2019 COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY Building Healthier Lives and Communities



Beaumont, Grosse Pointe

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Beaumont

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Executive summary

Beaumont Health understands the importance of serving the health needs of its communities. To do that successfully, we must first take a comprehensive look at the issues our patients, their families and neighbors face when making healthy life choices and health care decisions.

Beginning in January 2019, Beaumont began the process of assessing the health needs of the communities served by the eight Beaumont hospital facilities for an updated community health needs assessment. IBM Watson Health was engaged to help collect and analyze the data for this process and to compile a final report made publicly available by Tuesday, Dec. 31, 2019.



The community served by Beaumont includes

Macomb, Oakland and Wayne counties. These counties comprise the majority of the geography covered by the combined primary service areas of each of the eight hospitals and contains 3.9 million people. Each hospital's primary service area is defined by the contiguous ZIP codes where 80% of the hospital's admitted patients live.

IBM Watson Health performed a quantitative and qualitative assessment. More than 200 public health indicators were examined, and a benchmark analysis of the data was conducted. The analysis compared community values to the overall state of Michigan and United States values. For a qualitative analysis and to get input from the community, focus groups, key informant interviews and a survey were conducted. The focus groups solicited feedback from leaders and representatives who served the community and had insight into community needs. The interviews were conducted with public health and community leaders along with key Beaumont leaders to gain their perspective on the community needs. Participants in these sessions included state, local or regional governmental public health departments (or an equivalent department or agency) with knowledge, information or expertise relevant to the health needs of the community, as well as individuals or organizations serving and/or representing the interests of medically underserved, low-income and minority populations in the community survey was fielded to solicit input directly from community members regarding their perception of community health needs.

Needs were first identified when an indicator for a hospital community was worse than the state benchmark. A need differential analysis conducted on all the low performing indicators determined the relative severity by using the percent difference from benchmark. The outcome of this quantitative analysis aligned with the qualitative findings of the community input sessions to create a list of health needs in the community. Each health need received assignment into one of four quadrants in a health needs matrix. The matrix shows the convergence of needs identified in the qualitative data (interview and focus group feedback) and quantitative data (health indicators) and identifies the top health needs for each community.

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Executive summary

The results were aggregated across the eight hospital communities to identify the predominant health needs for the overall Beaumont community. Needs were identified for the overall Beaumont community if they were common across at least five of the eight Beaumont hospital communities.

In June 2019, the Beaumont CHNA Prioritization Workgroup met to review the health needs matrix and prioritize significant community health needs for Beaumont. The meeting was moderated by IBM Watson Health and included an overview of the CHNA process for the Beaumont community, the methodology for determining the top health needs and the selection and prioritization of significant health needs for the community Beaumont serves.

The group reviewed the Beaumont Health needs matrix and identified the significant community health needs to prioritize. They next used criteria selected by the Beaumont CHNA Steering Committee to score the community's significant health needs. The list of significant health needs was then prioritized based on the overall scores. The session participants subsequently reviewed the prioritized health needs for each community and chose the four community health needs with the highest prioritization scores as those to be addressed by Beaumont through subsequent implementation strategies. The health needs to be addressed by Beaumont include:

- Chronic disease prevention and management (cardiovascular disease, diabetes, obesity)
- Mental health

A description of these needs is included in the body of the full report. The hospital facilities will each develop implementation strategies with specific initiatives to address the chosen health needs, to be completed and adopted by Beaumont by April 15, 2020.

The Community Health Needs Assessment for Beaumont has been presented and approved by the Beaumont Health board of directors, and the full assessment is available to the public at no cost for download and comment on our website at **beaumont.org/chna**.

This assessment and corresponding implementation strategies are intended to meet the requirements for community benefit planning and reporting as set forth in federal law, including but not limited to the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(r).

