

TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs build upon the benefits of the TECNIS<sup>™</sup> platform to meet patient needs for quality of vision<sup>1</sup>

### TECNIS Sym*f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs are built on the strength of the TECNIS<sup>™</sup> platform

Correction of spherical aberration to virtually zero, resulting in **sharp quality** of vision<sup>2</sup> Low induction of chromatic aberration and high image contrast, day and night<sup>3</sup>

TECNIS<sup>®</sup> Toric II IOLs deliver exceptional rotational stability<sup>4,\*</sup>

## Three proprietary technologies for the TECNIS<sup>™</sup> platform now available for TECNIS Sym*f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOL<sup>5,†</sup>



Designed to mitigate dysphotopsia, including halo, glare and starburst.<sup>6,7</sup>

### Why filter violet (380-460 nm) but not blue (460-500 nm) light?

High-energy violet wavelengths **create more light scatter**, resulting in poor image quality. Blocking these wavelengths may reduce dysphotopsia.<sup>8-11</sup>

Blue light transmission **aids image quality in low light**. Transmission decreases with age, which may reduce the ability to walk on uneven surfaces or read in dim light.<sup>11,12</sup>



### **High-resolution Echelette**

Extends the depth of focus for a continuous range of vision.<sup>5</sup> Advanced lathing helps reduce light scatter and halo intensity.<sup>6</sup>



Achromatic design that corrects chromatic aberration to enhance image contrast, day and night.<sup>13,14</sup>

\* Based on data from 200 eyes after 3 months postoperative follow-up in a postmarket prospective, multicenter, single-arm, open-label study of the TECNIS<sup>®</sup> Toric II 1-Piece IOL conducted in the US. Outcomes differ from the pivotal investigation data in the product labeling and were collected using different measurement methods, study design and clinical conditions. <sup>↑</sup> Proprietary technology in TECNIS Synergy<sup>™</sup> IOLs and now available for TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs.



### Symfony™ OptiBlue• IOL Powered by InteliLight™

Symfony™ OptiBlue® IOL Toric II Powered by InteliLight™ Powered by InteliLight<sup>™</sup>, the TECNIS Sym*f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOL is the next generation in clarity and sharpness<sup>15</sup>

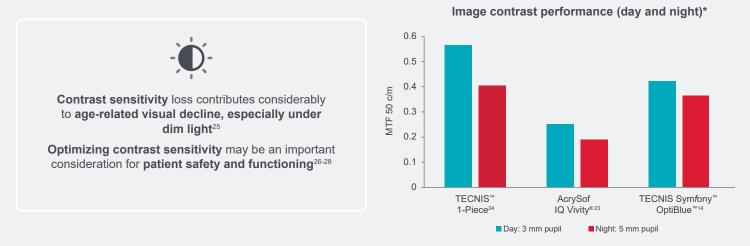
## Today's older adults lead active lifestyles, which may necessitate a variety of visual needs:16,17 Low level of disturbing Good vision in dim Wide range of vision<sup>16</sup> visual symptoms<sup>16</sup> light/night driving<sup>16</sup> TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs, powered by InteliLight<sup>™</sup>, are designed to mitigate dysphotopsia<sup>18</sup> The violet light filter of the TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOL reduces light scatter:18,† **19%** improvement in straylight performance based on area under the curve (AUC) analysis of the straylight parameter. Halo, glare, and starburst (i.e., dysphotopsia) not only interfere with vision but can reduce visual contrast and may impact a patient's **7-11%** improvement in straylight parameter based on a simulation study using a theoretical cornea eye model. ability to carry out certain activities.<sup>19,20</sup> Violet light wavelengths can increase halos, TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOL blocks especially at night<sup>20,\*</sup> violet light, reducing halo intensity<sup>18,21,\*</sup>

\* Artist rendition based on with and without TECNIS Symfony TM OptiBlue TM IOL Mechanism of Action. † Compared with TECNIS Symfony VIOLs without violet light filter.

TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs are designed to mitigate dysphotopsias to provide high-quality vision<sup>1,18</sup>

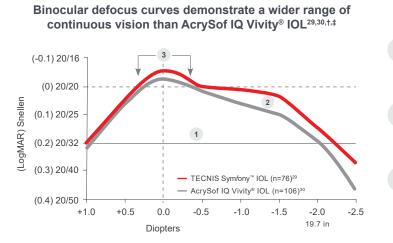
# TECNIS Sym*f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs deliver high image contrast, day and night<sup>14,22</sup>

## Image contrast provided by TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs was more than 1.5x better than with AcrySof IQ Vivity<sup>®</sup> and comparable to TECNIS<sup>™</sup> Monofocal 1-Piece IOL<sup>14,23,24,\*</sup>



\* Based on bench testing of the modulation transfer function (MTF), which has been measured for a set of lens models, in a similar manner, using the Average Cornea Eye (ACE) model in white light. The ACE model is designed to simulate the spherical and chromatic aberration of the average natural human cornea.<sup>14</sup>

### TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs provide superior performance across every distance compared with AcrySof IQ Vivity<sup>® 29,30,†</sup>



 Mean visual acuity of ~20/32 or better from infinity to <20 inches may allow patients to seamlessly move between different activities<sup>29</sup>
~29% more AUC above 0.2 LogMAR (~20/32 Snellen) compared with AcrySof IQ Vivity<sup>® 29,30,§</sup>

**Tolerance to post-op refractive errors** due to a large landing zone is a key factor for high patient satisfaction<sup>29,31</sup>

<sup>†</sup> Based on comparison of defocus curves; not a head-to-head study. Note that TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOL provides equivalent range of vision and tolerance to TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> IOL.<sup>32 ‡</sup> Direct comparisons of defocus curves provide a detailed comparison of visual acuity at every level of defocus.<sup>33 §</sup> The AUC metric provides an overview of visual range, accounting for the level of visual acuity within the range as well as the range itself. It represents the subjective experience better than intermediate and near visual acuities alone.<sup>34</sup>

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TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> IOL technology delivers continuous vision across the entire range<sup>1</sup>

## **TECNIS Sym***f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs may provide value

## TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs may reduce spectacle needs, potentially offering patients long-term cost savings<sup>1,35,36</sup>

Presbyopia-correcting IOLs should be presented as an option Older individuals value active lifestyles and have a need for options that optimize uncompromised vision for their preferred activities<sup>37</sup>

Estimated indirect cost of monofocal vs. presbyopia-correcting IOLs

The average US cost per patient was calculated based on indirect cost components estimated to occur over the remaining lifetime after cataract surgery.

Cost Component	Presbyopia-correcting IOLs	Monofocal IOLs
Time spent during clinic visits and traveling	\$1,318.62	\$1,600.61
Transportation to and from clinics (car, bus, etc.)	\$128.49	\$420.21
Visit to correct visual acuity	\$93.07	\$418.82
Clean spectacles (sprays, cloths, etc.)	\$18.58	\$83.17
Spectacles (including replacement over time)	\$621.63	\$2,794.90
Average Cost per Patient (in USD)	\$2,180.39	\$5,317.72

Note: This study was based on data for Alcon's ReSTOR<sup>®</sup> IOLs. The average US cost per patient was calculated by: 1) Taking a straight average of the cost components reported across four countries.<sup>36</sup> 2) Inflating the cost estimate from 2006 to 2021 Euros using the European Central Bank. HICP – Indices breakdown by purpose of consumption. 1.6 – Health.<sup>38</sup> 3) Converting the average costs in Euros to USD using an exchange rate of 1 Euro = 1.1934 USD (2021 YTD average as of Oct 25, 2021).<sup>39</sup>

## Additional features and benefits of TECNIS Sym*f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs



- · Provides a sterile, controlled, touch-free method of IOL delivery
- Reduces the number of steps required to prepare the IOL for insertion (compared with non-preloaded IOLs)

