Split Position Difficulty 0.6

Legs evenly split forward and back. The legs are parallel to the surface of the water. Lower back is arched, with hips, shoulders and head on a vertical line. 180-degree angle between the extended legs (flat split), with inside of each leg aligned



BP 16 Split Position

Rule Book Description

- 1. Legs evenly split forward and back.
- 2. The legs are parallel to the surface.
- 3. Lower back arched, with hips, shoulders and head on a vertical line.
- 4. 180° angle between the extended legs (flat split), with inside of each leg aligned on opposite sides of a horizontal line, regardless of the height of the hips.

a) Surface Split Position

1. Legs are dry at the surface of the water

Diagrams

Major Desired Actions

- 1. Full extension of the legs at or above the surface.
- 2. Flat split. Hip joints and shoulder joints on a horizontal line, with both of these alignments 'square' and parallel to each other.



1. Full extension of the legs. Crotch and legs dry at the surface of the water.

Height Chart for Surface Split Position

Score range		Angle of Split (degree)				Water level
Excellent/ Near Perfect	9.5	180 (flat)				Crotch & legs dry
Very Good	8.5	170 - 180	-		<u> </u>	Legs dry
Good	7.5	160 - 170	-			Legs almost dry
Competent	6.5	150 - 160				lower legs dry Crotch underwater
Satisfactory	5.5	130 - 140				lower legs dry Crotch underwater
Deficient	4.5	110 - 120				feet above the surface, legs under water
Weak	3.5	up to 100	> = 1		1	feet come out vertically
Travel Deduction	S	mall deduction	: 0.1	ium deduction:	0.3	Large deduction: 0.5
Har dijuidelijnes ible	0.1 – 2.9	scissors	1/		1	feet come out vertically
	NA::	al traval ar !	in al	va tra val in a :	4)	Obvious traval in two (0) -
		nal travel or min		Opvious travel in one (1)		Obvious travel in two (2) o
	lack	of required trav		transition, and or/ travel in several transitions		more transitions and or
			sever	ai iiansiiions		travel throughout