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Chronic disease prevention & management cardiovascular disease diabetes obesity Mental health

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Beaumont, Grosse Pointe opened in 1945 by the Sisters of Bon Secours and was acquired by Beaumont Health System in October 2007. Beaumont, Grosse Pointe offers medical, surgical, emergency, obstetric and critical care services. In March 2012, the Cotton Family Birth Center at Beaumont, Grosse Pointe was designated a Baby-Friendly[®] birth center by Baby-Friendly USA. Beaumont, Grosse Pointe is recognized as "high performing" in four medical specialties by U.S. News & World Report.

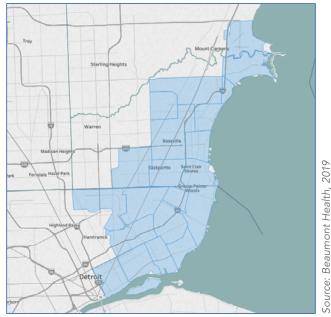
Community served

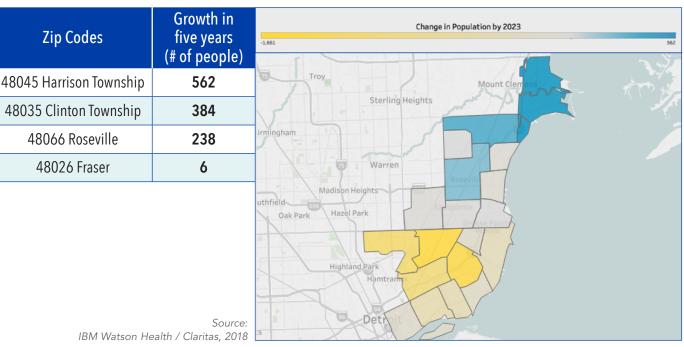
The Beaumont, Grosse Pointe community is defined as the contiguous ZIP codes that comprise 80% of inpatient discharges. Below is a map that highlights the community served (in blue) as a portion of the overall Beaumont community.

Demographic and socioeconomic summary

The population of the community served is expected to decrease 1.4% by 2023, a decline of more than 6,700 people. This population decline is in contrast with the projected growth rate of Michigan (0.6%) and the nation (3.5%). Within the community, only four ZIP codes are projected to experience growth in the next five years:

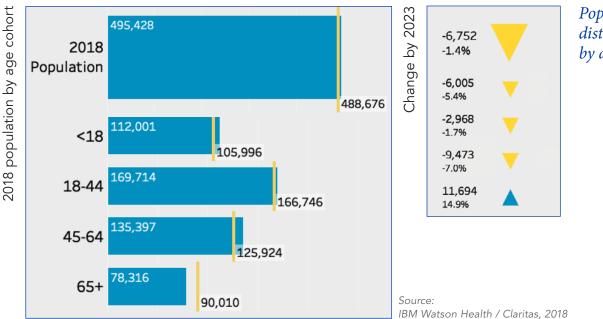




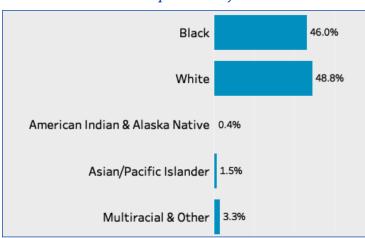


2018 - 2023 Total population projected change by ZIP code

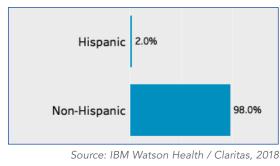
The community's population skews younger with 34.3% of the population ages 18-44 and 22.6% under age 18. The largest cohort (18-44) is expected to decrease by 2,968 people by 2023 and the age 65-plus cohort (the smallest at 15.8% of the population) is the only group expected to experience growth (14.9%) over the next five years, adding 11,694 seniors to the community. Growth in the senior population will likely contribute to increased utilization of services as the population continues to age.



Population statistics are analyzed by race and by Hispanic ethnicity. The predominant racial groups in the community are white (48.8%) and black (46.0%) but the community is fairly segregated by race. The white population is the only racial group projected to decline over the next five years and is primarily responsible for the declining population overall of -4.6% growth or 11,031 people. There is little ethnic diversity as the population is almost entirely non-Hispanic (98.0%). By 2023, the expected growth rate of the Hispanic population (all races) is 1,300 people (12.9%), while the non-Hispanic population (all races) is expected to decline by over 8,000 people (-1.7%).



