

SEC549:™ Cloud Security Architecture™



GCAD
Cloud Security
Architecture and Design
giac.org/gcad

5 Day Program | 30 CPEs | Laptop Required

You Will Be Able To

- Design secure, enterprise-ready cloud architectures that support business goals.
- Build a scalable identity foundation by centralizing workforce identity with conditional access policies and break-glass access
- Learn how the cloud enables zero-trust for workforce, customer, and workload identities with both identity-based and network-based security controls.
- Create micro-network segmentation using with hub-and-spoke models and centralized inspection firewalls.
- Protect cloud data with strong perimeters, data lake, shared Key Management Service (KMS), and disaster recovery
- Enable cloud incident response and telemetry, using centralized intra-cloud and cross-cloud push and pull logging designs.

Business Takeaways:

- Mitigate the risks introduced by cloud technologies and their rapid adoption
- Decrease the risk of cloud migrations by planning a phased approach
- Prevent identity sprawl and technical debt through centralization
- Enable business growth by creating high-level guardrails
- Prevent costly anti-patterns from sprawling throughout a cloud organization
- Apply learned access patterns to help move your organization towards zero-trust
- Design effective conditional access policies and learn how to place guardrails around business-driven policy exceptions

Design it right from the start.

SEC549 training teaches students how to design enterprise-scale, cloud infrastructure solutions for their organization. By learning the cloud providers' well-architected frameworks, security architects can design centralized security controls for their cloud estate while maximizing the speed of cloud adoption for the organization. Students will learn how threat models change in the cloud with new, vastly distributed perimeters and unfamiliar trust boundaries. With those challenges in mind, the focus shifts to designing strategies for centralizing and reinforcing workforce identity, conditional access, policy guardrails, workload identity, network security controls, data perimeters, and cloud logging.

SEC549 training takes students through the cloud migration journey of a fictional enterprise and the challenges they encounter along the way. As aspiring cloud security architects, students perform threat models against the company's existing cloud infrastructure. Using those threats and countermeasures, in-depth security architecture reviews are performed to identify the pros and cons of the company's new cloud design patterns.

Concluding each section, students are challenged to create their own architecture design plans supporting the enterprise's acquisition of a young startup company. Each CloudWars scenario gives students insight into the startup's existing cloud resources, interviews with key employees, and requirements for the migration. Students work in teams to build the migration plans, architecture diagrams, and documentation supporting the acquisition. Each team presents their cloud architecture plans in the final capstone exercise to determine which team wins the SEC549 challenge coin.

What Is Cloud Security Architecture?

Cloud security architecture requires us to understand business requirements and existing cloud services and capabilities in order to design access control patterns, network controls, and secure processes to support a business outcome that can be implemented and maintained within required cloud operating environments. This requires architects to understand and design secure cloud solutions for workloads deployed on Infrastructure-as-a-Service (IaaS), Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS), and Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) service models. Understanding hybrid architecture patterns is also important as cloud workloads integrate with on-premises systems. The cloud security architect's goal is to identify security design flaws and inefficiencies when information systems interconnect and mitigate these flaws in the early stages of development using available cloud-capable security controls.

Architecture Review and Design Labs

The lab portion of SEC549 training is unique and especially suited to students who want to architect for the cloud. Each lab is performed by observing and correcting an anti-pattern presented as an architectural diagram. The completed version of each diagram is implemented as live infrastructure in AWS, Azure, or Google (depending on the topic) and made available for students to explore. In this course, students have access to an enterprise-scale AWS, Azure, and Google Cloud organization and can observe all details discussed in the labs and throughout the course.

“The problems we talk about are some that I face in my job every day or know I will face shortly. Getting definitive answers for many of these issues is very helpful for me. Getting years of experience from the instructors and what they have worked on is invaluable.”

—Patrick Haughney, Paylocity



Section Descriptions

SECTION 1: Cloud Account Management and Identity Foundations

Section 1 starts by defining concepts used throughout the course such as threat modeling the cloud, what makes a secure design, and how security changes in the cloud. Students then start designing cloud identity for the Delos organization by learning the foundational concepts of cloud identity: users, groups, roles, and machine identities. With those concepts in mind, we enable identity federation and provisioning from Microsoft Entra ID to both AWS and Google Cloud using Entra ID enterprise applications. With identity federation in place, students design a foundational cloud resource hierarchy for the organization to host resources with policy guardrails for organization units and accounts. The final module covers the cloud provider permission models and how to centralize legacy and external users and provide a single entry and management point for each cloud environment.

