

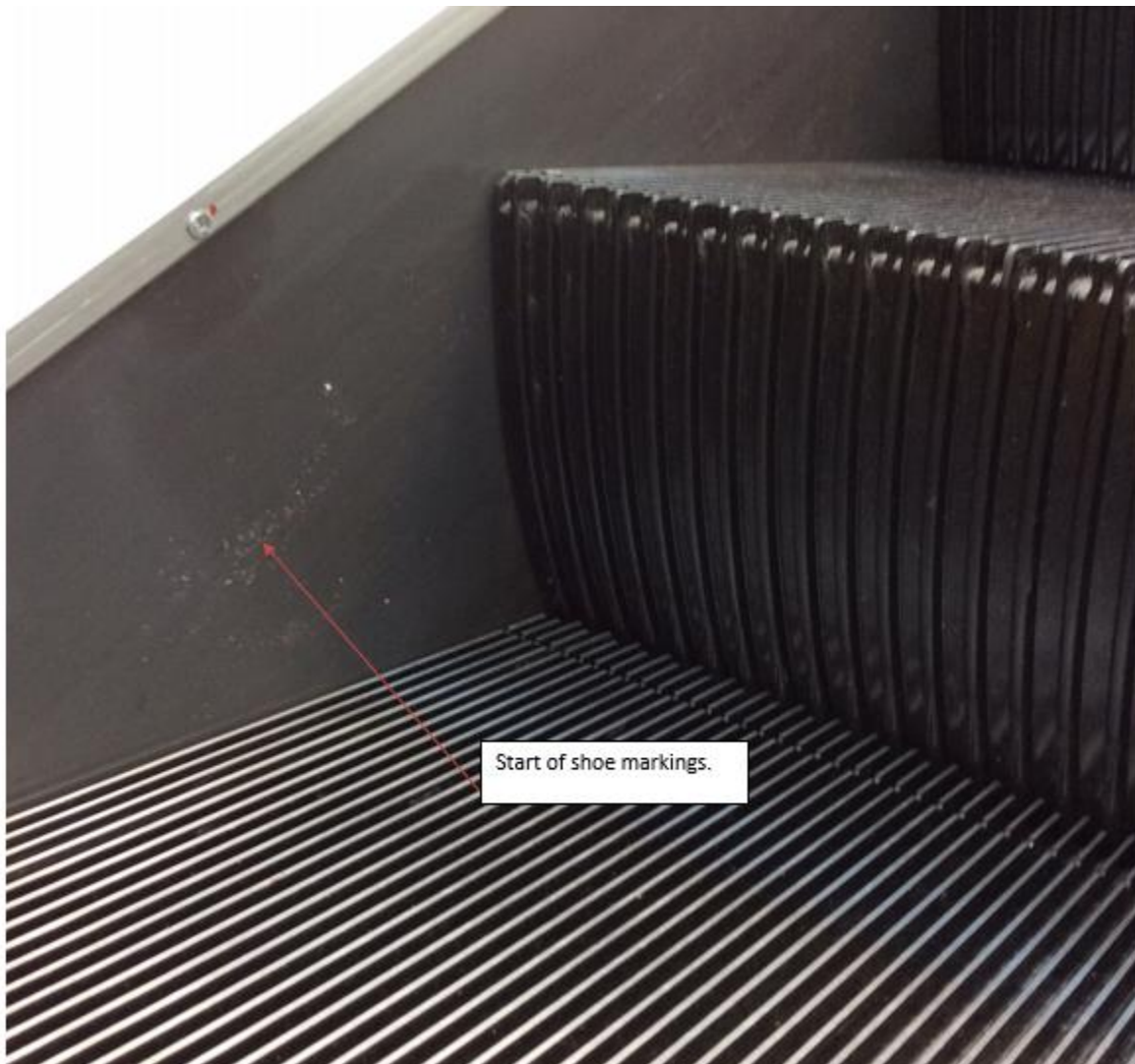
Incident Summary Report II-657117-2018 (#5386) (Final)

SUPPORTING INFORMATION	Incident Date	<i>January 28, 2018</i>	
	Location	<i>Burnaby BC</i>	
	Regulated industry sector	<i>Elevating Devices – Escalator or moving walkway</i>	
	Impact	Qty injuries	<i>1</i>
		Injury description	<i>Technical Safety BC was notified that a girl was taken to the hospital by her parents with a bruised foot due to an entrapment on the down escalator.</i>
		Injury rating	<i>Minor</i>
	Damage	Damage description	<i>No damage to regulated equipment.</i>
		Damage rating	<i>None</i>
	Incident rating	<i>Minor</i>	
Incident overview	<i>Technical Safety BC was notified that a girl got her right boot stuck on the down escalator between the step and the stationary skirt panel.</i>		
INVESTIGATION CONCLUSIONS	Site, system and components	<p>Escalators have design features to prevent users from getting their foot wear and clothing articles from being entrapped.</p> <p>This entrapment mainly occurs between the moving step and stationary skirt panel on down escalators.</p> <p>The escalator steps are designed and required to have a maximum running clearance of 5mm between the step and stationary skirt panel.</p> <p>The skirt panels are designed to remain stiff and have adjustable brackets for support and to maintain the step to skirt running clearance. These brackets are typically spaced at 5 feet apart behind the visible skirt panels.</p> <p>The escalator skirt panels are also manufactured with an anti-friction coating to help reduce friction and lower the chances of user's shoes and clothing articles from being entrapped.</p>	
	Failure scenario(s)	<p>The user while riding the down escalator had their shoe in contact with the stationary skirt panel.</p> <p>The loaded step gap may have exceeded the 5mm maximum allowable distance between escalator step and skirt panel.</p> <p>The skirt stiffening brackets may not be installed or missing.</p> <p>The skirt panel coefficient of friction Index may be higher than the maximum allowable of 0.15 for an escalator without skirt deflectors. (brushes along the entire length of the escalator)</p>	
	Facts and evidence	<p>Past the halfway point of the down escalator I found evidence of synthetic/rubber material on the skirt panel. This transfer of material continued for approximately 7 steps on the left skirt panel looking up from the bottom.</p> <p>The loaded step gap was greater than the allowable of 5mm. We recorded a discrepancy of 0.9 to 1mm.</p>	