2018 Population by race

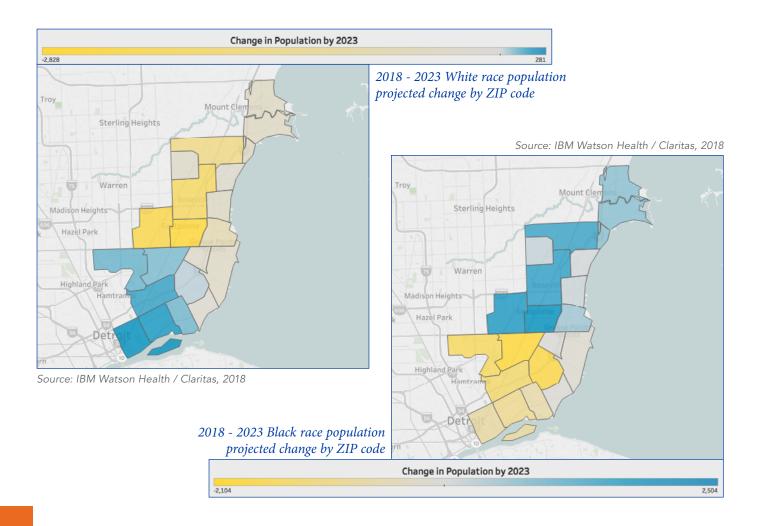


2018 Population by ethnicity

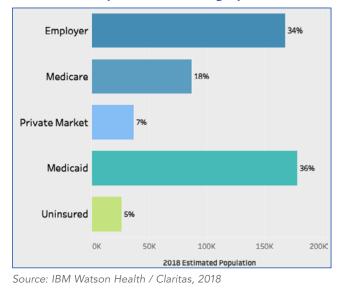
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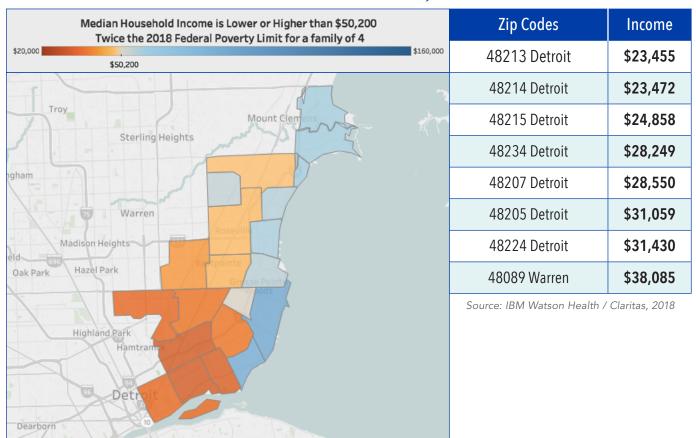
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2018 Estimated distribution of covered lives by insurance category



A majority of the population is insured through Medicaid (36%) and employer sponsored health insurance (34%). The remaining population are covered by Medicare (18%), covered through the private market (7%) (the purchasers of coverage directly or through the health insurance marketplace) or are uninsured (5%). The 2018 median household income for the United States is \$62,175 and \$55,727 for the state of Michigan. The median household income for the ZIP codes within this community range from \$23,455 for ZIP code 48213 - Detroit to \$104,817 for ZIP code 48236 - Grosse Pointe. There are 12 ZIP codes with median household incomes less than \$50,200, twice the 2018 federal poverty limit for a family of four. Eight ZIP codes have median household incomes less than \$40,000:



2018 Median household income by ZIP code

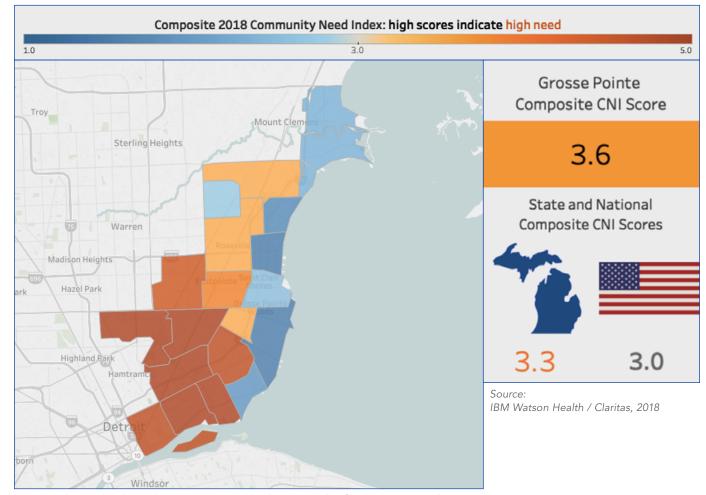


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Beaumont

The IBM Watson Health community need index is a statistical approach to identifying areas within a community where health disparities may exist. The CNI takes into account vital socioeconomic factors (income, cultural, education, insurance and housing) about a community to generate a CNI score for every populated ZIP code in the United States. The CNI strongly links to variations in community health care needs and is an indicator of a community's demand for various health care services. The CNI score by ZIP code identifies specific areas within a community where health care needs may be greater. Overall, the CNI score for the community served is 3.6, higher than both the CNI national benchmark of 3.0 and state average of 3.3, potentially indicating greater health care needs in this community. In all seven of the community's Detroit ZIP codes, the CNI score is greater than 4.5, pointing to potentially more significant health needs among the population. These ZIP codes received scores of 5.0 in three of the five barriers which contribute to the composite CNI score: culture, housing and income.



2018 Community need index by ZIP code

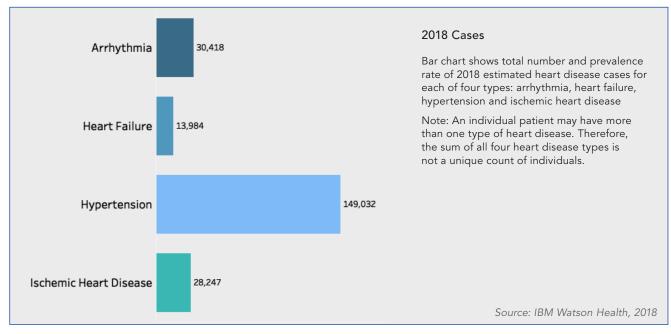
ZIP Map where color shows the community need index on a scale of 0 to 5. Orange color indicates high need areas (CNI = 4 or 5); blue color indicates low need (CNI = 1 or 2). Gray colors have needs at the national average (CNI = 3).

IBM Watson Health community data

IBM Watson Health supplemented the publicly available data and population statistics with estimates of localized disease prevalence of heart disease and cancer as well as Emergency Department visit estimates.

IBM Watson Health heart disease estimates identified hypertension as the most prevalent heart disease diagnoses; there are over 149,000 estimated cases in the community overall. The 48066 ZIP code of Roseville has the most estimated cases of each heart disease type, likely driven by population size. The 48081 ZIP code of Saint Clair Shores has the highest estimated prevalence rates for arrhythmia (77 cases per 1,000 population), heart failure (36 cases per 1,000 population), hypertension (351 cases per 1,000 population) and ischemic heart disease (75 cases per 1,000 population).

