	- Accidental and incidental:	2.3.7.
Blocking, charging,	No penalty or warning	
obstructing, or interfering	- Sustained impeding: Time	
the forward progress of	penalty	
another athlete.	- Targeting: DSQ and report	
	to USA Triathlon for possible	
	suspension	
TRASH AND LITTERING	- Warning and amend	2.3.8.
To litter, or to dispose of	- If not corrected: Time	
trash or equipment around	penalty	
the course outside clearly		
identified places, such as aid		
stations or trash receptacles.		
AG NATIONAL EVENTS –	- Warning and amend	12.1.1.b.1.
UNIFORM	- If not corrected: DSQ	
Compete with a bare torso		
during any segment.		
AG NATIONAL EVENTS –	- Warning and amend	12.1.1.b.3.
UNIFORM	- If not corrected: DSQ	
Wearing a uniform with front		
zipper undone below the		
point of the end of the		
breastbone (sternum) during		
the competition.		

START

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Starting in a wave earlier	- DSQ	2.3.3.
than the one the athlete is		
assigned to.		
Starting before the starter's	- Time penalty	2.3.3.
signal.		

SWIMMING

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Not wearing the official swim	- Intentionally: Warning and	3.2.2.a.
сар	amend	
	- If not corrected: DSQ	
PROHIBITED EQUIPMENT	- Warning and amend	3.3.
Using snorkels, artificial	- If nor corrected: DSQ	
propulsion or flotation,		
deployed inflatable devices,		
wetsuits thicker than 5mm,		
or other prohibited		
equipment.		
Using neoprene booties	- Permitted when wetsuits	3.2.4.
and/or socks.	are permitted, provided the	
	items are not propulsive	
	(webbed)	
	- Otherwise: DSQ	
Using gloves	- Permitted when wetsuits	3.2.5.
	are mandatory, provided the	
	gloves are not propulsive	
	(webbed)	
	- Otherwise: DSQ	
Wearing wetsuit not covering	- If wetsuits are mandatory or	3.2.1.
the torso or back.	prohibited: Warning and	
	amend	
	- If not corrected: DSQ and	
	removal from event	

WHEN WETSUITS ARE	- Warning and amend	3.2.3.a.
PROHIBITED	- If not corrected: DSQ	3.2.3.c.
Wearing a wetsuit, neoprene		3.3.3.a.
or buoyancy shorts, or any		
swimwear that is not		
completely textile material.		
WHEN WETSUITS ARE	- Warning and amend	3.2.3.c.
PROHIBITED	- If not corrected: DSQ	
Wearing clothing covering		
any part of the arms below		
the shoulder and/or clothing		
covering any part of the legs		
below knee.		

CYCLING

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Make forward progress	- Warning and amend	4.1.b.
without the bicycle, during	- If not: DSQ	
the cycling segment.		
Dangerous riding during the	- Warning and amend	4.1.e.
cycling segment.	- If impeding: Time Penalty	2.3.7.
	- If intentionally repeated:	
	DSQ and removal from event	
Riding in a forbidden	- Time Penalty	4.5.5.
position.	- If repeated: DSQ	4.6.3.
Wearing the helmet	- Age-Group: Warning and	4.3.b.
unfastened or insecurely	amend	
fastened, during the cycling	- Elite and Paratriathlon:	
segment.	Time penalty	
	- If not corrected: DSQ	
Take off the helmet on the	- Warning and amend	4.3.c.
bike course, even if stopped.	- If not corrected: DSQ	
Not wearing a helmet during	- DSQ and removal from	4.3.a.
the cycling segment.	event	
Drafting in a draft-illegal race,	- Drafting (Blue Card) Time	4.5.3.a.
by entering the draft zone	Penalty	
and not making continuous		
progress through the zone.		

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Drafting in a draft-illegal race, by entering the draft zone and then dropping out the back of the zone.	- Drafting (Blue Card) Time Penalty	4.5.3.a.
Drafting in a draft-illegal race, by entering the draft zone and failing to overtake in the allotted time.	- Drafting (Blue Card) Time Penalty	4.5.3.a.
Overtaken athlete not dropping out of the draft zone of the passing athlete by continuously making rearward progress to clear the drafting zone, in a draftillegal race.	- Drafting (Blue Card) Time Penalty	4.5.4.
Re-passing by an overtaken athlete prior to dropping out of the draft zone, in a draft-illegal race.	- Drafting (Blue Card) Time Penalty	4.5.4.
Blocking (riding side-by-side or unnecessarily wide of the edge of the course) in a draft-illegal race.	- Time Penalty (Yellow Card)	4.5.1.a.
Accumulating multiple Blue Card penalties.	 Cycling courses under 60km: DSQ if two Blue Card penalties. Cycling courses 60km or longer: DSQ if three Blue Card penalties. 	4.5.6.d.

RUNNING and SKIING

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Crawl during the running	- DSQ and removal from race	5.1.b.
segment.		
Pacing by being accompanied	- Warning and amend	2.3.5.b.
on or alongside the course by	- If not corrected: DSQ	5.1.g.
any pacemakers or non-		
athletes.		