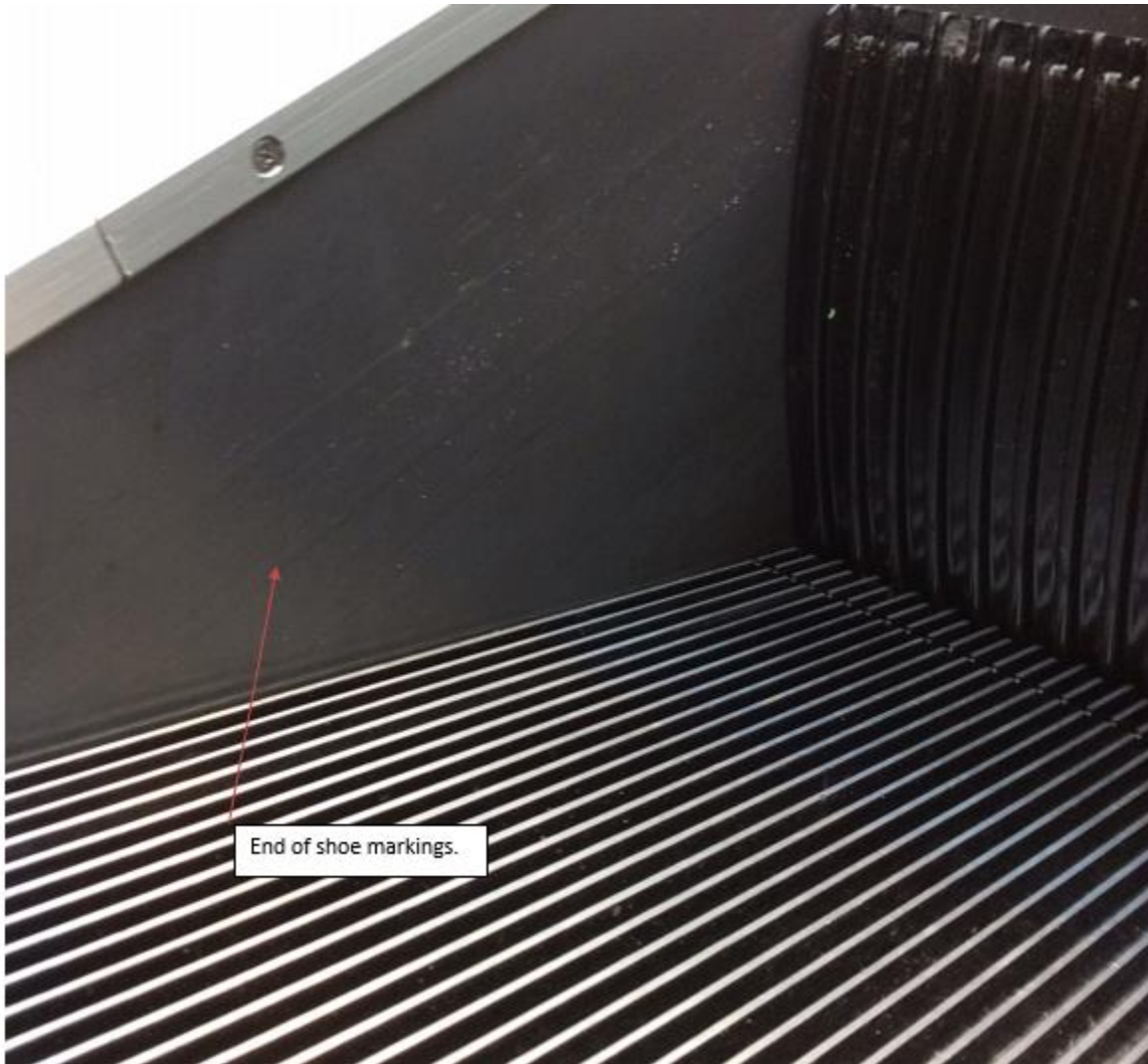
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	<p>The escalator skirt stiffening brackets are all in place.</p> <p>The Step/skirt performance index test showed the co-efficient of friction and Index are higher than allowed for escalators without skirt deflectors.</p>
Causes and contributing factors	<p>Likely that the interaction of the shoe with the skirt panel allowed the shoe to become entrapped.</p> <p>Contributing factor is that the step gap between the step and skirt panel exceeded maximum allowable distance.</p> <p>The step/skirt index performance test showed the co-efficient of friction was greater than allowable by code for escalators without skirt deflectors.</p>

Photos or diagrams







Step/Skirt Performance index Graph.