2018 Estimated heart disease cases

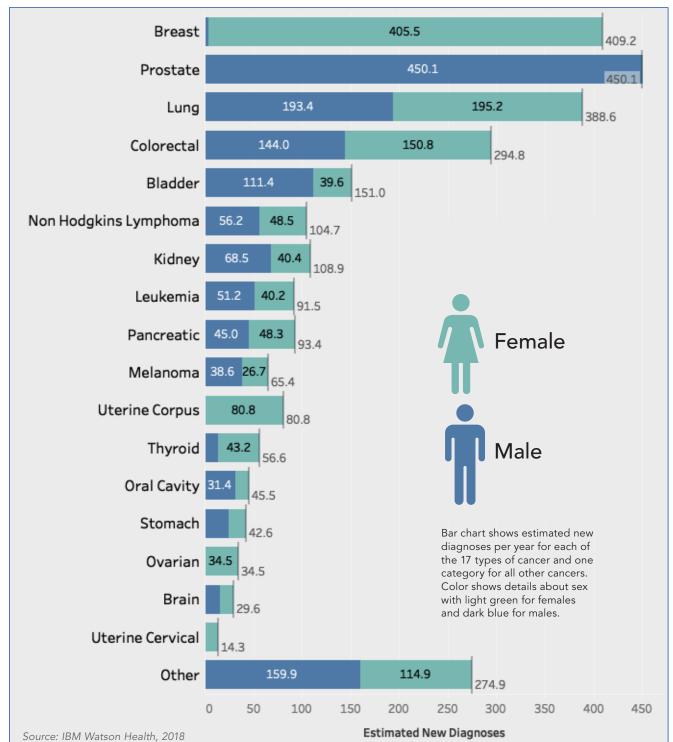




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For this community, IBM Watson Health's 2018 cancer estimates revealed that cancers estimated to have the greatest number of new cases in 2018 were prostate, breast, lung and colorectal cancers. The cancers projected to have the greatest rate of growth in the next five years were bladder, pancreatic and melanoma, based on both population changes and disease rates.



2018 Estimated new cancer cases

Cancer type	2018 Estimated new cases	2023 Estimated new cases	5-year growth (%)
Bladder	151	166	10.0%
Brain	30	30	2.3%
Breast	409	425	3.8%
Colorectal	295	278	-5.8%
Kidney	109	117	7.5%
Leukemia	91	98	6.7%
Lung	389	408	5.0%
Melanoma	65	71	8.7%
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma	105	111	6.2%
Oral cavity	45	48	5.3%
Ovarian	35	35	2.5%
Pancreatic	93	102	9.5%
Prostate	450	444	-1.3%
Stomach	43	44	4.5%
Thyroid	57	61	7.0%
Uterine - cervical	14	13	-6.9%
Uterine - corpus	81	86	6.1%
Other	275	294	6.8%
Grand total	2,736	2,831	3.5%

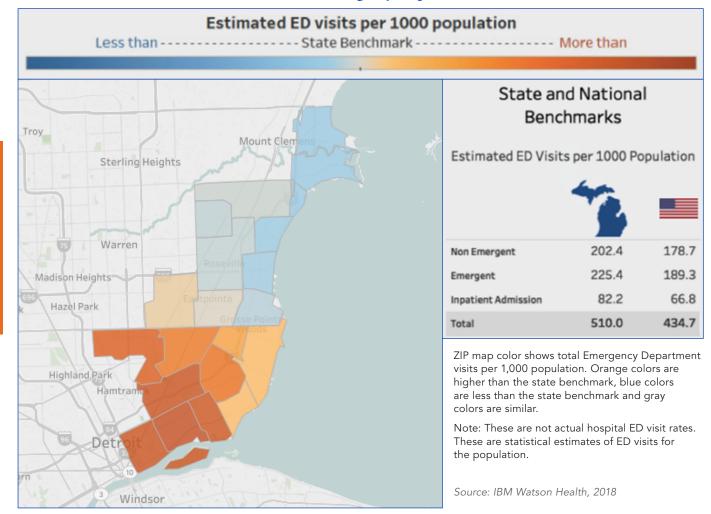
Estimated cancer cases and projected five-year change by type

Note: Case numbers are rounded to the nearest integer, which may mask minor differences.