### TECNIS Sym*f*ony<sup>™</sup> OptiBlue<sup>™</sup> IOLs are available on the TECNIS<sup>™</sup> Toric II Platform<sup>1</sup>

- Squared and frosted haptic design for increased friction in the capsular bag<sup>40</sup>
- Exceptional rotational stability (mean rotation of 0.94° at 3 months post surgery)<sup>4,\*</sup>
- Toric IOL implantation was shown to be cost effective in patients with astigmatism as a result of reduced spectacle needs after cataract surgery<sup>41,42</sup>

\* Based on data from 200 eyes after 3 months postoperative follow-up in a postmarket prospective, multicenter, single-arm, open-label study of the TECNIS<sup>TM</sup> Toric II 1-Piece IOL conducted in the US. Outcomes differ from the pivotal investigation data in the product labeling and were collected using different measurement methods, study design and clinical conditions.

When choosing an IOL, consider the quality of the patient's vision for life

## **References, Indications, and Important Safety Information**

REFERENCES: 1. Directions For Use: TECNIS SYMPONY<sup>®</sup> OptiBlue<sup>®</sup> IOL WITH TECNIS SIMPLICITY<sup>®</sup> PELIVER<sup>®</sup> SYSTEM MODELS DXR00V/DXW160-375 (US), 2311588E Rev. A. 07/2021. 2. Piers P. Manzanera S. Prieto P. Goreix N. Artal P (2007) Use of adaptive optics to determine the optimal ocular spherical aberration. J Catarard Refract Surg 33: 1721-1726. Johnson Vision (2018) Data on file. DOF2018C14007. 4. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. PF20200TH12322. 6. Darwas C, Weether HA, Ternatox SU et al. (2019) optical and Visual performance of viola blocking intraocular lenses. Jnote 2 Optimilarity Vis Sci 69 (9) 3717-3717. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120T4010. 11. Mainset MA (2006) Niel and Suber Strand Suber Strand Stability of the TECNIS Symfony Vis Sci 94 (4): 505-510. 9. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20200TH4005. 10. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2019) Data on File. DF20120T4010. 11. Mainset MA (2006) Niel and blue light blocking intraocular lenses: photoprecision. *Br J Ophtalmin* 90 (6): 784-792. 12. Cultibertson FM, Peiros MA (2006) Niel and File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20200TH4005. 14. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20200TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20200TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20200TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Tata on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Tata on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Johnson Vision (2020) Data on File. DF20120TH4010. 15. Johnson & Jo

INDICATION AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION for the TECNIS Symfony<sup>TM</sup> OptiBlue<sup>TM</sup> Extended Range of Vision IOL with TECNIS Simplicity<sup>TM</sup> Delivery System and TECNIS Symfony<sup>TM</sup> Toric II OptiBlue<sup>TM</sup> Extended Range of Vision IOL with TECNIS Simplicity<sup>TM</sup> Delivery System

#### Rx Only

#### INDICATIONS

The TECNIS Simplicity<sup>TM</sup> Delivery System is used to fold and assist in inserting the TECNIS Symfony<sup>TM</sup> OptiBlue<sup>TM</sup> Extended Range of Vision IOL, which is indicated for primary implantation for the visual correction of aphakia, in adult patients, with less than 1 diopter of pre-existing corneal astigmatism, in whom a cataractous lens has been removed. The lens mitigates the effects of presbyopia by providing an extended depth of focus. Compared to an aspheric monofocal IOL, the lens provides improved intermediate and near visual acuty, while maintaining comparable distance visual acuty. The lens is intended for caspular bag placement only.