TOPICS:

- Security Architecture in the Cloud
- Federated Access/Single Sign-On
- Creating Hierarchical Cloud Structures
- Implementing an Identity Foundation

SECTION 3: Network Access Perimeters for the Cloud

With a solid identity foundation, students shift focus to cloud architecture patterns for their organization. Building an enterprise cloud network requires a fundamental understanding of how things change moving from an on-premises network. Section 3 starts with the key resources required to build public, private, and hybrid cloud networks. From there, students learn to centrally manage the configuration of these resources across their organization. Next, we explore cloud micro-segmentation, hub and spoke networks, and routing traffic between micro-networks. Our focus then shifts to centralizing traffic flow through ingress and egress networks, as well as inspecting east-west traffic with third-party security appliances. Finally, students learn how to share network services by adding additional spoke networks and sharing DNS configurations across the organization.

TOPICS:

- On-Premises Versus Cloud Networks
- Managing Cloud-Hosted Networks at Scale
- Cloud Network Micro-Segmentation
- Network Firewalls and Traffic Inspection
- Centralized Shared Network Services

SECTION 5: Enable the Cloud-Focused SOC

Section 5 covers how to enable your SOC to operate (investigate incidents, log events, hunt for threats) in the new cloud-based world. Covered in this section is a deep dive on cloud data sources, aggregating logs, and cloud-native events within the cloud service provider (CSP) while positioning them for export to the central SIEM. This section teaches students how to build effective architecture which empowers defenders to respond, contain, and ultimately recover from cloud-based incidents.

TOPICS:

- Security Operations in a Cloud-Centric World
- Intra-cloud Logging and Aggregation
- Centralized Log Export Patterns
- Secure Incident Response Design

SECTION 2: Implementing an Identity Perimeter in the Cloud

Section 2 starts with an in-depth look at the zero-trust movement, its history, and how zero-trust in the cloud can be designed. Students see how zero-trust end user tokens can help create secure by default application architectures and learn how to authenticate end users and machine identities across multiple public cloud environments. Wrapping up this section, students focus on conditional access policies and designing guardrails for resource access.

TOPICS:

- Implementing Zero-Trust Architecture
- Customer Identity And Access Management (CIAM)
- Architecting Cross-Cloud Authentication
- Conditional Access Policies

SECTION 4: Data Access Perimeters in the Cloud

Section 4 focuses on cloud-native data protection patterns. Starting with common organization-wide storage service controls, students will establish foundational data perimeter policies. From there, we learn to segment data lake access through views and access points. Next, students explore how attribute-based access control, tagging, and data masking can enable cloud-native data loss prevention controls. Finally, the section wraps up with key management and backup architecture patterns.

TOPICS:

- Data Security and Privacy Playbook
- Cloud Storage Service Security
- Data Lake Security
- Key Management Architecture

“The content is excellent. It provides a lens and framework to look at enterprise problems from an architectural lens and will provide actionable information that can be used on Day 1 after this course.”

—Tyler Piller, British Columbia Lottery Corporation

Who Should Attend

- Solutions architects
- Security auditors
- Cloud architects
- Security engineers
- Security architect
- Cloud engineers
- DevOps engineers
- System administrators
- Operations
- Anyone who is responsible for:
 - Enabling business through secure cloud architecture
 - Evaluating and adopting new cloud offerings
 - Planning for cloud migrations
 - Implementing or managing cloud identity and access management
 - Managing a cloud-based virtual network



GCTD
Cloud Threat Detection
giac.org/gctd

GIAC Cloud Security Architecture and Design

The GIAC Cloud Security Architecture and Design (GCAD) certification validates a practitioner's understanding of cloud provider frameworks and design approaches for secure architecture in the cloud. GCAD certification holders have demonstrated knowledge of the strategies and design techniques for topics such as workforce identity, conditional access, network security controls, and centralized logging.

- Identity and access management
- Design and implement Zero-Trust concepts
- Network architecture and design
- Data protection
- Configuring centralized monitoring