Source: IBM Watson Health, 2018

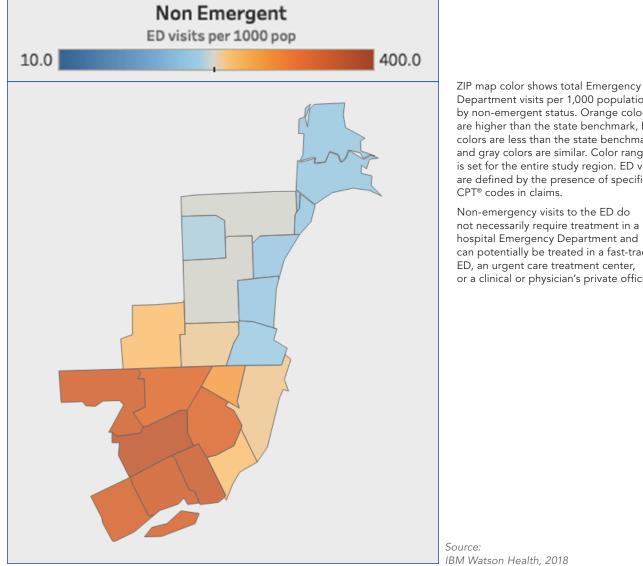
Based on population characteristics and regional utilization rates, IBM Watson Health projected all Emergency Department visits in this community to decrease by 1.4% over the next five years. Although the number of ED visits is projected to decrease slightly, estimated ED use rates in all community ZIP codes were higher than the U.S. benchmark (435 visits per 1,000). Additionally, 12 of the 19 community ZIP codes had higher estimated ED use rates than the Michigan state benchmark (510 visits per 1,000). The highest ED use rates were in seven Detroit ZIP codes: 725.2 to 885.5 ED visits per 1,000 residents. ED visits consisted of three main types: those resulting in an inpatient admission, emergent ED visits treated and released and non-emergent ED visits that were lower acuity. Non-emergent ED visits present to the ED but can potentially be treated in more appropriate and less intensive outpatient settings.

Non-emergent outpatient ED visits could be an indication of systematic issues within the community regarding access to primary care, managing chronic conditions or other access to care issues such as ability to pay. IBM Watson Health estimated non-emergent ED visits to decrease by an average of 4.6% over the next five years in this community.



Total estimated 2018 Emergency Department visit rate

Non-emergent estimated 2018 Emergency Department visits by ZIP code



Department visits per 1,000 population by non-emergent status. Orange colors are higher than the state benchmark, blue colors are less than the state benchmark and gray colors are similar. Color range is set for the entire study region. ED visits are defined by the presence of specific CPT[®] codes in claims.

Non-emergency visits to the ED do not necessarily require treatment in a hospital Emergency Department and can potentially be treated in a fast-track ED, an urgent care treatment center, or a clinical or physician's private office.

IBM Watson Health, 2018

Note: These are not actual hospital ED visit rates. These are statistical estimates of ED visits for the population.

2019 CHNA implementation strategy

The implementation strategy for the chosen health needs of 1) chronic disease prevention and management (cardiovascular disease, diabetes, obesity) and 2) mental health are outlined in the following pages.

Over the next three years each Beaumont hospital will execute its implementation strategies which will be evaluated and updated on an annual basis.

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Priority 🗐

Chronic disease prevention and management (cardiovascular disease, diabetes, obesity)

Goal #1: Decrease rates of chronic disease in children and adults by promoting healthy eating and active living behaviors.

Objective #1: Provide education and services that support healthy eating, active living and maintaining a healthy weight.

OUTCOME MEASURES • Decrease percent of adult obesity. • Decrease percent of students who are obese.			
STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	 Implement Cooking Matters program, grocery store tours and cooking demonstrations to equip families with knowledge and skills to prepare healthy meals. 		
	 Continue multi-sector Healthy Grosse Pointe and Harper Woods community coalition to implement community and worksite strategies on healthy eating and active living. 		
	 Implement initiatives and partner collaborations to increase access to fresh fruits and vegetables and reduce food insecurity. 		
	 Implement the Eight Dimensions of Wellness program to increase knowledge of healthy lifestyle practices to improve physical and mental health. 		
	 Provide education on chronic disease prevention and management through community events and Beaumont Speakers Bureau. 		
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.		
PARTNERS	 Gleaners Community Food Bank of SE Michigan Healthy Grosse Pointe and Harper Woods coalition Five cities of Grosse Pointe and Harper Woods Grosse Pointe Public School System Harper Woods School District St. Clair Shores Senior Center Wayne County Community College 		
EVALUATION	 Pre/post participant surveys Partnership agreements Participation surveys Restaurants recognized Community Ambassadors in Eight Dimensions of Wellness 		
Objective #2: In	crease opportunities for physical activity.		
OUTCOME MEASURES	 Increase percent of physically active adults. Increase education and opportunities for physical education. 		
STRATEGIES	 Implement community-wide walking, wellness and fitness activities to increase physical activity and social interaction across the community. 		
AND TACTICS	 Support the Healthy Grosse Pointe and Healthy Harper Woods coalitions to improve walkability and bikeability across the community. 		
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.		
PARTNERS	 Six Parks and Recreation Departments Grosse Pointe Academy St. Clair Shores Senior Center Healthy Grosse Pointe and Healthy Harper Woods coalitions 		
EVALUATION	Participant surveys Participation rates Total miles run		