The TECNIS Simplicity<sup>TM</sup> Delivery System is used to fold and assist in inserting the TECNIS Symfony<sup>TM</sup> Toric II OptiBue<sup>TM</sup> Extended Range of Vision IOLs that are indicated for primary implantation for the visual correction of aphakia and for reduction of residual refractive astigmatism in adult patients with greater than or equal to 1 diopter of preoperative correal astigmatism, in whom a cataractous lens has been removed. The lens mitigates the effects of presbyopia by providing an extended depth of focus. Compared to an aspheric monofocal IOL, the lens provides improved intermediate and near visual acuity, while maintaining comparable distance visual acuity. The lenses are intended for capsular bag placement only.

#### WARNINGS

Patients with any of the conditions described in the Directions for Use may not be suitable candidates for an intraocular lens because the lens may exacerbate an existing condition, may interfere with diagnosis or treatment of a condition, or may pose an unreasonable risk to the patient's eyesight. Lenses should not be placed in the ciliary sulcus. The lens may cause a reduction in contrast sensitivity under certain conditions, compared to an aspheric monofocal IOL; fully inform the patient of this risk before implanting the lens. Special consideration should be made for patients with macular disease, amblyopia, comeal irregularities, or other ocular disease. Inform patients to exercise special caution when driving at night or in poor visibility conditions. Some visual effects may be expected due to the lens design, including a perception of halos, glare, or starbursts around lights under nighttime conditions. These will be bothersome or very bothersome in some people, particularly in low-illumination conditions, and on rare occasions may be significant enough that the patient may request removal of the IOL.

Rotation of the TECNIS Symfony<sup>TM</sup> Toric II OptiBlue<sup>TM</sup> IOLs away from their intended axis can reduce their astigmatic correction, and misalignment >30° may increase postoperative refractive cylinder. If necessary, lens repositioning should occur as early as possible prior to lens encapsulation.

Do not attempt to disassemble, modify or alter the delivery system or any of its components, as this can significantly affect the function and/or structural integrity of the design. Do not implant the lens if the rod tip does not advance the lens or if it is jammed in the delivery system. The lens and delivery system should be discarded if the lens has been folded within the cartridge for more than 10 minutes.

#### PRECAUTIONS

Interpret results with caution when using autorefractors or wavefront aberrometers that utilize infrared light, or when performing a duochrome test. Confirmation of refraction with maximum plus manifest refraction technique is recommended. The ability to perform some eye treatments (e.g., retinal photocoagulation) may be affected by the optical design. Target emmetropia for optimum visual performance. Care should be taken to achieve IOL centration, as lens decentration may result in a patient experiencing visual disturbances under certain lighting conditions.

For the TECNIS Symfony<sup>TM</sup> Toric II OptiBlue<sup>TM</sup> IOL, variability in any preoperative surgical parameters (e.g., keratometric cylinder, incision location, estimated surgically induced astigmatism, or biometry) can influence patient outcomes. Carefully remove all viscoelastic and do not over-inflate the capsular bag at the end of the case, to avoid lens rotation.

This is a single use device, do not resterilize the lens or the delivery system. Do not store the device in direct sunlight or at a temperature under 5°C (41°F) or over 35°C (95°F). Do not autoclave the delivery system. Do not advance the lens unless ready for lens implantation. The contents are sterile unless the package is opened or damaged. The recommended temperature for implanting the lens is at least 17°C (63°F). The use of balanced salt solution or viscoelastics is required when using the delivery system. Do not set if the delivery system has been dropped or if any part was inadvertently struck while outside the shipping box.

#### SERIOUS ADVERSE EVENTS

The most frequently reported serious adverse events during the clinical trial of the TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> lens were cystoid macular edema (2 eyes, 0.7%) and surgical reintervention (treatment injections for cystoid macular edema and endophthalmitis, 2 eyes, 0.7%). No lens-related adverse events occurred during the trial. Overall, 2.7% (4/148) of TECNIS Symfony<sup>™</sup> subjects experienced serious adverse events during the study and 0% (0/148) experienced device-related or unanticipated events.

ATTENTION: Reference the Directions for Use for a complete listing of Indications and Important Safety Information.

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