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
To use posts, trees, or other	- Time penalty	5.1.e.
fixed elements to assist		
maneuvering curves.		
AG NATIONAL EVENTS –	- Warning and amend	12.1.1.b.3.
UNIFORM		
Wearing a uniform with front		
zipper undone during the last		
200m of the run.		
AG NATIONAL EVENTS –	- DSQ	12.1.1.c.
FINISH		
Being accompanied by any		
non-competing person in the		
finish chute.		
Run or ski while wearing or	- Warning and amend	5.1.d.
possessing a helmet.	- If not corrected: DSQ	8.9.2.e.
Not use classic style skiing	- First offense: Time penalty	8.9.2.e.
where mandatory.	- Second offense: DSQ	
Changing ski corridors in the	- DSQ	8.9.2.e.
finish chute, impeding the		
progress of other athletes.		

TRANSITION

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Rack the bike improperly, or outside the athlete's own space, or blocking the progress of other athletes.	 - Age-Group: Warning and amend. - Elite and Paratriathlon: Before competition: Warning and amend; During competition: Time penalty 	6.1.c.
Marking of position in transition area.	 Warning and amend If not corrected, marking and objects used for marking purposes will be removed from the transition area. 	6.1.b.

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Store or discharge athlete	- Age-Group: Warning and	6.5.c.
equipment outside the	amend	
athlete's designated	- Elite and Paratriathlon:	
transition spot or bin.	Time penalty	
To have the helmet strap	- Age-Group: Technical	6.3.b.
fastened in T1 while	Official may unfasten the	
competing in the first	strap	
segment.	- Elite and Paratriathlon:	
	Technical Official will	
	unfasten the strap, and Time	
La sida Alba Angas Wasanasa	Penalty	6.2
Inside the transition area	- Age-Group: Warning and	6.3.a.
while in possession of the	amend - Elite and Paratriathlon: Time	
bicycle, not wearing the helmet or wearing the	penalty	
helmet unfastened or	Penalty	
insecurely fastened.		
Mount the bicycle before the	- Age-Group: Warning and	6.4.b.
mount line.	amend	
	- Elite and Paratriathlon: Time	
	penalty	
Dismount the bicycle after	- Age-Group: Warning and	6.4.c.
the dismount line.	amend	
	- Elite and Paratriathlon: Time	
	penalty	
Cycling in transition zone	- DSQ	6.4.b.
rather than mounting at the		6.4.c.
mount line or attempting to		
dismount at the dismount		
line.		

TEAM RELAYS

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Team relay exchange	- Time penalty	9.2.c.1.b.
completed outside of the		9.2.c.2.d.
exchange zone.		

Team relay exchange not	- DSQ	9.2.c.1.b.
completed, or intentionally		9.2.c.2.d.
completed outside the		
exchange zone.		

PARATRIATHLON-SPECIFIC

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
Para triathletes who use	- Warning and amend	10.17.
catheters or other urinary	- If not corrected: DSQ	
diversion devices, have		
spillage during competition.		
Para triathlete using	- Warning and amend	10.12.1.e.
unprotected sharp objects,	- If not corrected: DSQ and	
screws, prosthetic liners, or	removal from competition	
prosthetic devices that can		
be harmful.		
Para triathlete receiving	- DSQ	10.7.b.
assistance from more		
personal handlers than		
allowed or registered.	PCO	10.7
Any action taken by the	- DSQ	10.7.e.
personal handler which		
propels the para triathlete forward.		
	DCO	10.7.c.5.
Personal handler repairing a	- DSQ	
para triathlete's bike during the competition in an area		10.7.g.
other than the athlete's		
transition spot or the wheel		
station.		
Personal handler for PTS	- Warning and amend	10.10.f.
athlete present in the pre-	- If not corrected: DSQ	10.7.g.
transition area.		
PTS athlete with an absent	- Warning and amend	10.10.d.
lower limb not using a	- If not corrected: DSQ	
prosthesis or crutches to		
reach from pre-transition to		
the transition area.		

RULE	PENALTY	REFERENCE
PTWC athlete not stopping	- Time penalty	10.13.2.b.
completely at the mount and		
the dismount lines or		
continue before the		
Technical Official says "Go".		
PTWC athlete drafting off a	- Warning and amend	10.14.d.
vehicle or motorbike during	- If not corrected: Drafting	
the running segment.	(Blue Card) Time Penalty	
Athlete leaving equipment in	- Warning and amend	10.10.h.
pre-transition after exiting it.	- If not corrected: Time	
	Penalty	
PTVI athlete not tethered	- Warning and amend	10.15.2.a.
during the swimming or	- If not corrected: DSQ	
running segments.		
PTVI athlete paced, led or	- First offense: Time penalty	10.15.2.b.
being more than 1.5m from	- Second offense: DSQ	
their guide during the		
swimming segment.		
PTVI athlete paced, led or	- First offense: Time penalty	10.15.1.h.
being more than 0.5m from	- Second offense: DSQ	
their guide after the swim		
exit.		
PTVI athlete pulled, pushed	- DSQ	10.15.1.g.
or propelled by the guide.		
PTVI athlete crosses the	- DSQ	<u>10.15.4.d.</u>
finish line and the guide is		
further apart than the		
required 0.5m maximum		
separation distance.		
PTVI1 athlete not wearing	- DSQ	<u>10.15.1.k.</u>
blackout goggles or glasses		
during applicable segments.		