Goal #2: Decreas	e cardiovascular disease risk factors and prevent death from sudden cardiac arrest.		
Objective #1: Pr	ovide education programs and services.		
OUTCOME MEASURES	 Decrease percent of adult hypertension. Decrease in cardiovascular disease risk factors. Increase knowledge and awareness of selfmonitoring practices. 		
STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	 Implement Blood Pressure Self-Monitoring Program in churches and community organizations. Mentor and assist schools in attaining the state Heart Safe School designation and provide AED equipment as needed. 		
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.		
PARTNERS	Local churches Community agencies Schools Long-term care facilities		
EVALUATION	Attainment of Heart Safe School designation Pre/post participant surveys Participation rates		
Objective #2: Pr	ovide early detection screenings.		
OUTCOME MEASURES	 Decrease percent of adult hypertension. Decrease in cardiovascular disease risk factors. Decrease deaths from sudden cardiac arrest. 		
STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	 Provide blood pressure, cholesterol, glucose, BMI, heart and vascular screenings across the community. Implement the Student Heart Check Program to detect abnormal heart structure or abnormal rhythms and explore development of student support group for those currently diagnosed or affected by abnormal diagnoses. 		
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.		
PARTNERS	Local churches Schools Community agencies		
EVALUATION	Screening results Participant survey		
Goal #3: Decreas	e rate of new diabetes cases and of diabetes complications.		
Objective #1: Pr	ovide early detection screenings, diabetes prevention programs and diabetes education services.		
OUTCOME MEASURES	• Decrease new incidences of diabetes.		
STRATEGIES AND	 Provide the Diabetes PATH chronic disease self-management program. Explore implementation of online version. 		
TACTICS	• Implement National Diabetes Prevention Program for adults with pre-diabetes or at high risk for diabetes.		
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.		
PARTNERS	 National Kidney Foundation of Michigan AAA 1-B Local churches Libraries Senior centers Community organizations 		
EVALUATION	 Participation rates/volumes Outcome measures Increase in physical activity Screening results Average weight loss Pre/post participant surveys Participation rates 		

Priority 😰

Mental health

Goal #1: Decrease rate of mental health and substance use disorders.		
Objective #1: Improve access and coordination of services.		
OUTCOME MEASURES	• Increase referral linkages for mental health and opioid use disorders.	
STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	• Support partnerships to improve integration of health care and community-based mental health services.	
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.	
PARTNERS	Community mental health agencies Universal Health Services	
EVALUATION	Partnership agreements Patients connected to community resources	
Objective #2: Provide education program and services.		
OUTCOME MEASURES	 Increase knowledge and awareness of mental health. 	
STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	 Implement No Bullying Live Empowered (NoBLE) program to support bullied children and families. Provide education on mental health through community events, resources and Beaumont Speakers Bureau. 	
COMMITTED RESOURCES	Beaumont, Grosse Pointe will commit both financial and in-kind resources, including staff time, charitable contributions and employee volunteerism.	
PARTNERS	 Healthy Grosse Pointe and Healthy Harper Woods coalitions CARES of Southeast Michigan Common Ground Local schools InsideOut Literary Arts 	
EVALUATION	Participation rates Pre/post participant surveys Unique page views	